

Service Manual



Service Manual

LG-C100



Model : LG-C100

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

This manual provides the information necessary to repair, calibration, description and download the features of this model.

1.2 Regulatory Information

A. Security

Toll fraud, the unauthorized use of telecommunications system by an unauthorized part (for example, persons other than your company's employees, agents, subcontractors, or person working on your company's behalf) can result in substantial additional charges for your telecommunications services. System users are responsible for the security of own system. There are may be risks of toll fraud associated with your telecommunications system. System users are responsible for programming and configuring the equipment to prevent unauthorized use. The manufacturer does not warrant that this product is immune from the above case but will prevent unauthorized use of common-carrier telecommunication service of facilities accessed through or connected to it.

The manufacturer will not be responsible for any charges that result from such unauthorized use.

B. Incidence of Harm

If a telephone company determines that the equipment provided to customer is faulty and possibly causing harm or interruption in service to the telephone network, it should disconnect telephone service until repair can be done. A telephone company may temporarily disconnect service as long as repair is not done.

C. Changes in Service

A local telephone company may make changes in its communications facilities or procedure. If these changes could reasonably be expected to affect the use of the this phone or compatibility with the network, the telephone company is required to give advanced written notice to the user, allowing the user to take appropriate steps to maintain telephone service.

D. Maintenance Limitations

Maintenance limitations on this model must be performed only by the manufacturer or its authorized agent. The user may not make any changes and/or repairs expect as specifically noted in this manual. Therefore, note that unauthorized alternations or repair may affect the regulatory status of the system and may void any remaining warranty.

1. INTRODUCTION

E. Notice of Radiated Emissions

This model complies with rules regarding radiation and radio frequency emission as defined by local regulatory agencies. In accordance with these agencies, you may be required to provide information such as the following to the end user.

F. Pictures

The pictures in this manual are for illustrative purposes only; your actual hardware may look slightly different.

G. Interference and Attenuation

Phone may interfere with sensitive laboratory equipment, medical equipment, etc. Interference from unsuppressed engines or electric motors may cause problems.

H. Electrostatic Sensitive Devices

ATTENTION

Boards, which contain Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD), are indicated by the sign. Following information is ESD handling:



- Service personnel should ground themselves by using a wrist strap when exchange system boards.
- When repairs are made to a system board, they should spread the floor with anti-static mat which is also grounded.
- Use a suitable, grounded soldering iron.
- Keep sensitive parts in these protective packages until these are used.
- When returning system boards or parts like EEPROM to the factory, use the protective package as described.

1.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of this manual, following abbreviations apply:

APC	Automatic Power Control
BB	Baseband
BER	Bit Error Ratio
CC-CV	Constant Current – Constant Voltage
DAC	Digital to Analog Converter
DCS	Digital Communication System
dBm	dB relative to 1 milli watt
DSP	Digital Signal Processing
EEPROM	Electrical Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FPCB	Flexible Printed Circuit Board
GMSK	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying
GPIO	General Purpose Interface Bus
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
IQUI	International Portable User Identity
IF	Intermediate Frequency
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LDO	Low Drop Output
LED	Light Emitting Diode
OPLL	Offset Phase Locked Loop

1. INTRODUCTION

PAM	Power Amplifier Module
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PGA	Programmable Gain Amplifier
PLL	Phase Locked Loop
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
RF	Radio Frequency
RLR	Receiving Loudness Rating
RMS	Root Mean Square
RTC	Real Time Clock
SAW	Surface Acoustic Wave
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SLR	Sending Loudness Rating
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
PSRAM	Pseudo SRAM
STMR	Side Tone Masking Rating
TA	Travel Adapter
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
VCO	Voltage Controlled Oscillator
VCTCXO	Voltage Control Temperature Compensated Crystal Oscillator
WAP	Wireless Application Protocol

2. PERFORMANCE

2.1 H/W Features

Item	Feature	Comment
Standard Battery	Lithium-Polymer, 3.7V 950mAh	
Stand by TIME	Up to 475 hrs : Paging Period 5, RSSI -85dBm	
Talk time	Up to 253min : GSM Tx Level 5	
Charging time	Approx. 3 hours	
RX Sensitivity	GSM, EGSM: -109dBm, DCS: -109dBm	
TX output power	GSM, EGSM: 32.3dBm(Level 5), DCS , PCS: 29.5dBm(Level 0)	
GPRS compatibility	Class 12	
SIM card type	3V / 1.8V	
Display	MAIN : 2.2" TFT 176 × 220 pixel 262K Color	
Status Indicator	Hard icons. Key Pad 0 ~ 9, #, *, Up/Down Left/Right OK Key Send Key, PWR Key ,Soft Key(Left/Right),	
ANT	Internal	
EAR Phone Jack	Yes	
PC Synchronization	Yes	
Speech coding	EFR/FR/HR	
Data and Fax	Yes	
Vibrator	Yes	
Loud Speaker	Yes	
Voice Recoding	Yes	
Microphone	Yes	

2. PERFORMANCE

Item	Feature	Comment
Speaker/Receiver	18x12Φ Speaker/ Receiver	
Travel Adapter	Yes	
MIDI	64 Poly (Mono SPK)	
Camera	1.3M FF	
Bluetooth / FM Radio	Bluetooth version 2.1 / 76~108MHz supported	

2.2 Technical Specification

Item	Description	Specification					
1	Frequency Band	GSM850 TX: 824 ~ 849 MHz RX: 869 ~ 894 MHz DCS TX: 1710 ~ 1785 MHz RX: 1805 ~ 1880 MHz PCS TX: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz RX: 1930 ~ 1990 MHz					
2	Phase Error	RMS < 5 degrees Peak < 20 degrees					
3	Frequency Error	< 0.1 ppm					
4	Power Level	GSM850/EGSM					
		Level	Power	Toler.	Level	Power	Toler.
		5	33dBm	±2dB	13	17dBm	± 3dB
		6	31dBm	±3dB	14	15dBm	± 3dB
		7	29dBm	±3dB	15	13dBm	± 3dB
		8	27dBm	±3dB	16	11dBm	± 5dB
		9	25dBm	±3dB	17	9dBm	± 5dB
		10	23dBm	±3dB	18	7dBm	± 5dB
		11	21dBm	±3dB	19	5dBm	± 5dB
		12	19dBm	±3dB			
		DCS/PCS					
		Level	Power	Toler.	Level	Power	Toler.
		0	30dBm	±2dB	8	14dBm	± 3dB
		1	28dBm	±3dB	9	12dBm	± 4dB
		2	26dBm	±3dB	10	10dBm	± 4dB
		3	24dBm	±3dB	11	8dBm	± 4dB
		4	22dBm	±3dB	12	6dBm	± 4dB
		5	20dBm	±3dB	13	4dBm	± 4dB
		6	18dBm	±3dB	14	2dBm	± 5dB
		7	16dBm	±3dB	15	0dBm	± 5dB

2. PERFORMANCE

Item	Description	Specification	
5	Output RF Spectrum (due to modulation)	GSM850/ EGSM	
		Offset from Carrier (kHz).	Max. dBc
		100	+0.5
		200	-30
		250	-33
		400	-60
		600~ <1,200	-60
		1,200~ <1,800	-60
		1,800~ <3,000	-63
		3,000~ <6,000	-65
		6,000	-71
		DCS/PCS	
		Offset from Carrier (kHz).	Max. dBc
		100	+0.5
		200	-30
		250	-33
		400	-60
		600~ <1,200	-60
		1,200~ <1,800	-60
		1,800~ <3,000	-65
		3,000~ <6,000	-65
		6,000	-73
6	Output RF Spectrum (due to switching transient)	GSM850/ EGSM	
		Offset from Carrier (kHz).	Max. dBm
		400	-19
		600	-21
		1,200	-21
		1,800	-24

2. PERFORMANCE

Item	Description	Specification		
6	Output RF Spectrum (due to switching transient)	DCS/PCS		
		Offset from Carrier (kHz).		Max. dBm
		400		-22
		600		-24
		1,200		-24
		1,800		-27
7	Spurious Emissions	Conduction, Emission Status		
8	Bit Error Ratio	GSM850, EGSM BER (Class II) < 2.439% @-102 dBm DCS,PCS BER (Class II) < 2.439% @-100 dBm		
9	RX Level Report Accuracy	±3 dB		
10	SLR	8±3 dB		
11	Sending Response	Frequency (Hz)	Max.(dB)	Min.(dB)
		100	-12	-
		200	0	-
		300	0	-12
		1,000	0	-6
		2,000	4	-6
		3,000	4	-6
		3,400	4	-9
		4,000	0	-
12	RLR	2±3 dB		

2. PERFORMANCE

Item	Description	Specification		
13	Receiving Response	Frequency (Hz)	Max.(dB)	Min.(dB)
		100	-12	-
		200	0	-
		300	2	-7
		500	*	-5
		1,000	0	-5
		3,000	2	-5
		3,400	2	-10
		4,000	2	
		* Mean that Adopt a straight line in between 300 Hz and 1,000 Hz to be Max. level in the range.		
14	STMR	> 17 dB		
15	Stability Margin	> 6 dB		
16	Distortion	dB to ARL (dB)	Level Ratio (dB)	
		-35	17.5	
		-30	22.5	
		-20	30.7	
		-10	33.3	
		0	33.7	
		7	31.7	
		10	25.5	
17	Side Tone Distortion	Three stage distortion < 10%		
18	System frequency (13 MHz) tolerance	≤ 2.5 ppm		
19	32.768KHz tolerance	≤ 30 ppm		
20	Ringer Volume	At least 55 dBspl under below conditions: 1. Ringer set as ringer. 2. Test distance set as 1 m		

2. PERFORMANCE

Item	Description	Specification	
21	Charge Current	Fast Charge : Typ. 400 mA Total Charging Time : average 3 hours	
22	Antenna Display	Bar Number	Power
		7	Over -93
		7 -> 5	-93 \pm 2
		5 -> 4	-98 \pm 2
		4 -> 2	-101 \pm 2
		2 -> 1	-104 \pm 2
		1 -> 0	-106 \pm 2
		0 -> OFF	Under -106
23	Battery Indicator	Battery Bar Number	Voltage
		3	$\geq 3.73 \pm 0.05$ V
		3 -> 2	3.72 ± 0.05 V
		2 -> 1	3.58 ± 0.05 V
		1 -> 0	3.42 ± 0.05 V
24	Low Voltage Warning (Blinking Bar)	$\leq 3.42 \pm 0.05$ V (Call), 1 time per 1 minute (Receiver)	
		$\leq 3.42 \pm 0.05$ V (Standby), 1 time per 3 minutes(Speaker)	
25	Forced shut down Voltage	3.35 ± 0.05 V	
26	Sustain RTC without battery	220 min	
27	Battery Type	Lithium-Polymer Battery Standard Voltage = 3.7 V Battery full charge voltage = 4.2 V Capacity: 950mAh	
28	Travel Charger	Switching-mode charger Input: 100 ~ 240V, 50/60 Hz Output: 4.8V, 400mA	

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.1 Digital Main Processor

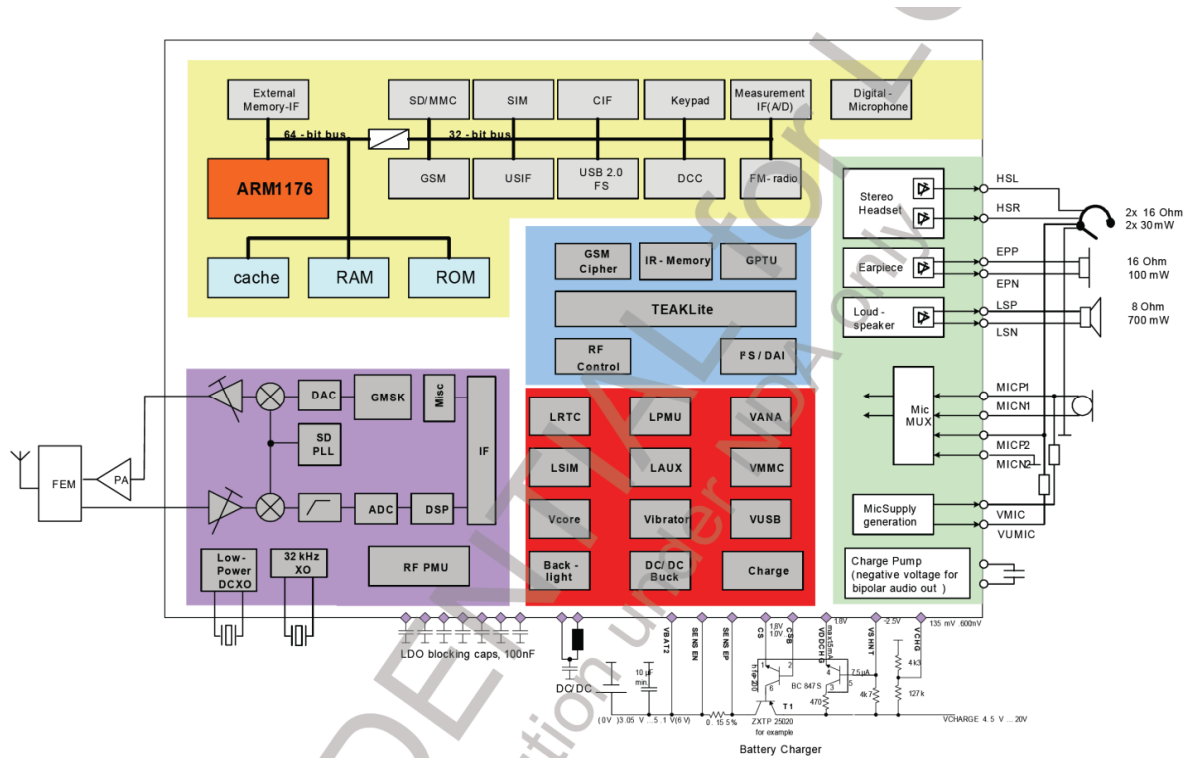


Figure. 3.1.1 X-Gold tm 213 Hardware Block Diagram

3.1.1 General

- Technology:
 - SoC, Monolithic, 65 nm CMOS
- Package:
 - eWLB, 8x8x0.8 mm
 - 0.5 mm pitch
 - 217 balls / 8-layer PCB

3.1.2 RF Transceiver

- Dual-band direct conversion receiver
- Tri/Quad-band possible with external circuitry
- Fully integrated digital controlled XO
- Additional buffer for 2 external system clocks
- Fully digital RF-Synthesizer incl. $\Sigma\Delta$ -Transmitter

3.1.3 Baseband

- DSP:
 - 156 MHz TeakLite™
- MCU:
 - ARM1176® @ 208 MHz
- MCU RAM:
 - 3.00Mbit
- Memory I/F:
 - 512 Mbit
- Modem:
 - GPRS class 12, (RX/TX CS1-CS4)
 - EGPRS class 12, (RX MCS1-MCS9, TX MCS1-MCS4)
- Cipher Units:
 - A51/2/3
 - GEA-1/2/3
- Security:
 - OMTP TR0
 - Secure Boot
 - RSA(ROM)/SHA-1(HW accel.)
 - OCDS disabling
 - Certificate Management

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

- Speech Codec:
 - FR / HR / EFR / NB-AMR
- Audio Codec (running on ARM1176):
 - SP-MIDI
 - SB-ADPCM
 - MP3
 - WB-AMR
 - AAC/AAC+/eAAC+
- Others:
 - DARP (SAIC)
 - TTY
- Customization:
 - E-Fuses

3.1.4 External Memory

- External Bus Unit
 - 25-bit address bus (512 Mbit)
 - 16-bit data bus
 - 1.8V & 2.8V support
- Flash / RAM
 - NOR Type
 - Serial Flash SPI and SPI-4
 - Parallel Flash (Page & Burst Mode)
 - 16-bit Demultiplexed
 - 16-bit AD-multiplexed
 - 16-bit AAD-multiplexed
 - iNAND Type e.g. oneNAND
- Memory card
 - SD/MMC card interface with 1 or 4 data lines

3.1.5 Connectivity

- 3xUSIF (configurable either as SPI or UART), I2C, I2S; Interfaces @ 1.8V
- Direct (U)SIM 1.8/3V
- USB2.0 up to 480 Mbit/s (High Speed) w/ external USB Phy over ULPI interface
- Stereo Headset (Amplifier integrated)
- 3 external analog measurement PIN's
- Bluetooth

3.1.6 Mixed Signal

- Improved audio performance
- Loudspeaker Audio Class D Amplifier, 700 mW@8 Ω mono for hands-free and ringing
- Stereo Headset 2x30 mW@16 Ω w/o coupling C
- Mono Earpiece 100 mW@16 Ω
- Digital microphone supported
- Differential microphone inputs

3.1.7 FM Radio

- Integrated FM radio
 - FM Stereo RDS Receiver
 - Sensitivity 2 μ V EMF
 - Support for US & EU bands
 - Stereo recording

3.1.8 Power Management

- Direct-to-Battery Connection
 - LDOs (incl. capless)
 - DC/DC step-down converter
 - DC/DC step-up for white LED supply
- Battery Type
 - Li-Polymer
- Charging control
 - Battery temperature
 - Watchdog protection
 - Start-up on flat battery
- External Charger
 - Switch mode
- USB battery charging
 - USB charging spec 1.0 compliant
- Backlight
 - Up to 4 serial white LEDs (integrated LDO)

3.1.9 Sub Display

- LED Module Display
 - 115 LEDs (5x23 LEDs)
 - RED Color
 - Display Surface : 7.5 mm x 27.9 mm

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.1.10 Main LCD Display

- Type
 - 176*220, QCIF, 262k color (parallel)
- Interface
 - Parallel 8bit
 - Interf. voltage at 1.8V or 2.8V
- gRacr - Display Controller (Hardware)
 - 30 fps Display update without DMA (up to 60 fps) (full or partial)
 - Video post processing Scaling, Rotation (90° steps), Mirroring
 - Overlay with alpha blending
 - Color conversion YUV -> RGB
 - 2D vector graphics (Lines, filled rectangles, Bit block transfer (e.g. sprites, scrolling, antialiased bitmap fonts))

3.1.11 Camera

- 1.3 M pixel, FF
- Frame Rate : 15fps@VGA
- 13 MHz Pixel Rate
- ADC resolution : 10 bit

3.1.12 Video Capabilities

- Video Decoding MPEG-4/H.263
 - QCIF@30 fps
 - QVGA@15fps
- Video Encoding MPEG-4/H.263
 - QCIF@15 fps

3.1.13 Audio Capabilities

- Polyphonic ring tones
 - 64 voices MIDI, SP-MIDI
 - FM synthesizer
- AMR-WB
- True ring tones (MP3)
- MP3, eAAC+
- G.722 SB-ADPCM encoding/decoding

3.2 Power Management

A mobile platform requires power supplies for different functions. These power supplies are generated in the integrated power management Unit (PMU). The PMU is designed to deliver the power for a typical standard phone.

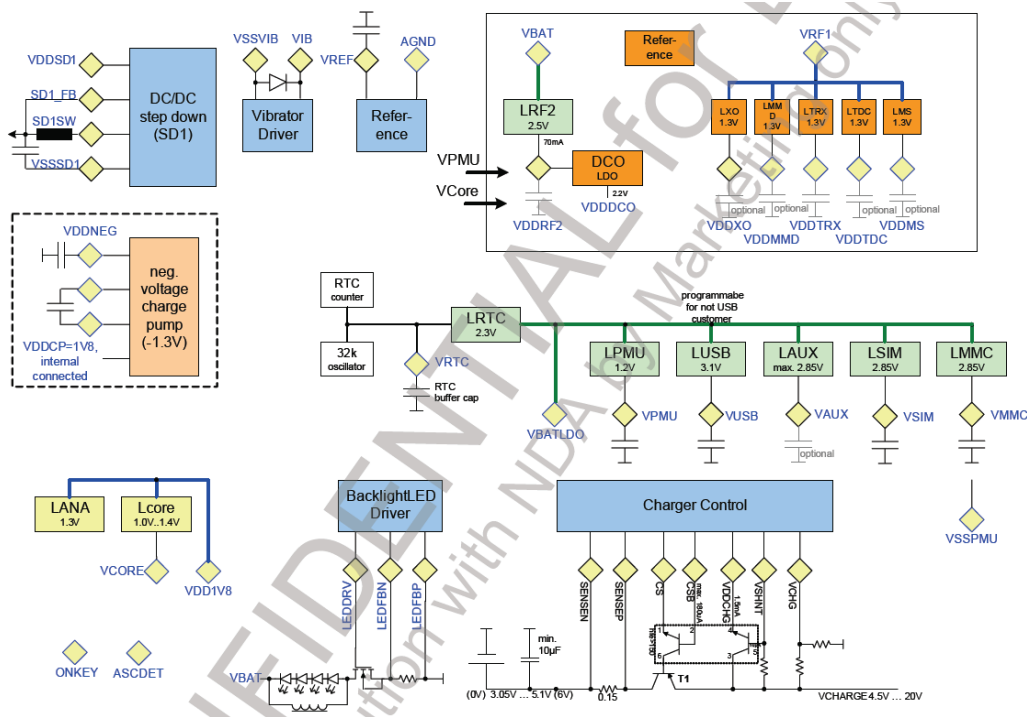


Figure. 3-2-1 Block Figure of the PMU Modules X-Gold tm 213

▪ DC/DC Step Down Converter for 1.8V (SD1)

The DC/DC converter generates a 1.8V supply rail. This voltage rail is used to supply main parts of the system, like the digital core of the chip (via LDO LCORE), some parts of the mixed signal macro, parts of the RF macro and the external memory if a 1.8V memory is used. The efficiency of the DC/DC converter is optimized for an average load current of 100mA. That is the load current estimated for the GSM talk mode.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

▪ **Linear voltage Regulators (low dropout) LDOs**

The LDOs are used to generate the supply for the different supply domains not directly supplied out of the DC/DC converter.

The VSIM output current is high enough to drive USB SIM cards.

▪ **LCORE**

The LCORE LDO provides the VCORE supply used for most of the digital parts of the chip

▪ **LPMU**

The LPMU provides VPMU supply for the PMU supply, e.g. for the startup state machine and analog parts like ADC, sense amplifier etc.

▪ **LUSB**

The LUSB LDO generates the supply for the USB transceiver (output driver and input). If no USB interface is required, LUSB can be used as general purpose LDO.

▪ **LAUX**

The LAUX generates VAUX. It is a general purpose LDO and can be used for different functions depending on the phone application, e.g. for the display or Camera.

▪ **LMMC**

The LMMC generates VMMC. It is a general purpose LDO and can be used e.g. for memory cards

▪ **LSIM**

The LSIM LDO generates the VSIM supply for the SIM card and interface. It is designed to supply Standard SIM cards.

▪ **Other LDOs**

The RF module has implemented several LDO's for different RF Power domain.

The mixed signal module has some LDO's for the audio driver and microphone supply.

Supply Domain LDO Name	Voltage	Max. Current	Output Cap	Input Domain	Comment
VBAT	0 ... 6.0 V				Operating range is 3.05 V ... 5.5 V, system emergency switch off voltage is about 2.8 V
VDD1V8	1.8 V	450 mA	22 μ F	VBAT	This voltage is generated by the DC/DC converter with 3.3 μ H inductor, The voltage is used for: Memory supply, and via LDO's for digital core supply, mixed signal supply and RF supply.
LCORE	1.2 V	300 mA	2x100 nF	VDD1V8	
LANA	1.3 V	10 mA	No	VDD1V8	No ball
LRTC	2.3 V	2 mA	≥ 100 nF	VBAT	This supply is only used for the HPBG, the 32.768 kHz oscillator and the real-time clock counter required during the sleep- and low-power mode.
LPMU	1.2 V	15 mA	100 nF	VBAT	Supply for the digital part of the PMU including digital control of DC/DC converter. This voltage is also used for the N-DEMOS driver of DC/DC converter and the class-D amplifier and the core PLL.
LUSB	3.1 V	40 mA	100 nF	VBAT	Used for the USB driver supply or as general purpose LDO with programmable output voltages (2.5 V, 2.85 V, 3.1 V)
LAUX	1.5 V ... 2.85 V	150 mA	470 nF	VBAT	General purpose LDO for e.g. Display, Bluetooth, Camera etc. Programmable output voltages are (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.85 V)
LSIM	1.8 V / 2.85 V	30 mA	≥ 100 nF	VBAT	LDO dedicated to the SIM-Card supply. It is chip internal connected to the SIM interface driver.
LMMC	1.5 V ... 2.85 V	150 mA	≥ 470 nF	VBAT	General purpose LDO, targeted for MMC/SD card supply.
VDDNEG	-1.3 V	100 mA	100 nF	VDD1V8	Negative voltage for the bipolar headset audio driver. Generated by a charge pump.

Table. 3-2-1 Power supply Domains (without RF)

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.2.1 Power on and startup

▪ Analog startup Circuit

Because the POR circuit and the LPBG are directly connected to the battery, it is not possible to switch them off. If the battery voltage exceeded the power on reset threshold (2.5V), the power on reset is released, the LPMU regulator and the LRTC voltage regulator are switched on. The LPMU regulator starts in its ultra-low power mode.

The LPMU regulator generates a control signal (lpmu_OK) that enables the 50KHZ PMU oscillator. The output clock of the oscillator is checked with a fully coded counter. A counter overflow releases the reset (vpmu_rst_n) signal for the small PMU state-machine.

▪ Small first digital State-Machine

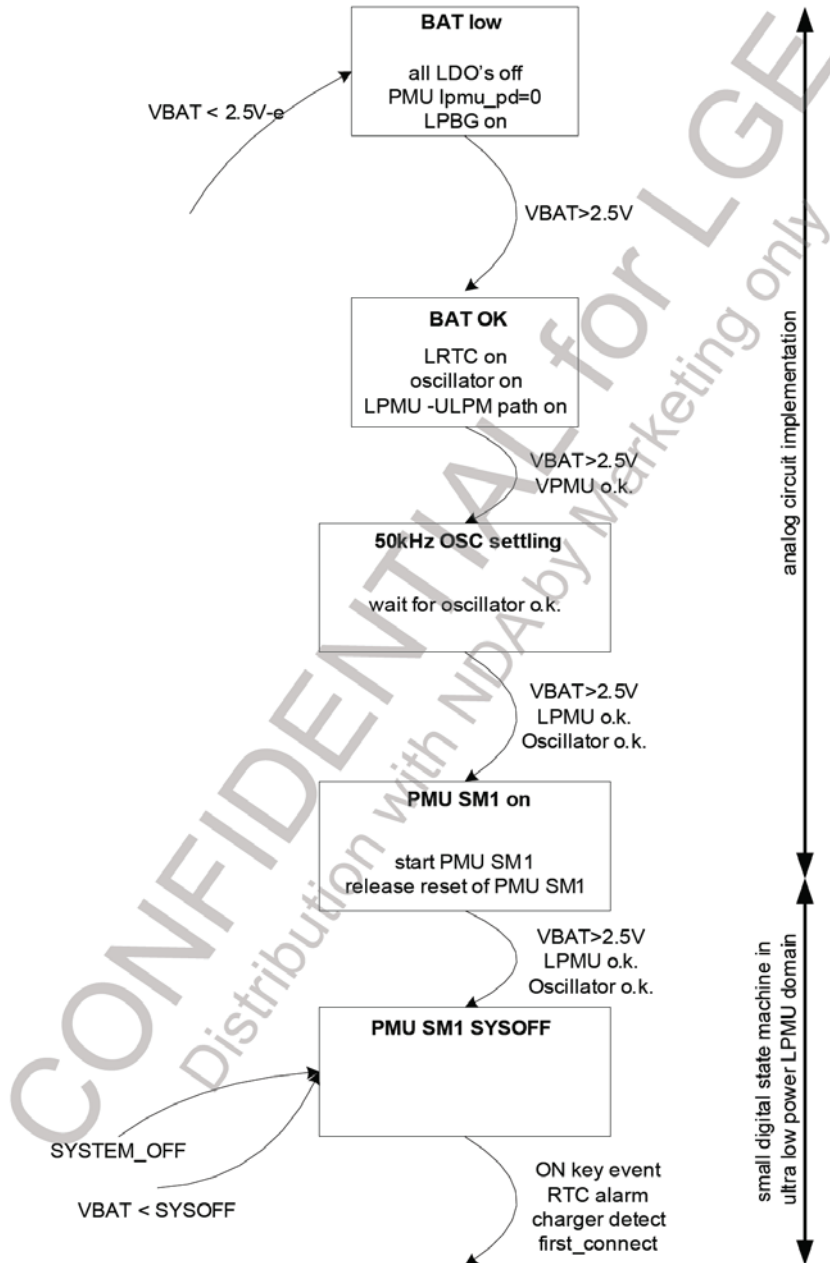
The small PMU state-machine is always connected to VPMU. After starting from reset the small startup state machine enters the SYSTEM OFF state and only continues the startup procedure if a switch on event like first connect, on-key, wake up or charge detect occurs.

▪ PMU-main State-Machine

The main PMU state-machine is always connected to VPMU also. The power up sequence driven by the PMU state-machine can be seen in Figure 18. After enabling the reference (HPGB) and waiting for the settling time, the battery voltage is measured and compared with the power on threshold. If the battery voltage is high enough, the SD1 DC/DC converter and the LDCORE LDO are started. A timer ensures that the supply voltage will be stable before the DCXO is enabled. The DCXO settling time is ensured using a fixed timer. After an overflow of this timer, the reset is released for the rest of the system. The PMU state machine remains in this System-ON state until the system is switched into the OFF state. For example the system sleep mode is completely configured by software (for example switching off the LDO's, switching of the DCXO etc.) and controlled by the VCXO_enable signal. The reason for the startup is stored in the ResetSourceRead register.

▪ Battery Measurement

The ADC and the oscillator for the ADC need the VDD_ADC supply voltage from the LADC LDO. LADC uses either the charger voltage VDD_CHARGE or VDDRTC as input voltage. The input voltage is selected automatically by a bulk switch circuit. LADC, the ADC and the oscillator are enabled on request for every battery measurement if the charger unit is not running. This is handled by an ADC control block in one of the state-machines. If the charger unit is running the ADC is controlled by the charger state-machine.



**Figure.3.2.1 First Part of the State Machine,
Running in Different Power Domains than the Second Part**

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

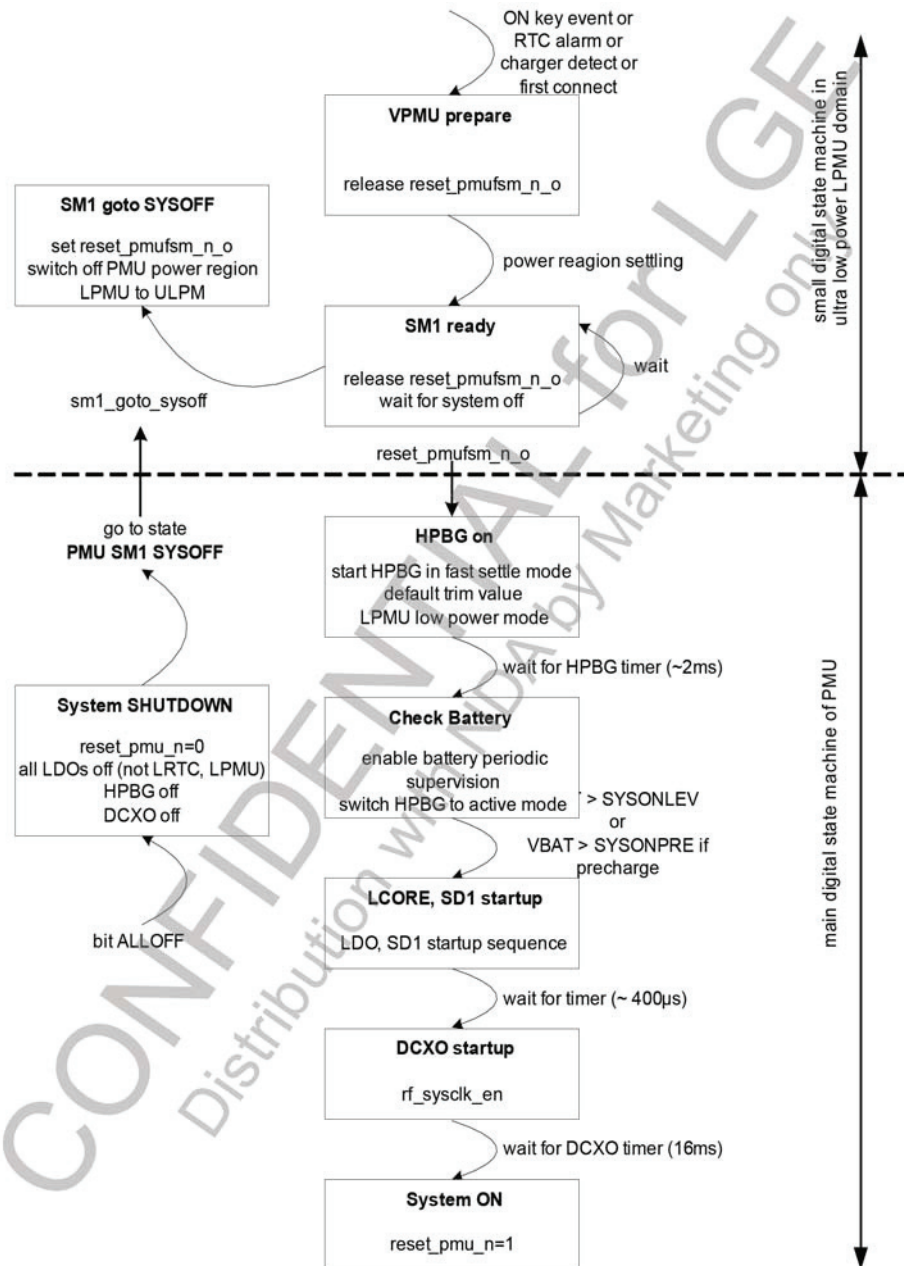


Figure 3.2.2 Second (Main) Part of the Startup State Machine in the VPMU Domain

3.2.2 Switching on due to first connect

If the battery voltage is connected the first time, that means the system enters the first time the SYSOFF state, this is stored in a first connect flag. If the first connect flag is set, the system will start immediately and not wait for any other system on event in the SYSOFF state.

3.2.3 Switching on due to on-Key event

The on key is connected to the ONKEY pad. The ESD protection and the input structure of this pad are connected to VRTC. If the ONKEY pad is forced to VRTC by an external key or similar circuit, the system starts. The ONKEY is sampled with the PMU clock. It has to be sampled four times high before a valid on event is generated. The status of the ON key can be read in the PMU registers, so it can be used as a functional key during phone operation also.

3.2.4 Switching on due to RTC alarm

The real time clock can generate a wakeup signal called RTC alarm. This signal is sampled from the state-machine and after successfully detecting a high, the system is switched on.

3.2.5 Switching on due to charging

When a battery with a voltage below the SSONLEV level is inserted, the state machine will not start the system. As long as the battery voltage stays lower than SYSONLEV the system will stay off. The only possibility to start up the system is due to an external charger.

If an external charger is connected and detected and the battery is charged above the SYSONPRE voltage level the system will start up.

The PMU main state machine waits in the Check battery state until the battery voltage condition is fulfilled. The charger state machine provides the necessary pre-charge indication signal. This pre-charge signal is denounced in a small counter to have a stable signal. This is important, especially in half/full-wave charging where the charger detection is switching between charger detected/not detected according to the AC supply frequency. Reasons.

For details on pre-charging see the charger chapter. The charger is controlled by an independent state machine. The pre-charge signal is used to trigger the pre-charge signal is used to trigger the pre-charge functionality. The charger state machine fully control the pre-charge, the PMU-state machine now changes to state HPBG on state and the system starts. This state change is indicated to the charger state-machine to enable the charger watchdog for safety.

3.2.6 Power Supply Start-up sequence

In order to avoid an excessive drop on the battery voltage caused by in-rush current during system power-on, possibly leading to system instability and "hick-ups" a staggered turn-on approach for the regulators is implemented. The regulators are turned on in a well defined sequence, thus spreading the in-rush current transients over time.

The IO's of X-GOLD TM 213 are isolated in OFF mode (core supply is off). The isolation signal is controlled by the PMU state machine. This ensures that the PADs are in a well defined state during core supply settling. This allows to power up the LCORE core regulator and wait for the core to reach reset state before powering up the I/O supply regulators.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

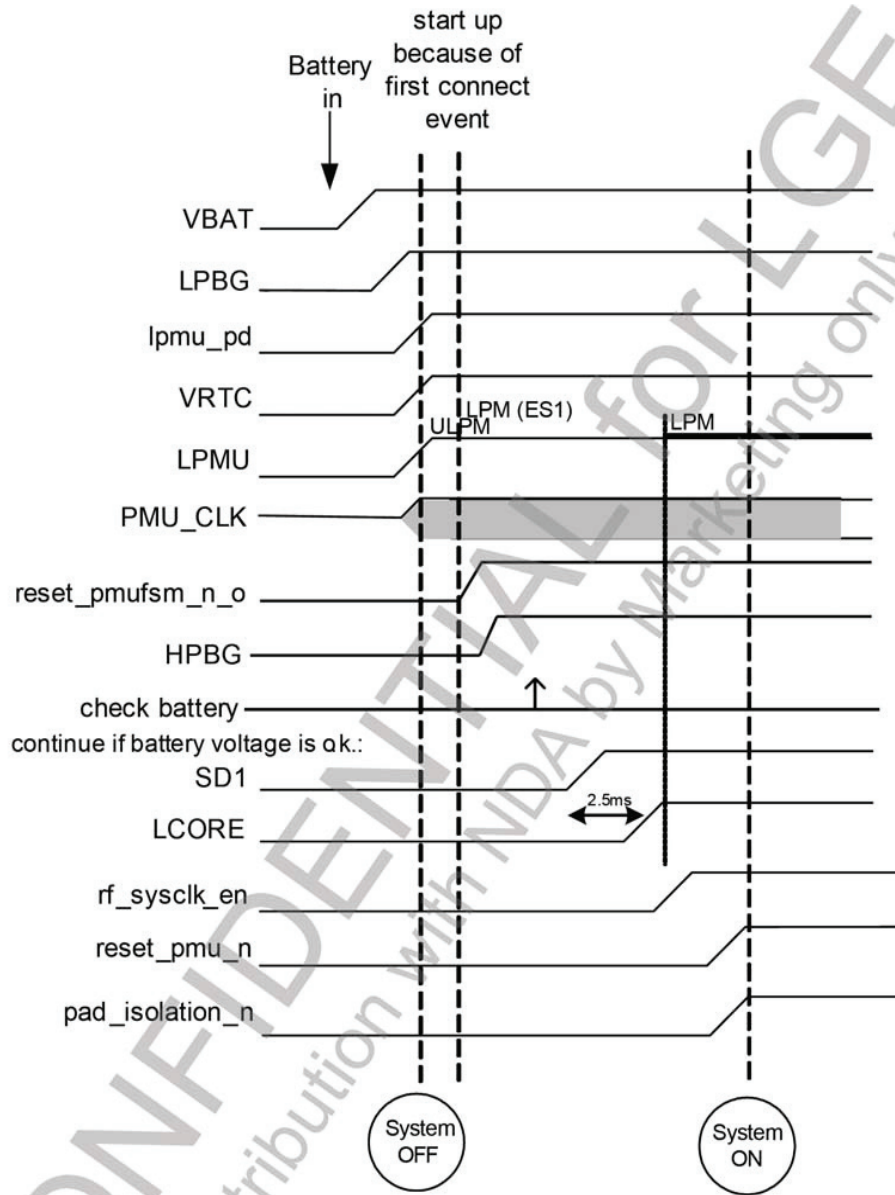


Figure 3.2.3 Start Up Sequence (triggered by First Connect Event)

3.2.7 External Reset Handling

The chip reset can be controlled by an external RESET_N ball. If this ball is pulled low, the chip will be reset.

All PMU registers are reset during the external reset including LSIM control bits. The PMU statemachines are also not reset from the external reset. An SW or watchdog reset will not reset the PMU registers.

A SW and Watchdog reset is seen on the reset_n pad to allow the reset of external devices. Basically there are three reset sources, first the reset signal controlled by the PMU (reset_pmu_n_o), second the reset signal controlled by the SCU (resetout_o) and third the external reset (RESET_N). The SCU reset is triggered by SW (for example due to a SW reset or watchdog reset). The PMU reset is controlled by the PMU state machine.

The output of the reset handling block is the reset_postscu_n_o signal. This signal controls for example the μ C subsystem and releases reset for the controller. During normal start up, the PMU releases the reset_pmu_n_o signal after entering the SYSTEM ON state. At this time the resetout_o signal is high, the RESET_N pad is not pulled low and therefore the reset_postscu_n_o signal follows the reset_pmu_n_o signal.

That means the μ C reset will be released and the μ C starts operation. If the SW triggers an external reset via the SCU, signal resetout_o will be forced to low for a certain time and RESET_N will be forced to low by the open drain driver. At the same time the feedback to the SCU will be masked to not reset the baseband.

The RESET_N pad is in the VDDRTC domain but the internal pull up is connected to the VDD_VDIG1 (1.8V) domain. That allows the pad to be used as reset for external devices running in the VDD1V8 domain. The RESET_N pad can also be used to monitor the chip internal reset condition during startup.

The open drain driver is a weak driver, that means it can be forced to high during debug from external pushing some current into the pad. In testmode signal reset_pmu_n_o is high, that means the chip reset is fully controlled from external.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

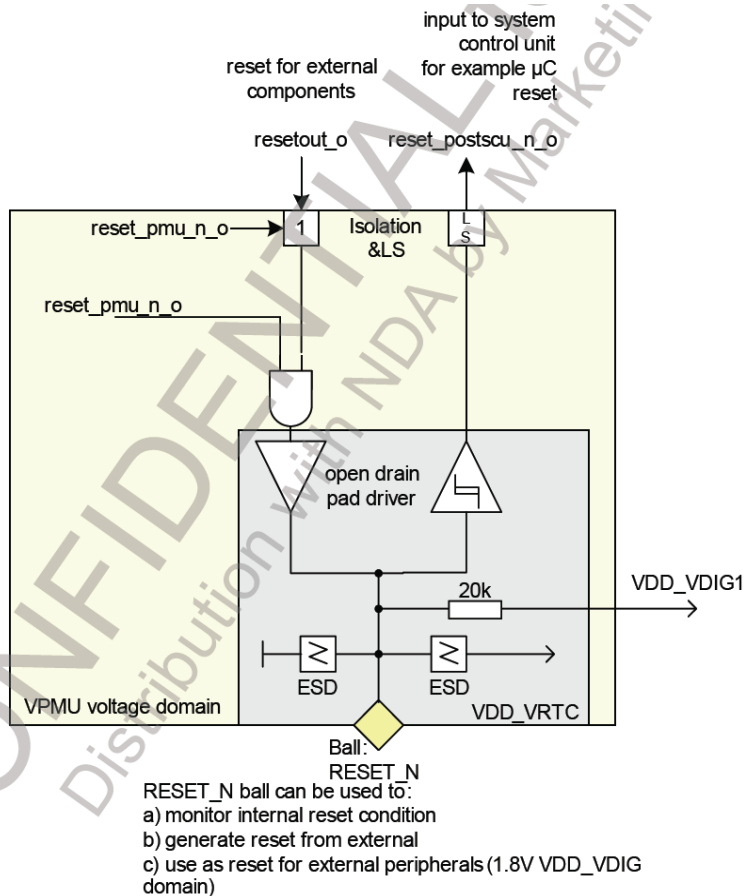


Figure 3.2.4 PMU, CGU and External Reset

3.2.8 Sysclock Switching

The PMU controls the `rf_sysclk_en` signal of the DCXO in the RF macro. During startup the PMU enables the DCXO. After the system is running the DCXO is controlled by the SCU of the baseband by using the `vcxo_enable` signal. This is handled by a dedicated logic in the PMU, see **Figure 21**. As long as `rf_sysclk_en_pmu`, the output of the PMU state-machine is high, `vcxo_enable` controls the `rf_sysclk_en` signal to the RF. If `rf_sysclk_en_pmu` is low, the DXCO is switched off, independent from `vcxo_enable`.

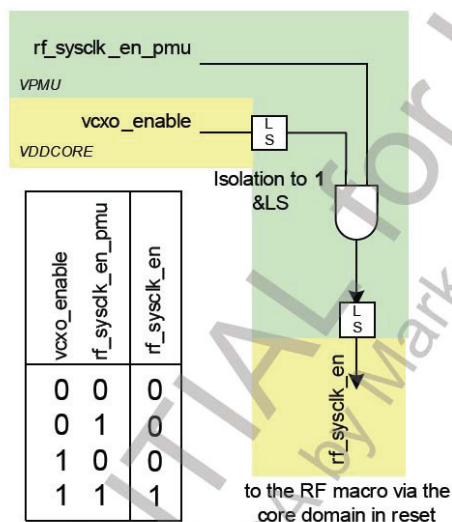


Figure 3.4.2 How sysclock Enable is Routed in the PMU

3.2.9 Undervoltage Shutdown

In active mode the PMU periodically measures the battery voltage using the ADC from the charger unit. If the battery is measured to be below the programmable shut-down level (called SYSOFF), the system changes to OFF mode. This is done via the SHUTDOWN state of the PMU state machine. (see chapter switch OFF)

3.2.10 Software Reset

A software reset does not affect any PMU register. The PMU register are reset with the `reset_pmufsm_n_o` signal. That means all PMU register are reset in OFF state. For details about the SW reset see chapter **External Reset Handling**.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.2.11 PMU Clock

During the first startup (for example plugging in a battery) a PMU internal oscillator is used for generation of the PMU clock (pmu_clock). The frequency is slightly above 32 kHz (typ. 50 kHz) to be out of the audio band also for worst case devices. After first startup the software shall enable the 32 kHz crystal oscillator. It is not possible to use the 32 kHz oscillator during first startup, because the settling time of the oscillator can be quite long. After the 32 kHz oscillator is running and settled the software shall switch the PMU clock to the 32 kHz clock and disable the internal PMU oscillator for power saving reasons. The 32 kHz oscillator shall never be disabled after the PMU clock has been switched. The ADC in the charger unit has its own oscillator generating a frequency of about 10 MHz. This oscillator is running during charging and during battery measurements triggered by the PMU. It is off otherwise.

3.2.12 System Sleep Mode

The sleep mode is controlled by using the VCXO_enable signal. This signal is used to switch the LDO's and the DC/DC converter SD1 in a programmable way into its low power mode (PFM). In addition DC/DC converter SD1 can be configured to change the output voltage to a lower value for additional power saving. VCXO_enable is also used to deactivate the HPBG and setting LDO LPMU in the ultra-low-power mode. In addition the DCXO is switched off by the VCXO_enable signal. The VCXO_enable signal is also used to switch some LDO's (software configured) to sleep and/or off mode or to change the output voltages of said LDO's. The state of the main PMU state machine is not changed due to VCXO_enable.

3.2.13 DC/DC Pre-Load Register Handling

The DC/DC converter works in different modes. If the mode is switched from PFM to PWM the pulse-width of the DC/DC converter depends on the current battery voltage (and on the output voltage). The PMU state-machine knows the battery voltage because of the battery supervision function. Depending on this value it selects a startup pulse-width for the DC/DC converter out of a register table. (4-values)

3.2.14 Power Down Sequence

Setting bit OFF in the GeneralControl register switches the system into OFF mode. After the turn off event, the state-machine switches to the SHUTDOWN state. The reset_pmu_n_o signal changes to low, the I/O pads are isolated using the padisolation_n signal, the LCORE LDO and the SD1 DC/DC converter are switched off, the LPMU LDO is switched to ultra-low power mode, the DCXO is turned off and the bandgap buffer is disabled. Before switching OFF the software shall have enabled the 32 kHz oscillator and has switched the PMU clock to the 32 kHz clock to archive the target OFF current .

3.3 FEM with integrated Power Amplifier Module (SKY77547, U400)

3.3.1 Internal Block Diagram

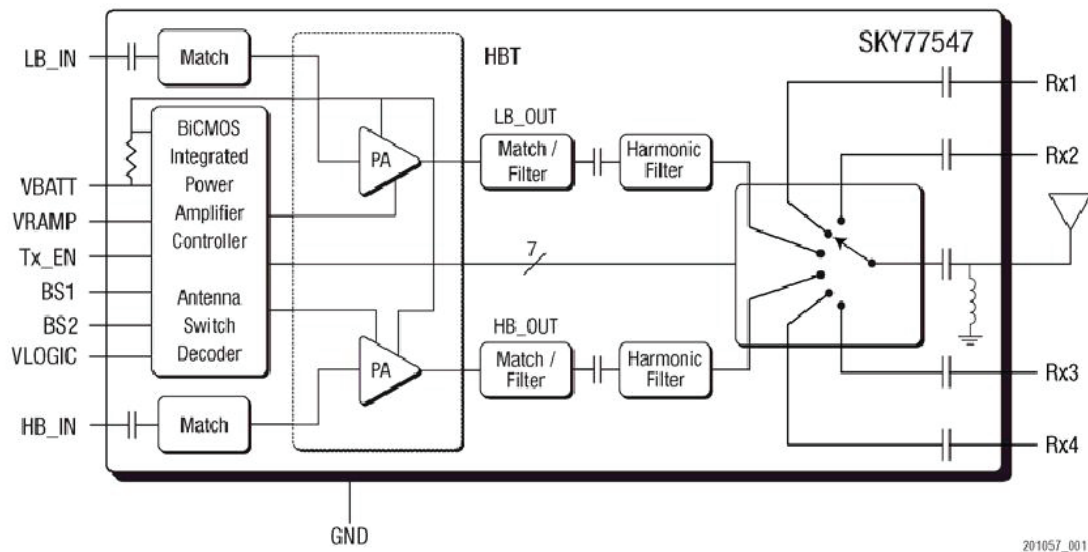


Figure. 3-3-1 SKY77547 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

3.3.2 General Description

The RF7161 is a quad-band (GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900) GSM/GPRS, Class 12 compliant transmit module with four interchangeable receive ports. This transmit module builds upon RFMD's leading power amplifier with PowerStar® integrated power control technology, pHEMT switch technology, and integrated transmit filtering for best-in-class harmonic performance.

The results are high performance, reduced solution size, and ease of implementation. The device is designed for use as the final portion of the transmitter section in a GSM850/EGSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 handset and eliminates the need for a PA-to antenna switch module matching network.

The RF7161 features RFMD's latest integrated power-flattening circuit which significantly reduces current and power variation into load mismatch. Additionally, a VBATT tracking feature is incorporated to maintain switching performance as supply voltage decreases.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

Mode	VLOGIC	Input Control Bits		
		TX_EN	BS1	BS2
STANDBY	0	X	X	X
RX1	1	0	0	0
RX2	1	0	0	1
RX3	1	0	1	1
RX4	1	0	1	0
LB_TX	1	1	0	X
HB_TX	1	1	1	X

1. X = DON'T CARE

2. RX1, RX2, RX3, and RX4 are broadband receive ports and each supports the GSM850, GSM900, DCS, and PCS bands.

Figure 3.3.2 Band SW Logic Table

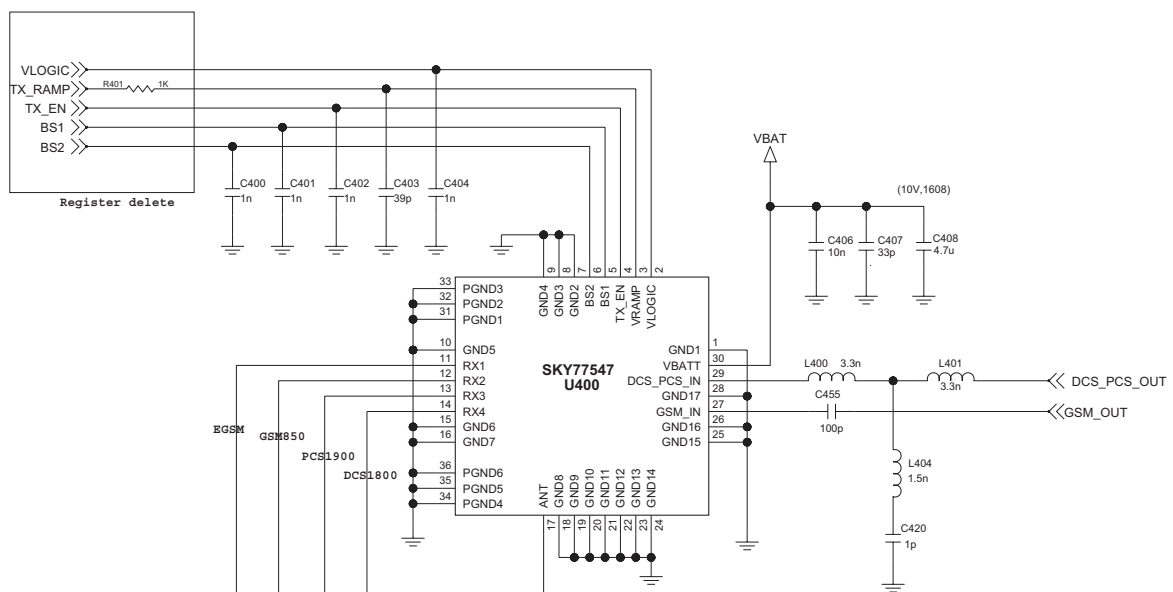
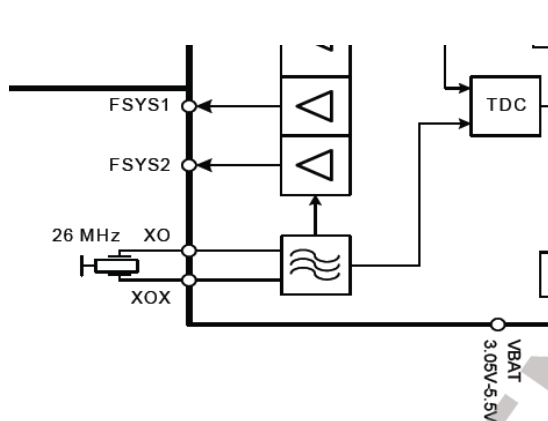


Figure 3.3.3 FEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

3.4 Crystal(26 MHz, X100)



The X-GOLDTM213 RF-Subsystem contains a fully integrated 26 MHz digitally controlled crystal oscillator, designed for 8 pF crystals. The only external part of the oscillator is the crystal itself. Overall pulling range of the DCXO is approximately ± 55 ppm, controllable by a 13-bit tuning word.

This frequency serves as comparison frequency within the RF-PLL and as clock frequency for the digital circuitry.

The 26 MHz reference clock can also be applied to external components like Bluetooth or GPS, via the two buffered output signals FSYS1 and FSYS2

Figure. 3.4.1 Crystal Oscillator External Connection

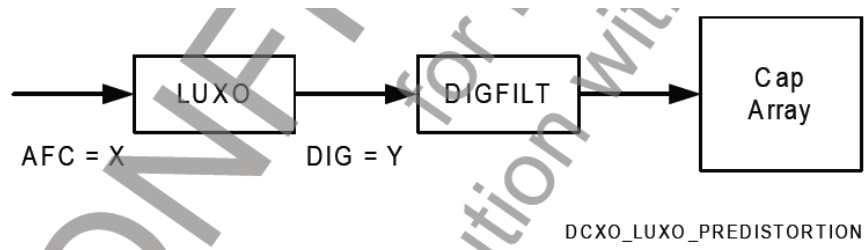


Figure. 3.4.2 Digital PREDISTORTION with LUXO

The DCXO tuning characteristic should be a first order linear function of the programming word AFC. The variable capacitance array is a first order linear function of the digital word DIG, which leads to a nonlinear curve ppm vs. DIG (and also a nonlinear ppm vs. AFC for DIG=AFC). In order to linearize the ppm vs. AFC curve the implementation of a predistortion is necessary.

To get the wanted linear ppm vs. AFC tuning curve some digital predistortion of the AFC word is required. This predistortion is performed by the linearization unit for crystal oscillator (LUXO). The LUXO calculates the corresponding DIG value according to the given AFC value.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.5 RF Subsystem of PMB8810 (U100)

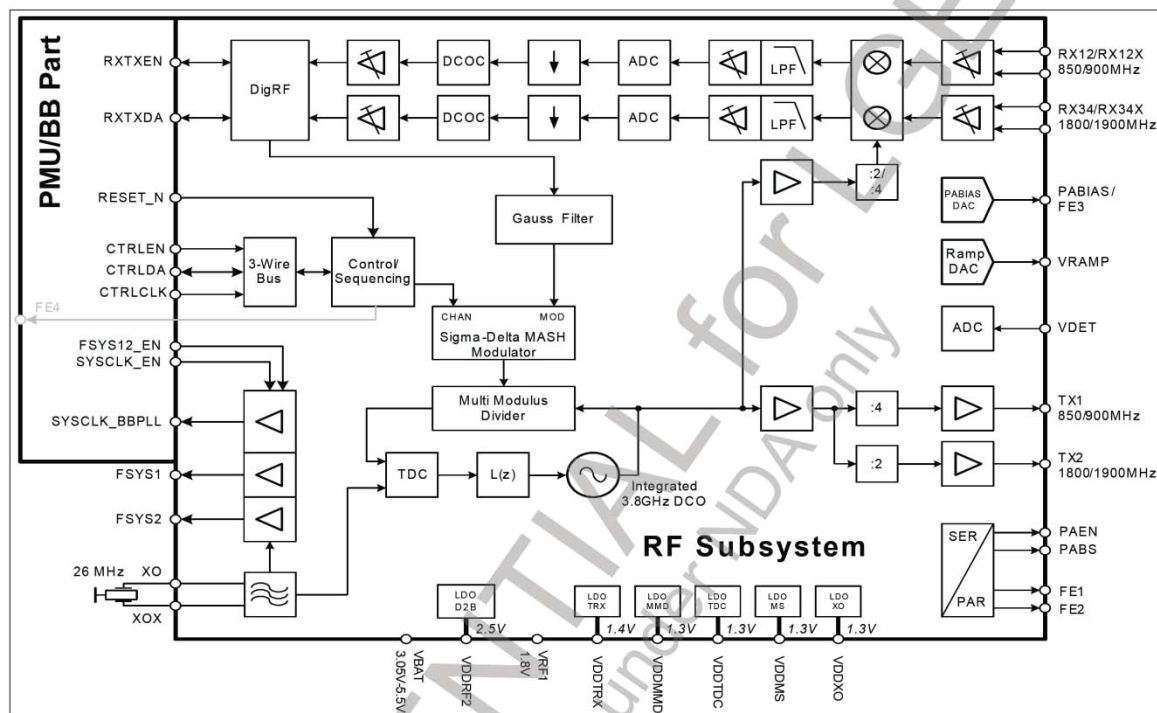


Figure. 3-5-1 Block DIAGRAM of RF Subsystem

3.5.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PMB8810 RF subsystem is designed for dual-band GSM voice and data applications (GPRS class 12). The system can be configured to support one low band, GSM850 or EGSM900, and one high band, DCS1800 or PCS1900. A block diagram of the RF subsystem is given in Figure 3-4-1.

3.5.2 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3.5.2.1 Receiver

The X-GOLD™213 dual-band receiver is based on a Direct Conversion Receiver (DCR) architecture. Input impedance of the LNAs is optimized to achieve a matching without (external) high quality inductors. By use of frequency dividers (by 2/4) the LO frequency is derived from the RF frequency synthesizer. The receive path is fully differential to suppress the on-chip interferences and reduce DC-offsets. The analog chain of the receiver contains two LNAs (low/high band), a quadrature mixer followed by an analog baseband filter and 14-bit continuous-time delta-sigma analog-to-digital converter. The filtered and digitized signal is fed into the digital signal processing chain, which provides decimation, DC offset removal and programmable gain control.

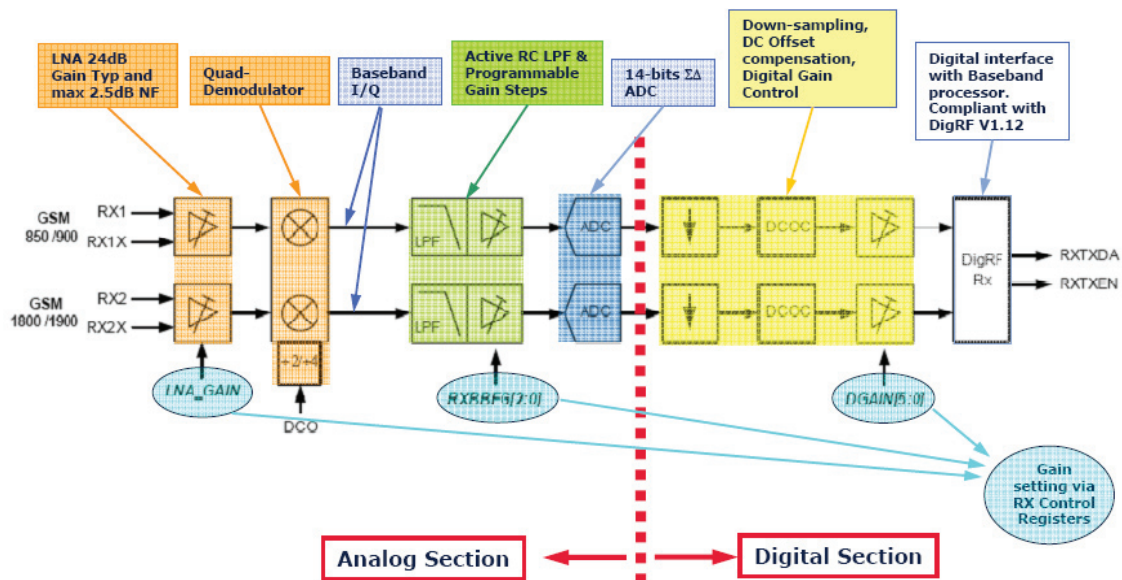


Figure. 3.5.2 RECEIVER CHAIN BLOCK DIAGRAM

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.5.2.2 Transmitter

The GMSK transmitter supports power class 4 for GSM850 or GSM900 as well as power class 1 for DCS1800 or PCS1900. The digital transmitter architecture is based on a fractional-N sigma-delta synthesizer for constant envelope GMSK modulation. This configuration allows a very low power design without any external components.

Up- and down-ramping is performed via the ramping DAC connected to VRAMP.

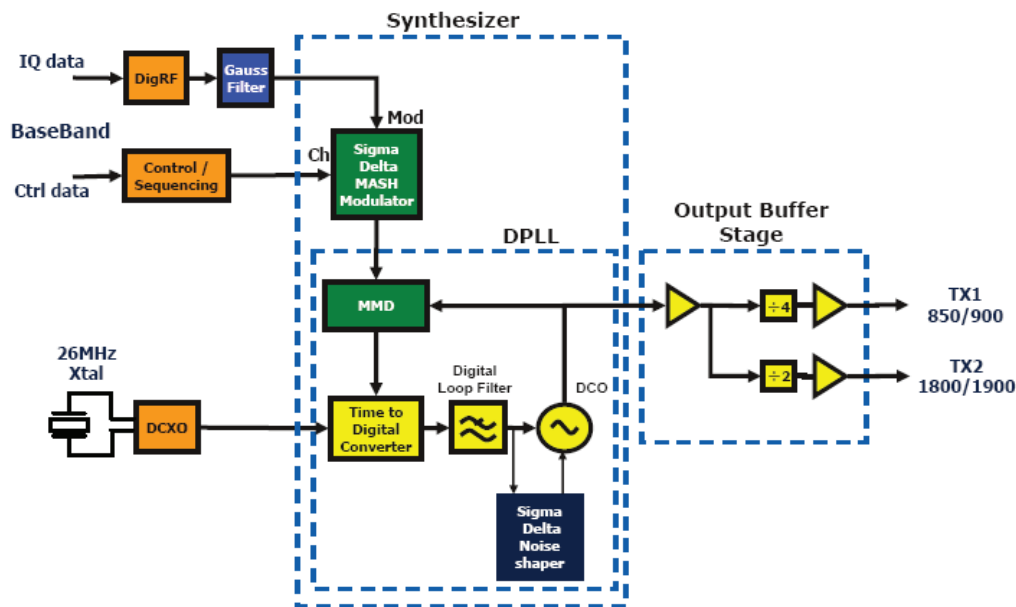


Figure. 3.5.3 TRANSMITTER CHAIN BLOCK DIAGRAM

RF synthesizer

The RF subsystem contains a fractional-N sigma-delta synthesizer for the frequency synthesis. Respective to the chosen band of operation the phase locked loop (PLL) operates at twice or forth of the target signal frequency. In receive operation mode the divided output signal of the digital controlled oscillator output (DCO) serves as local oscillator signal for the balanced mixer. For transmit operation the fractional-N sigma-delta synthesizer is used as modulation loop to process the phase/frequency signal. The 26 MHz reference signal of the phase detector incorporated in the PLL is provided by the reference oscillator.

3.5.2.3 Front-end/PA Control Interface

Two outputs (FE1, FE2) for direct control of antenna switch modules enable to select RX- and TX-mode as well as low- and high-band operation.

An extra band select signal PABS for the power amplifier is used, to support discrete PA and switching modules. Time accurate power dissipation of the PA is achieved by the control signal PAEN.

A minor set of power amplifiers require a bias voltage to enhance power efficiency. Support of this power amplifiers is achieved by the implemented bias DAC.

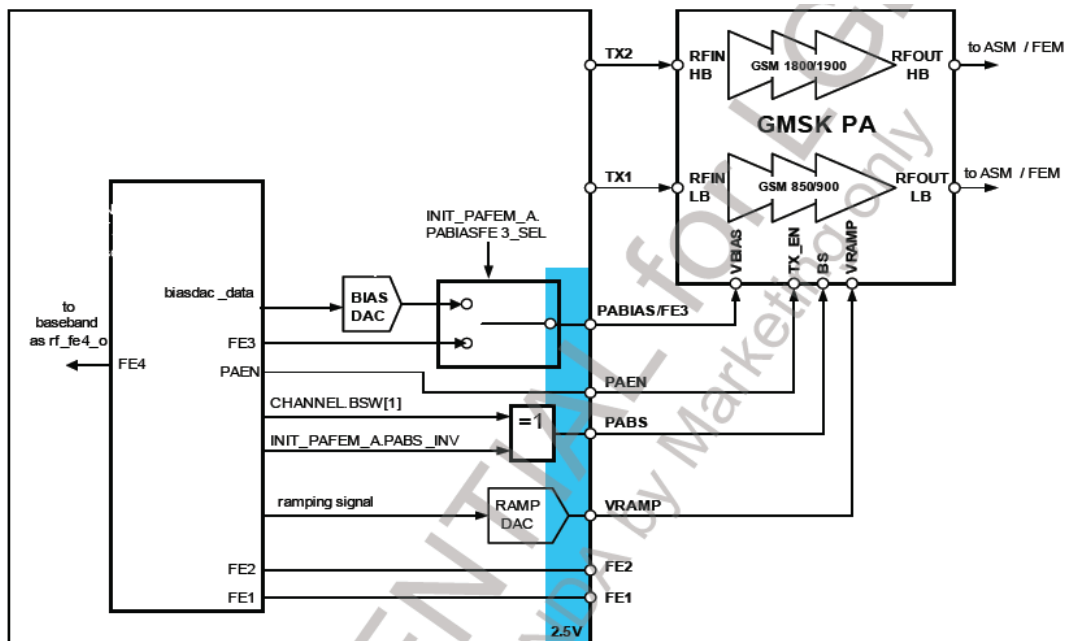


Figure. 3.5.4 PA AND FEM CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAM

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.5.2.4 Power Supply

To increase power efficiency most parts of the RF subsystem are supplied by the DCDC converter situated in the PMU subsystem. Conversion of the 1.8 V output voltage of the DCDC to the 1.3 V/1.4 V circuit supply voltages is achieved by several Low-DropOut regulators (LDO). One embedded direct-to-battery LDO provides the 2.5 V supply voltage for the remaining circuits.

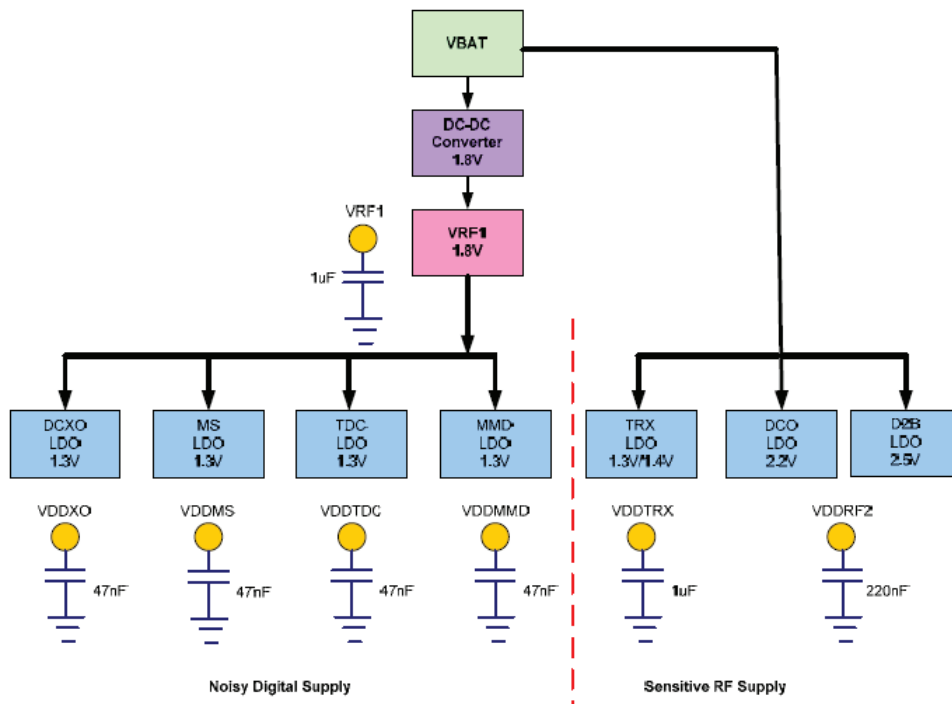


Figure. 3.5.5 POWER SUPPLY BLOCK DIAGRAM

3.6 MEMORY(PF38F5060M0Y0BE, U101)

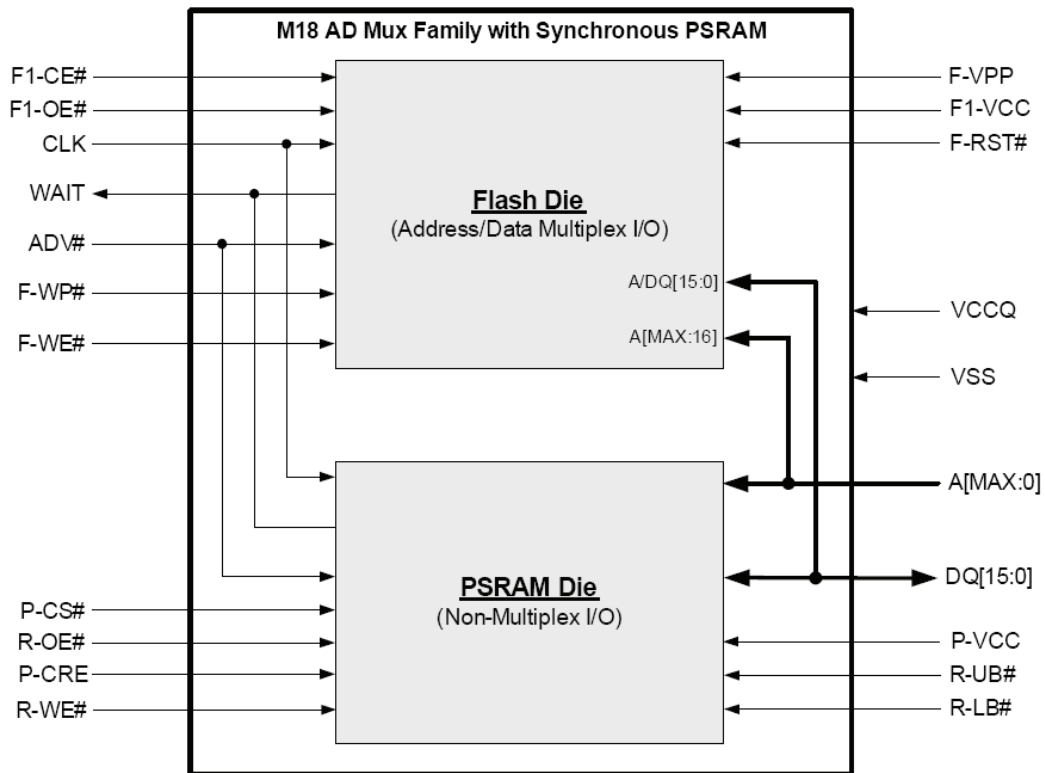


Figure. 3.6.1 MEMORY BLOCK DIAGRAM

The Numonyx™ StrataFlash® Cellular Memory (M18) device provides high read and write performance at low voltage on a 16-bit data bus.

The flash memory device has a multi-partition architecture with read-while-program and read-while-erase capability.

The device supports synchronous burst reads up to 108 MHz using ADV# and CLK address-latching (legacy-latching) on some litho/density combinations and up to 133 MHz using CLK address-latching only on some litho/density combinations. It is listed below in the following table.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

Litho (nm)	Density (Mbit)	Supports frequency up to (MHz)	Sync read address-latching
90	256	133	CLK-latching
	512	108	Legacy-latching
65	128	133	CLK-latching
	256	133	CLK-latching
	512	108	Legacy-latching
	512	133	CLK-latching
	1024	108	Legacy-latching
	1024	133	CLK-latching

Table 3_6_1 M18 Frequency combinations

In continuous-burst mode, a data Read can traverse partition boundaries.

Upon initial power-up or return from reset, the device defaults to asynchronous arrayread mode.

Synchronous burst-mode reads are enabled by programming the Read configuration Register. In synchronous burst mode, output data is synchronized with a user-supplied clock signal. A WAIT signal provides easy CPU-to-flash memory synchronization.

Designed for low-voltage applications, the device supports read operations with VCC at 1.8 V, and erase and program operations with VPP at 1.8 V or 9.0 V. VCC and VPP can be tied together for a simple, ultra-low power design. In addition to voltage flexibility, a dedicated VPP connection provides complete data protection when VPP is less than VPPLK.

A Status Register provides status and error conditions of erase and program operations.

One-Time-Programmable (OTP) registers allow unique flash device identification that can be used to increase flash content security. Also, the individual block-lock feature provides zero-latency block locking and unlocking to protect against unwanted program or erase of the array.

The flash memory device offers three power savings features:

- Automatic Power Savings (APS) mode: The device automatically enters APS following a read-cycle completion.
- Standby mode: Standby is initiated when the system deselects the device by deasserting CE#.
- Deep Power-Down (DPD) mode: DPD provides the lowest power consumption and is enabled by programming in the Enhanced Configuration Register. DPD is initiated by asserting the DPD pin.

3.7 BT module

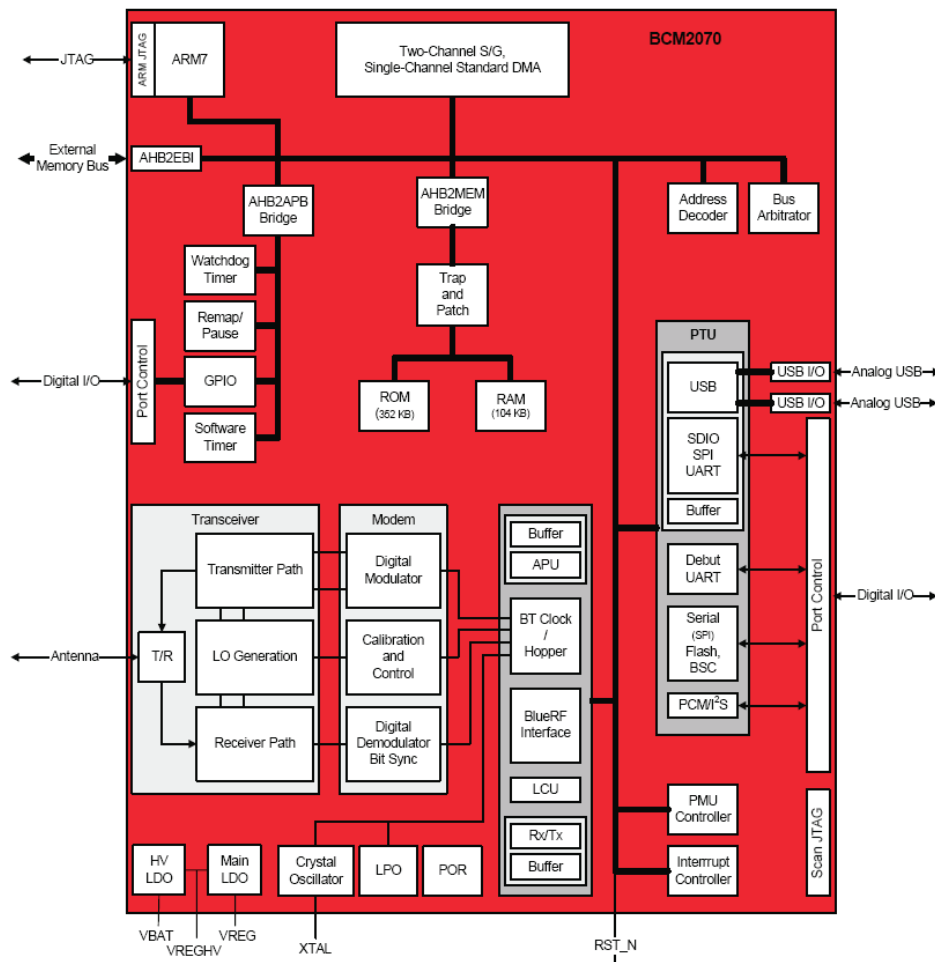


Figure 3_7_1. BT BLOCK DIAGRAM

This module has an integrated radio transceiver that has been optimized for use in 2.4GHz Bluetooth Wireless systems. It has been designed to provide low-power, robust communications for applications Operating in the globally available 2.4GHz unlicensed ISM band. It is fully compliant with the Bluetooth Radio Specification and enhanced data rate specification and meets or exceed the requirement to provide the highest communication link quality of service.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.7.1 Transmitter path

This module features a fully integrated zero IF transmitter. The baseband transmitted data is digitally modulated in the modem block and up-converted to the 2.4GHz ISM band in the transmitter path. The transmitter path consists of signal filtering, I/Q up-conversion, high-output power amplifier (PA), and RF filtering. It also incorporates modulation schemes: P/4-DQPSK for 2 Mbps and 8-DPSK for 3 Mbps to support enhanced data rate.

• Digital modulator

The digital modulator performs the data modulation and filtering required for the GFSK, B/4DQPSK, and 8-DPSK signal. The fully digital modulator minimizes any frequency drift or anomalies in the modulation characteristics of the transmitted signal and is much more stable than direct VCO modulation schemes.

• Power Amplifier

The integrated PA for the BCM2070 is configurable for Class 2 operation, transmitting up to +4 dBm as well as Class 1 operation and transmit power up to +12 dBm at the chip, GFSK, >2.5V supply. Due to the linear nature of the PA, combined with some integrated filtering, no external filters are required for meeting Bluetooth and regulatory harmonic and spurious requirements. For integrated mobile handset applications, where Bluetooth is integrated next to the cellular radio, minimal external filtering can be applied to achieve near thermal noise levels for spurious and radiated noise emissions. Using a highly linearized, temperature compensated design the PA can transmit +12 dBm for basic rate and +10 dBm for enhanced data rates (2 to 3 Mbps). A flexible supply voltage range allows the PA to operate from 1.2V to 3.0V. The minimum supply voltage at VDDTF is 1.8V to achieve +10dBm of transmit power.

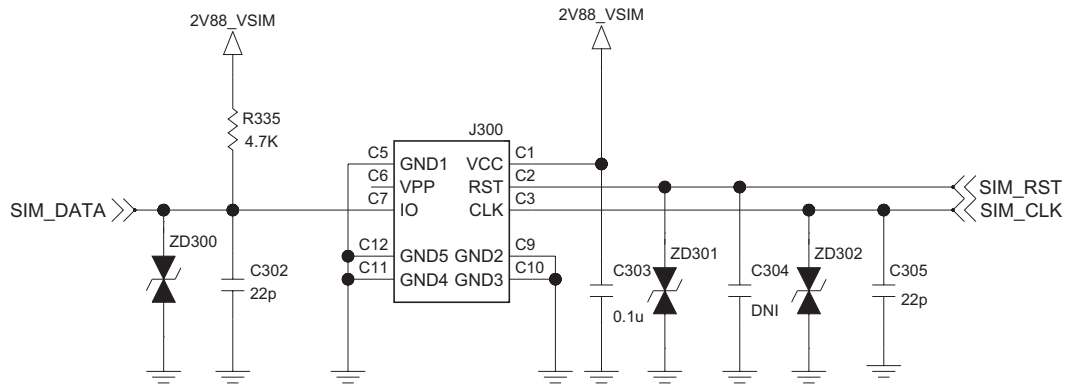
3.7.2 Receiver path

The receiver path uses a low IF scheme to down-convert the received signal for demodulation in the digital demodulator and bit synchronizer. The receiver path provides a high degree of linearity, an extended dynamic range, and high order on-chip channel filtering to ensure reliable operation in the noisy 2.4GHz ISM band. The front-end topology, with built-in out-of-band attenuation, enables the device to be used in most applications with no off-chip filtering.

For integrated handset operation where the Bluetooth function is integrated close to the cellular transmitter, minimal external filtering is required to eliminate the desensitization of the receiver by the cellular transmit signal.

3.8 SIM Card Interface

SIM_SOCKET



These are added for CMCC ESD test

Figure 3-8-1. SIM CARD Interface

The Main Base Band Processor(PMB8810) provides SIM Interface Module. The PMB8810 checks status Periodically During established call mode whether SIM card is inserted or not, but it doesn't check during deep sleep mode. In order to communicate with SIM card, 3 signals SIM_DATA, SIM_CLK, SIM_RST. And This model supports 1.8/2.88V SIM Card.

Signal	Description
SIM_RST	This signal makes SIM card to HW default status.
SIM_CLK	This signal is transferred to SIM card.
SIM_DATA	This signal is interface datum.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.9 LCD Interface

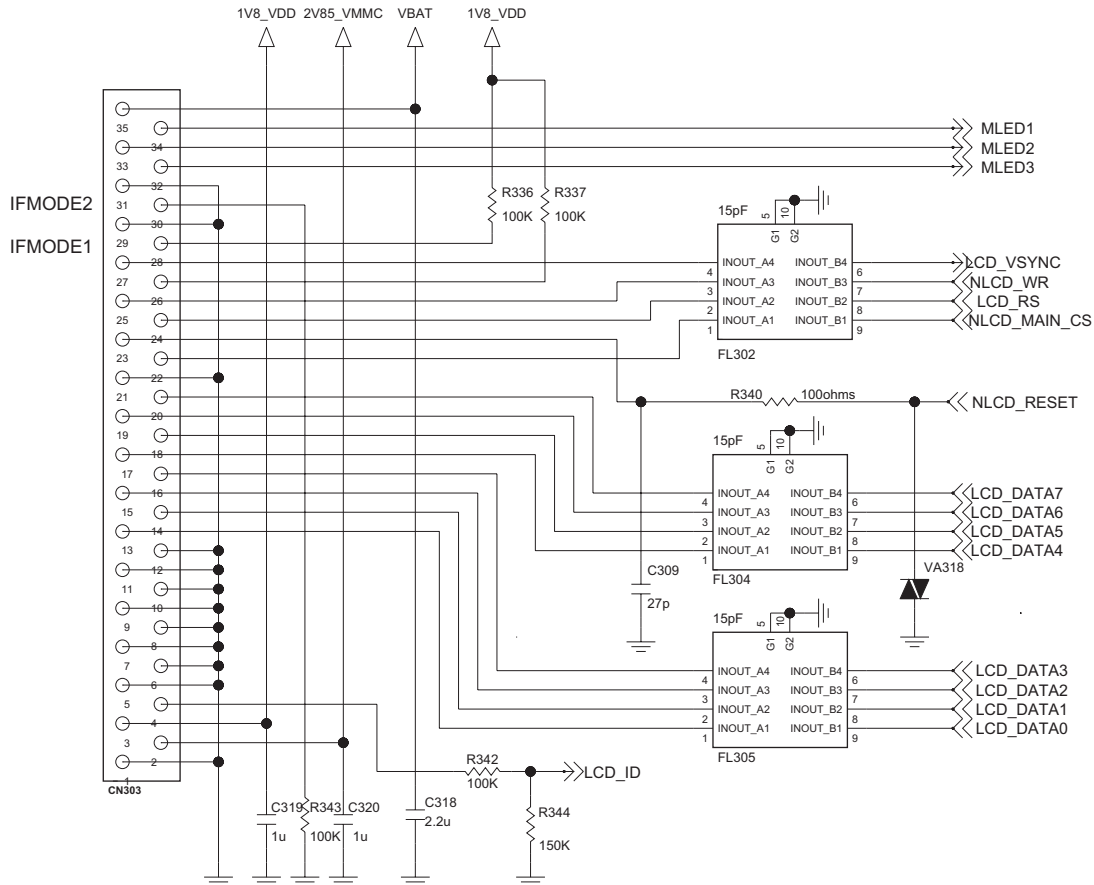


Figure 3-9-1. LCD Interface of LCD FPCB

IM220CBNFA is a 262,144-color one-chip SoC driver for a-TFT liquid crystal display with resolution of 176RGBx220 dots, comprising a 528-channel source driver, a 220-channel gate driver, 87120 bytes RAM for graphic data of 176RGBx220 dots, and power supply circuit.

ILI9225 can operate with low I/O interface power supply up to 1.65V, with an incorporated voltage follower circuit to generate voltage levels for driving an LCD.

The IM220CBNFA also supports a function to display in 8 colors and a standby mode, allowing for precise power control by software. These features make the IM220CBNFA an ideal LCD driver for medium or small size portable products such as digital cellular phones or small PDA, where long battery life is a major concern.

LCD BLU Driver

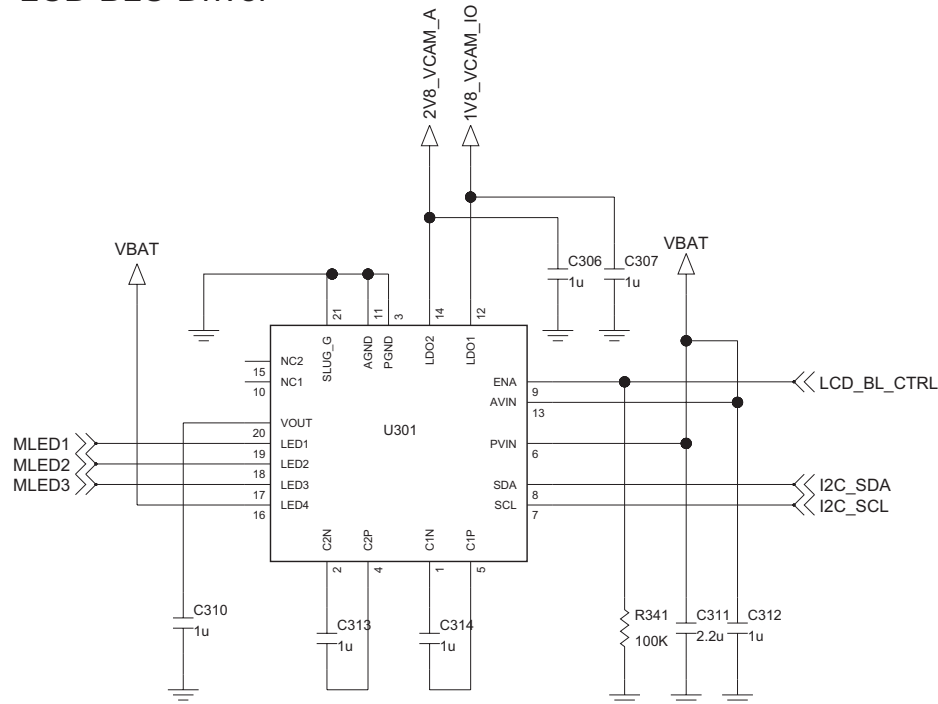


Figure 3-9-2. RT9367C CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

The RT9367 is a high efficiency charge pump LED driver using Richtech's proprietary technology. Performance is optimized for use in single-cell Li-ion battery applications.

The charge pump provides backlight current in conjunction with four matched current sinks. The load and supply conditions determine whether the charge pump operates in 1x, 1.5x, or 2x mode. An optional fading feature that gradually adjusts the backlight current is provided to simplify control software. The RT9367 also provides two low-dropout, low-noise linear regulators for powering a camera module or other peripheral circuits.

The RT9367 uses the I2C interface. The interface controls all functions of the device, including backlight current and two LDO voltage outputs. The single wire implementation minimizes microcontroller and interface pin counts.

In sleep mode, the device reduces quiescent current to 60μA while continuing to monitor the serial interface. The two LDOs can be enabled when the device is in sleep mode. Total current reduces to 1μA in shutdown.



3.10 Battery Charger Interface

CHARGING IC

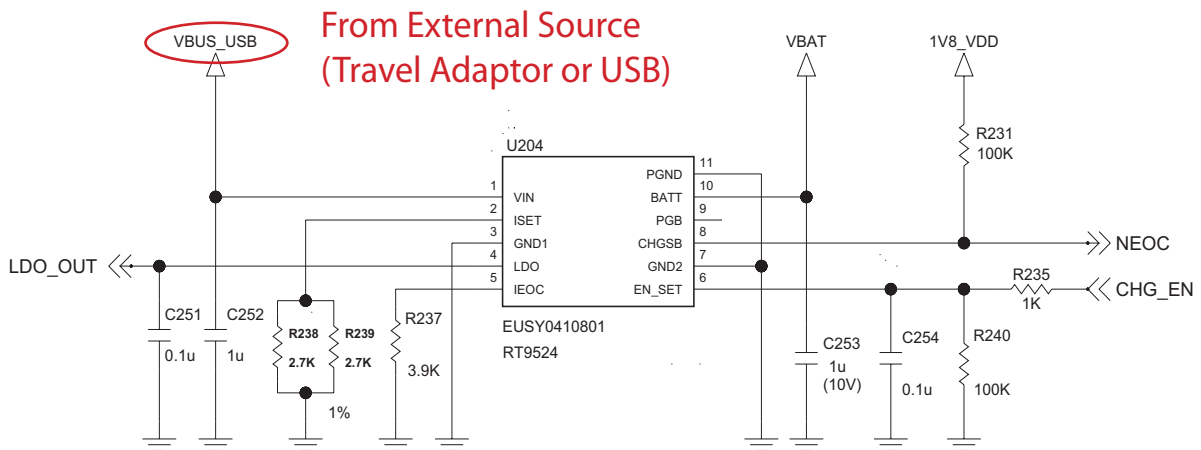


Figure 3-10-1 BATTERY CHARGER BLOCK

The RT9524 is a fully integrated single-cell Li-Ion battery charger IC ideal for portable applications. The RT 9524 optimizes the charging task by using a control algorithm including pre-charge mode, fast charge mode and constant voltage mode. The input voltage range of the VIN pin can be as high as 30V. When the input voltage exceeds the OVP threshold, it will turn off the charging MOSFET to avoid overheating of the chip.

In RT9524, the maximum charging current can be programmed with an external resistor. For the USB application, user can set the current to 100mA/500mA through EN/SET pin. For the factory mode, the RT9524 can allow 4.2V/2.3V power pass through to support system operation. It also provides a 50mA LDO to support the power of peripheral circuit. The internal thermal feedback circuit regulates the die temperature to optimize the charge rate for all ambient temperatures. The RT9524 provides protection functions such as under voltage protection, over voltage protection for VIN supply and thermal protection for battery temperature.

The RT9524 is available in a WDFN-10L 2x3 package to achieve optimized solution for PCB space and thermal considerations.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.11 Keypad Interface

KEY MATRIX

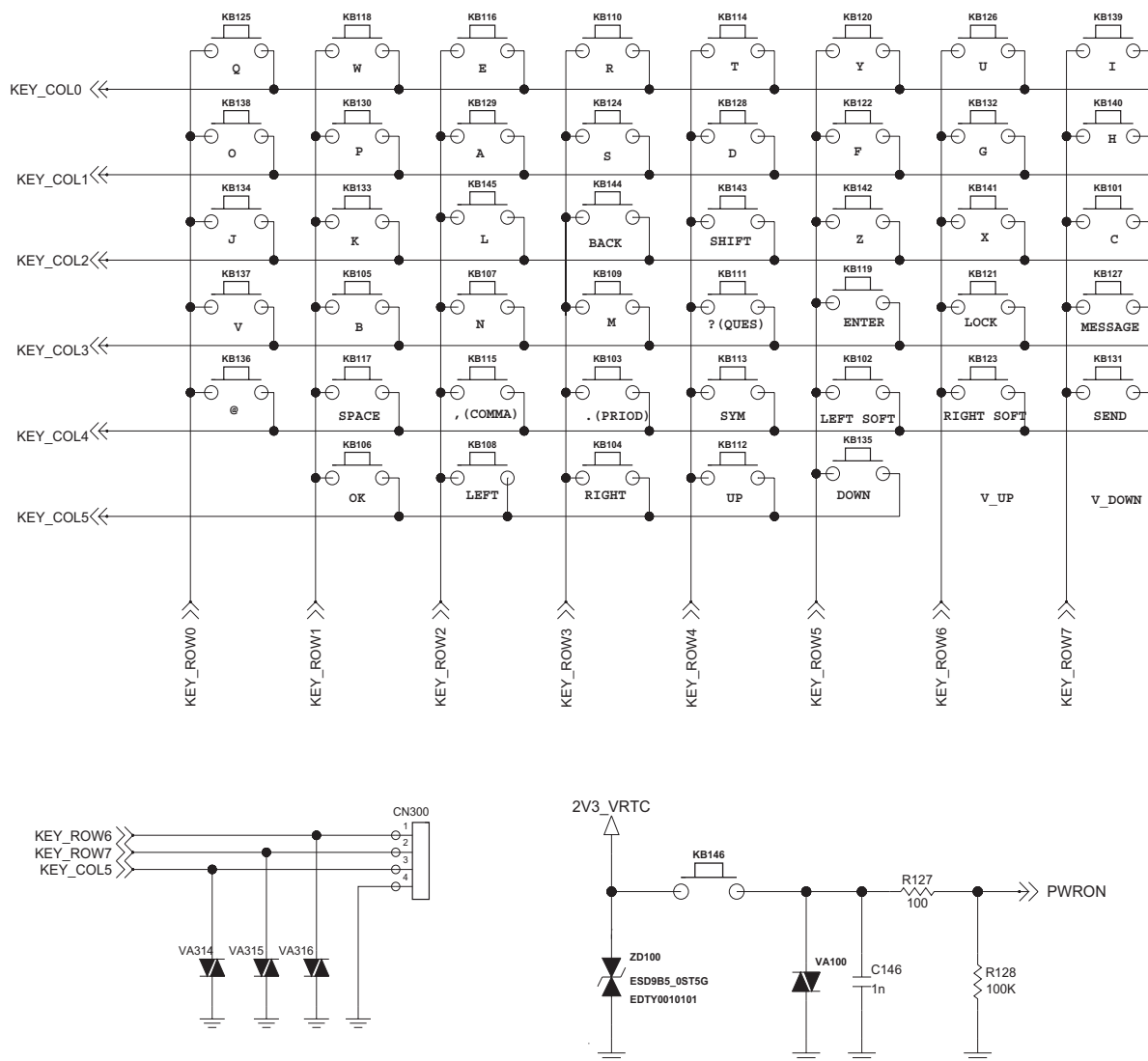
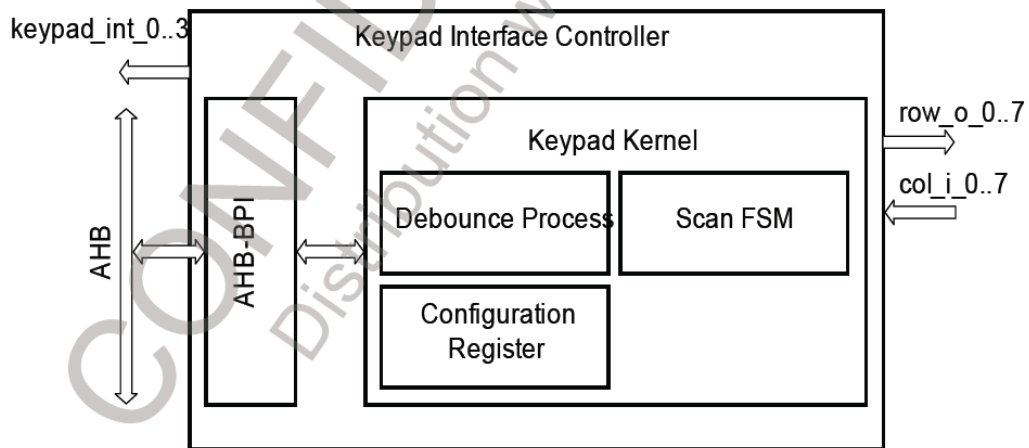


Figure 3-11-1 MAIN KEY STRUCTURE

The Keypad Interface is a peripheral controller, which can be used for scanning external keypad matrices with up to 8 rows and 8 columns (that is 64 standard keys). By adding an additional row of keys connected to ground the number of keys can be extended by up to 8 keys. This results in a maximum number of 72 keys to be identified by the Keypad Interface Controller.

The Keypad Scan Module reduces the number of interrupts and polling through the processor and therefore reduces the power consumption. The module is able to debounce and scan the external keypad matrix automatically without any software intervention. After debouncing it generates an interrupt. The interface controller contains information about the key (or key combination) that was pressed and how long it was pressed.



KEYPAD_1_OVW

Figure 3-11-3 Block Diagram and System Integration of the KPD

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.12 Audio Front-End

3.12.1 Functional Overview

The audio front-end of X-GOLD™213 offers the digital and analog circuit blocks for both receive and transmit audio operation, from a mobile phone perspective (called audio-in and audio-out subsequently). It features a high-quality, stereo digital-to-analog path with amplifier stages for connecting acoustic transducers to X-GOLD™213. In audio-in path the supply voltage generation for electret microphones, a low-noise amplifier and analog to digital conversion are integrated in X-GOLD™213. A more detailed functional description will be given in the following sections.

The audio front-end itself can be considered to be organized in three sub-blocks:

- Interface to processor cores (TEAKLite® and - indirectly - ARM)
- Digital filters
- Analog part

The following figure shows an architecture overview of the Audio section.

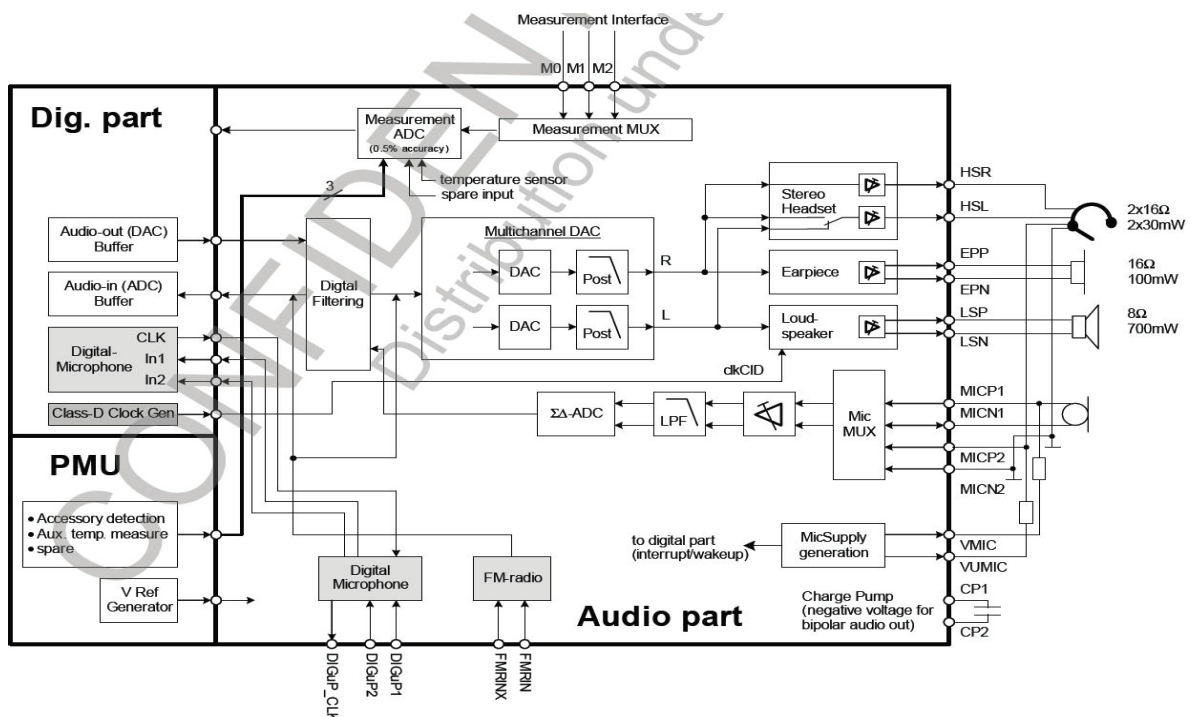


Figure 3.12.1 Audio Section Overview

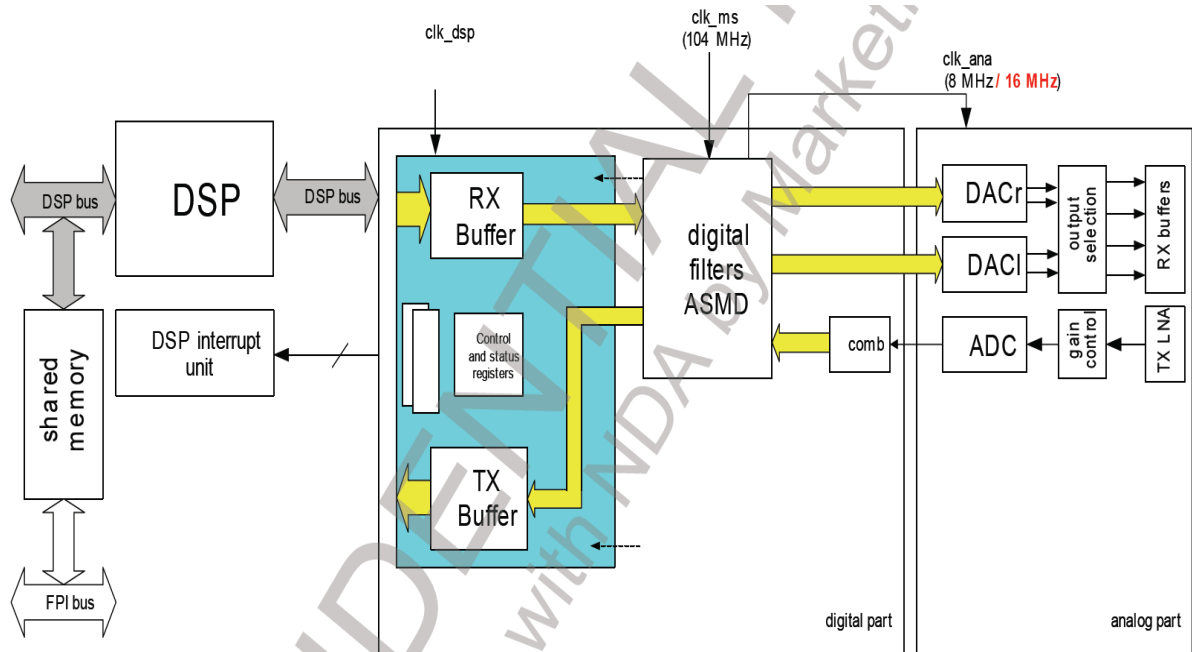


Figure 3.12.2 Overview of Clocking and Interfaces of Audio Front End

The audio front-end of X-GOLD™213 has the following major operation modes:

- Power-down: All analog parts are in power down and all clocks of the digital part are switched off.
- Audio mode: Digital decimation/interpolation filters are connected to the interface buffers and the analog part is enabled.

These major modes can be modified by certain control register settings.

- Due to the new gain settings in the TX path, the maximum input voltage is limited to 0.8 Vpp.
- In both voiceband paths, the value range for voice samples is confined to 97.5%, i.e. to [-31948, 31947] or [8334H, 7CCBH] in X-GOLD™213.
- On the TX path, 83% "1"s on the VTPDM line correspond to a 16-bit value of 7CCBH and 17% "1"s correspond to a 16-bit value of 8334H at the digital filter output. Thus the usable range is 66%. This range can be scaled to 100% by Firmware.
- The high-pass functions of the voiceband filters have to be implemented in firmware on TEAKLite®.

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.12.2 Digital Part

The digital part of the X-GOLD™213 audio front-end comprises an interface to the TEAKLite® bus, interfaces to the interrupt units of TEAKLite®, digital interpolation filters for oversampling digital-to-analog conversion, digital decimation filters for analog-to-digital conversion and an interface to the analog part of the audio front-end. For the digital microphone all the filtering is done in a dedicated hardware. The output sample stream is then fed in a duplicated ring buffer structure like the data from the analog microphone path (after A/D conversion and subsequent digital filtering).

▪ Interpolation Filter

The interpolation path of the X-GOLD™213 audio front-end increases the sampling rate of the audio samples to the rate of the digital-to-analog converter. Because the input sampling rates can vary between 8 kHz and 47.619 kHz the filter characteristic and oversampling ratio can be adjusted to the respective sampling rate. The requirements for the interpolation filters depend on the sampling rate, because a sufficient out-of-band discrimination in the audio frequency band (20 Hz,...,20 kHz) has to be ensured.

▪ Decimation Filter

The digital decimation filter on X-GOLD™213 has two operating modes: 8 kHz output sampling rate and 16 kHz output sampling rate (or 16 kHz output sample rate and 16kHz bandwidth in case of doubled ASMD clock).

3.12.3 Analog Part

The analog part of the X-GOLD™213 audio front-end in audio-out direction consists of a stereo digital to analog converter (multi-bit oversampling converter) which transforms the output of the digital interpolation filter into analog signals. It is followed by the gain control/amplifier section. The DAC outputs can be switched to several output buffers. In audio-in section there is an input multiplexer which selects either one of two differential microphone inputs to be connected to the low-noise amplifier and analog pre-filter. The signals from the analog pre-filter are input to a second-order sigma-delta analog-to-digital converter. In addition there is a connection for FM-radio playing.

▪ Audio-out Part

The analog audio-out part consists of two multi-bit digital-to-analogue converters (DAC) and an output stage. The signal sources are switched to the output drivers in the output stage. The output drivers consist of: a) one mono, differential class-D Loudspeaker driver, b) one mono, differential Earpiece driver and c) one stereo, single-ended (with uni- or bipolar signals), Headset driver.

▪ Digital-to-analog converters

The multi-bit oversampling DACs of the X-GOLD™213 audio front-end convert the 16-bit data words coming from the digital interpolation filters to analogue signals.

▪ Output Amplifier

The different output buffers in X-GOLD™213 are driven by the outputs of the selection block. The differential earpiece driver can be used to drive a 16 Ω earpiece and works in differential. The two single ended headset drivers can be used to drive a 16 Ω headset. They can work unipolar mode, where an AC coupling of the headset might be needed, or can work also in bipolar mode. The differential loudspeaker driver can be used to drive a 8 Ω loudspeaker. As it is a class-D amplifier the needed suppression of the higher harmonics of the switching signals has to be achieved by the external circuitry. The buffers are designed to be short circuit protected.

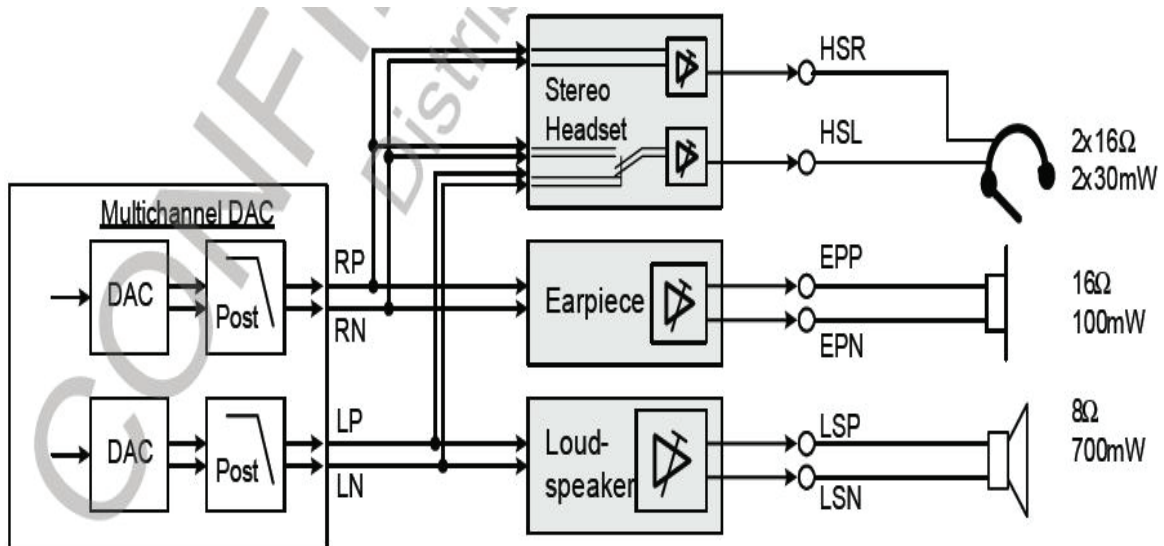


Figure 3.12.3 Switching for R/L DACs onto Buffers

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

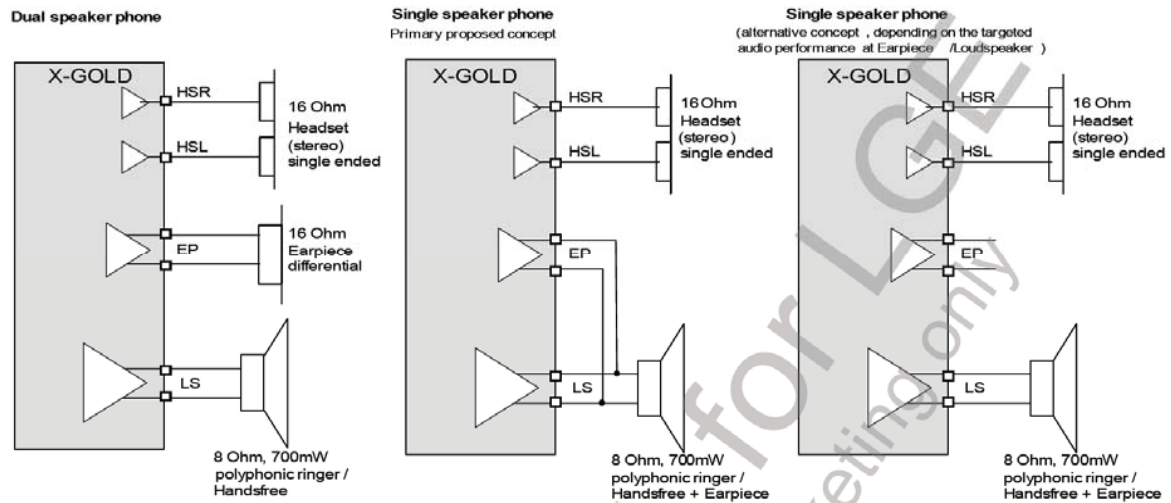


Figure 3.12.4 Different Application Scenarios

In order to achieve the single-speaker concept by parallel connection of Earpiece and Headset amplifier the Earpiece amplifier have to sustain the up to 5 V voltage of the class-D amplifier.

▪ Audio-in Path

The audio-in path of X-GOLD™213 provides two differential microphone input sources, MIC1 and MIC2.

- The inputs for microphone MIC1 are MICP1 and MICN1.
- The inputs for microphone MIC2 are MICP2 and MICN2.

The audio-in path consists of an input selector, a low noise amplifier and following pre-filter with gain control, a second order $\Sigma\Delta$ -converter and a digital decimation filter. It supports both standard GSM (bandwidth 3.5 kHz) and wideband (bandwidth 7 kHz) speech bands.

The differential input signal from the microphone first passes a low noise amplifier and following pre-filter and an anti-aliasing pre-filtering stage achieving an overall variable gain ranging from 0 dB to +39 dB. The signal is then modulated by a second order $\Sigma\Delta$ -converter which is clocked with the same clock rate as the digital to analog converters. The $\Sigma\Delta$ -converter delivers a 1-bit pulse density modulated data stream at a rate of 2 MHz to the digital decimation filter which reduces the rate to 8 kHz or 16 kHz, depending on the current mode.

To improve SNR the sample frequency can be doubled in dedicated modes and the modulated data stream is 4MHz instead of 2 MHz.

- **Microphone Supply**

X-GOLD™213 has a single ended power-supply concept for electret microphones:

For both modes a minimal load capacitance of t.b.d. nF is necessary to guarantee stable operation of the buffer.

The maximal load capacitance must not exceed t.b.d. nF.

2 microphone supplies VMIC and VUMIC are available. The supply VUMIC has a ultra-low-power mode, where the current consumption is minimum, whilst at the same time the noise performance is reduced.

For this purpose the VUMIC is directly supplied out of the VMIC regulator, the Mic-Buffer can be switched off and only the quiescent current of the VMIC regulator is present. This mode can be used to supply a headset and allow accessory detection with highly reduced current consumption. For normal operation the supply can be switched to normal operation mode with improved noise performance. In case of an digital microphone VMIC can be used for supplying this microphone.

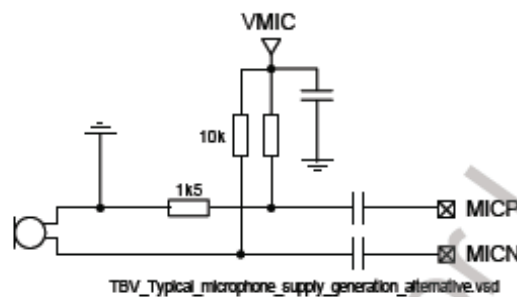


Figure 3.12.5 Typical Microphone Supply Generation (alternative)

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.13 Camera Interface(2M Fixed Focus Camera)

3.13.1 PMB8810 Camera Interface

The Camera Interface (CIF) represents a complete video and still picture input interface (see Figure 3.13.1).

The CIF contains image processing, scaling, and compression functions. The integrated image processing unit supports image sensors with integrated $YCbCr$ processing.

Scaling is used for downsizing the sensor data for either displaying them on the LCD, or for generating data streams for MPEG-4 compression. In general, $YCbCr$ 4:2:2 JPEG compressed images should use the full sensor resolution, but they can also be downscaled to a lower resolution for smaller JPEG files. Scaling also can be used for digital zoom effects, because the scalers are capable of up-scaling as well.

CIF

All data is transmitted via the memory interface to an AHB bus system using a bus master interface.

Programming is done by register read/write transactions using an AHB slave interface.

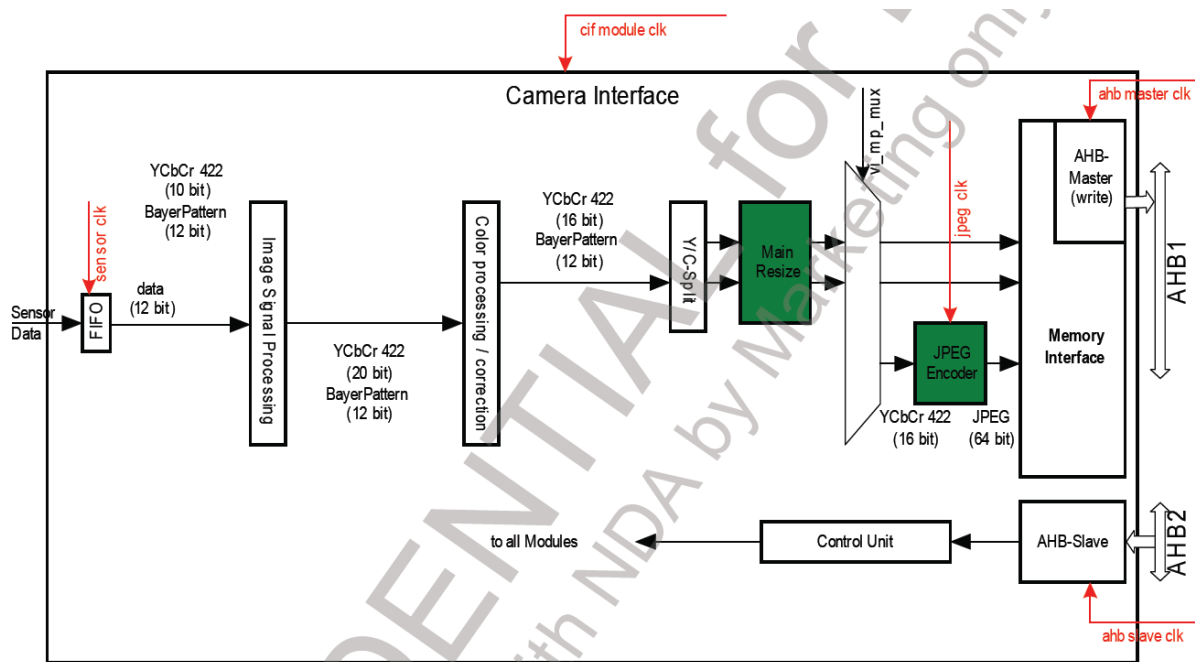


Figure 3.13.1 Block Diagram of Camera Interface

Functional Overview of CIF

The following list gives an overview over the CIF's functionality:

- 78 MHz system clock
- 78 MHz sensor clock
- 78 MHz JPEG encoder clock
- 32-bit AHB slave programming interface
- ITU-R BT 601 compliant video interface supporting YC_bC_r
- ITU-R BT 656 compliant video interface supporting YC_bC_r data
- 8-bit camera interface
- 12-bit resolution per color component internally
- YC_bC_r 4:2:2 processing
- Hardware JPEG encoder incl. JFIF1.02 stream generator and programmable quantization and Huffman tables
- Windowing and frame synchronization
- Continuous resize support
- Frame skip support for video (e.g. MPEG-4) encoding
- Macro block line, frame end, capture error, data loss interrupts and sync. (h_start, v_start) interrupts
- Programmable polarity for synchronization signals
- Luminance/chrominance and chrominance blue/red swapping for YUV input signals
- Maximum input resolution of 3 Mpixels (2048x1536 pixels)
- Main scaler with pixel-accurate up- and down-scaling to any resolution between 3 MP (2048x1536) and 32x16
- pixel in processing mode
- Buffer in system memory organized as ring-buffer
- Buffer overflow protection for raw data and JPEG files
- Asynchronous reset input, software reset for the entire IP and separate software resets for all sub-modules
- Interconnect test support
- Semi planar storage format
- Color processing (contrast, saturation, brightness, hue)
- Power management by software controlled clock disabling of currently not needed sub-modules

3. TECHNICAL BRIEF

3.14 KEY BACKLIGHT LED Interface

Key Backlight LED is controlled by switch (Q200). If KEY_BL_EN is high, Current is flowing from VBAT to LED. Then Light emitted from The LED.

KEY_BL_EN is operating PWM. It is reducing current consumption.

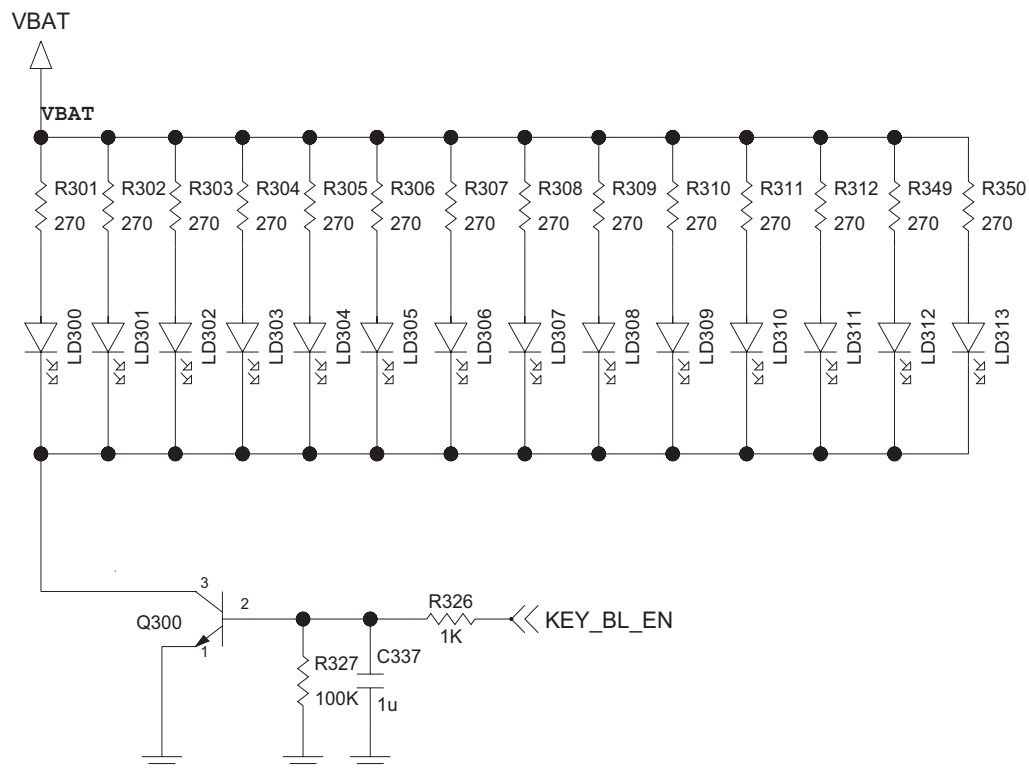


Figure 3-14-1 Key Backlight Block

3.15 Vibrator Interface

Support PWM signal which generated by hardware itself via register control
 Direct connect to the VIB and VSSVIB pin from XMM2130 without any external component required.
 It is capable to driver the vibrator motor up to 150mA.

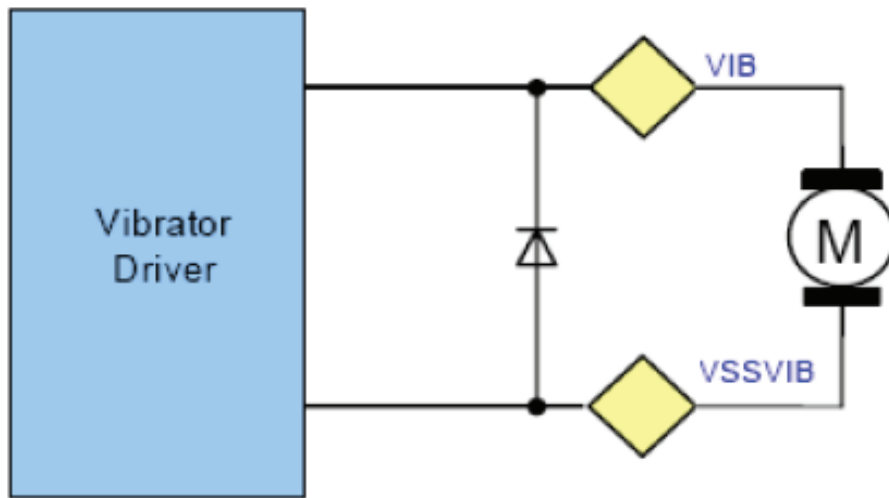


Figure 3-15-1 Vibrator Driver Block Diagram

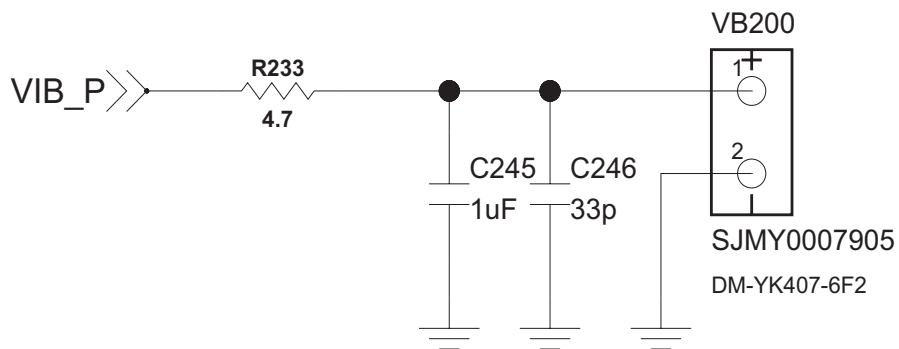


Figure 3-15-2 Vibrator Driver Block

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.1 RF Component

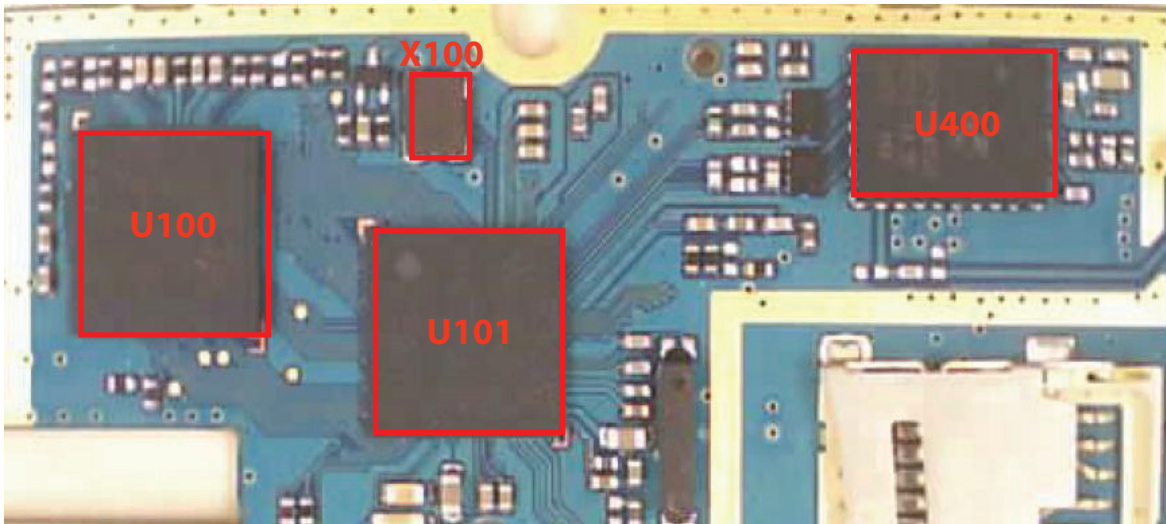
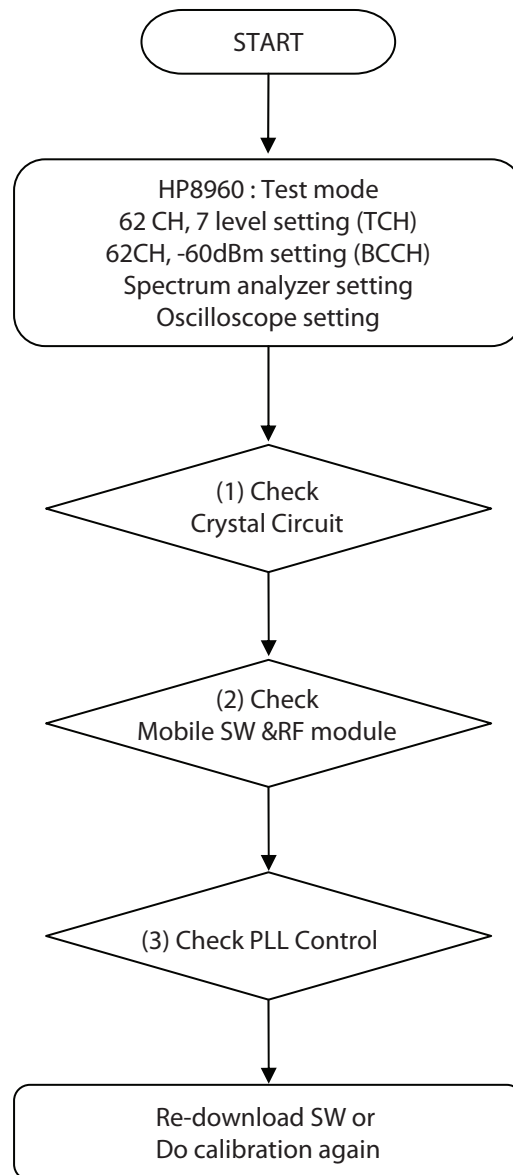


Figure 4.1

U100	Memory(512NOR/128pSDRAM)
U101 (PMB8810)	Main Chip (A-GOLDRADIO+)
U400	RF Module
X100	Crystal, 26MHz Clock

4.2 RX Trouble

CHECKING FLOW



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

(1) Checking Crystal Circuit

TEST POINT

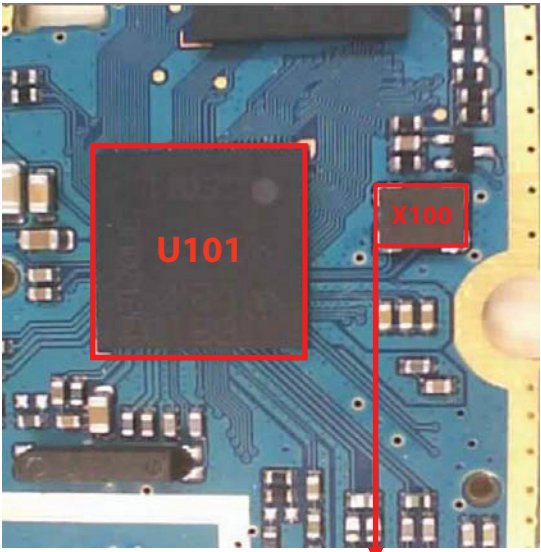
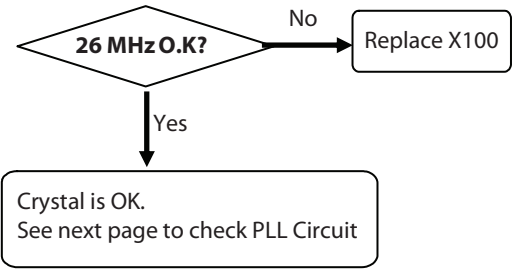


Figure 4.2.1 1 pin : 26MHz

CHECKING FLOW



CIRCUIT

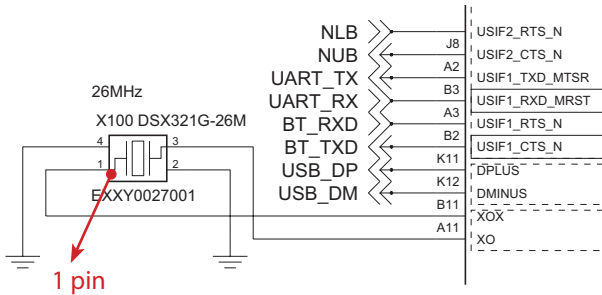


Figure 4.2.2

WAVEFORM

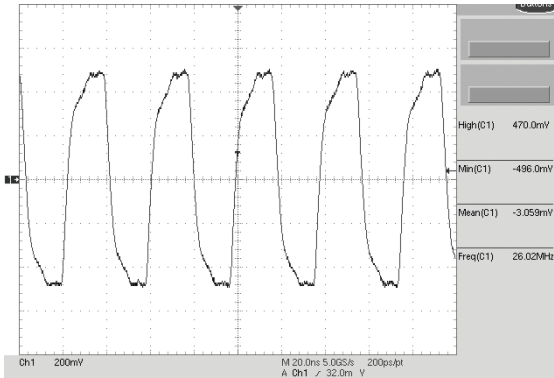


Figure 4.2.3

(2) Checking Mobile SW &FEM

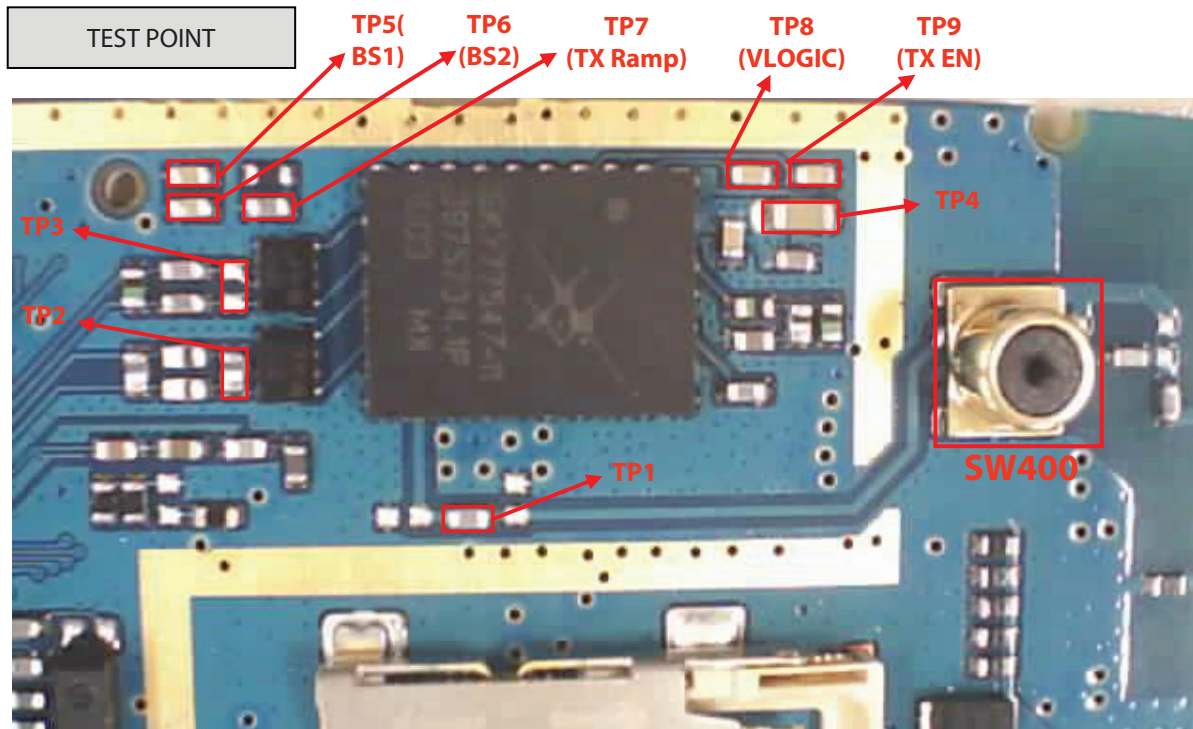
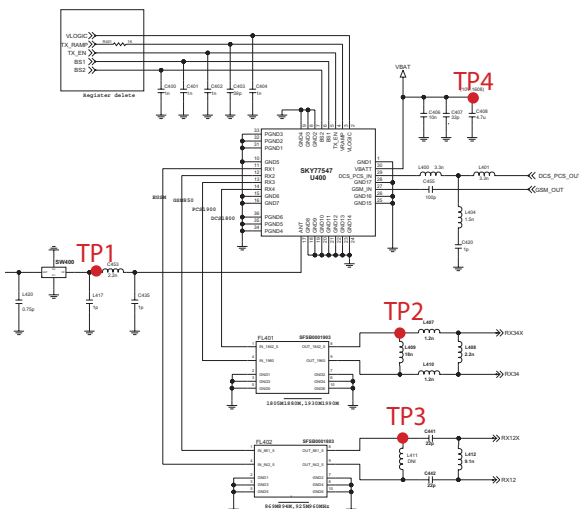


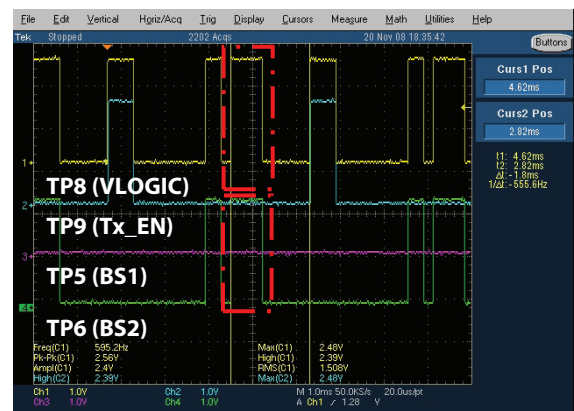
Figure 4.2.4

CIRCUIT

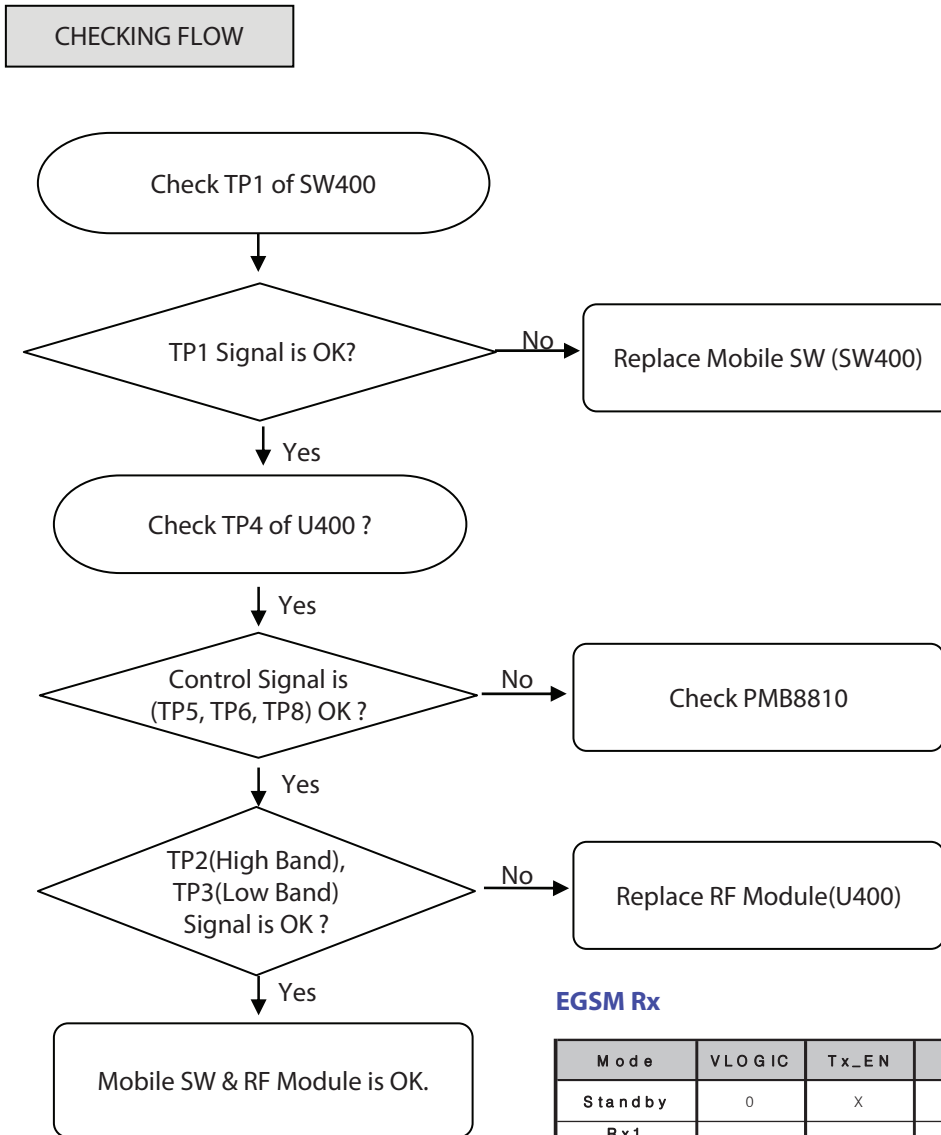


CONTROL LOGIC

EGSM Rx



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

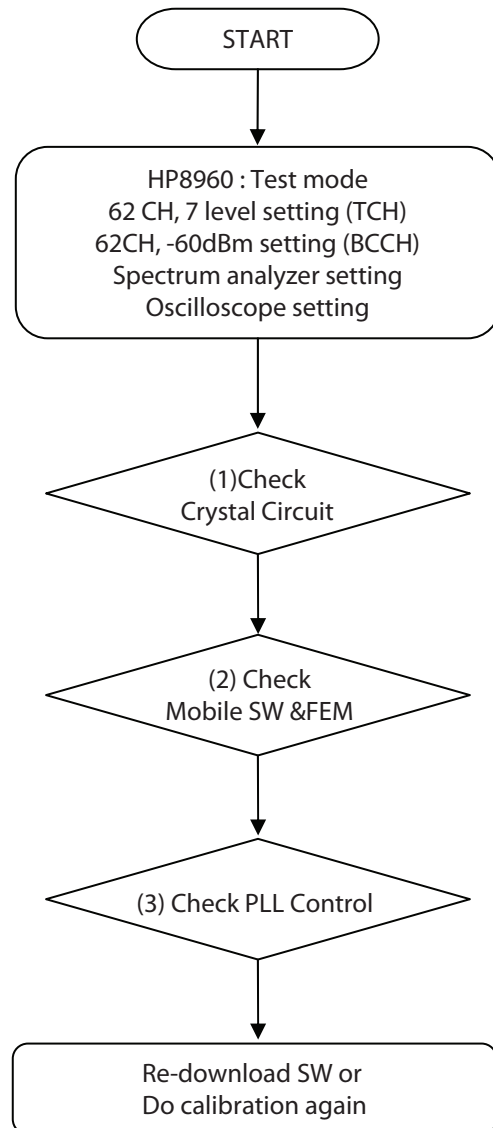


EGSM Rx

Mode	VLOGIC	Tx_EN	BS1	BS2
Standby	0	X	X	X
Rx1 (GSM850)	1	0	0	0
Rx2 (EGSM)	1	0	0	1
Rx3 (DCS)	1	0	1	1
Rx4 (PCS)	1	0	1	0
LB_Tx	1	1	0	X
HB_Tx	1	1	1	X

4.3 TX Trouble

CHECKING FLOW



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

(1) Checking Crystal Circuit

TEST POINT

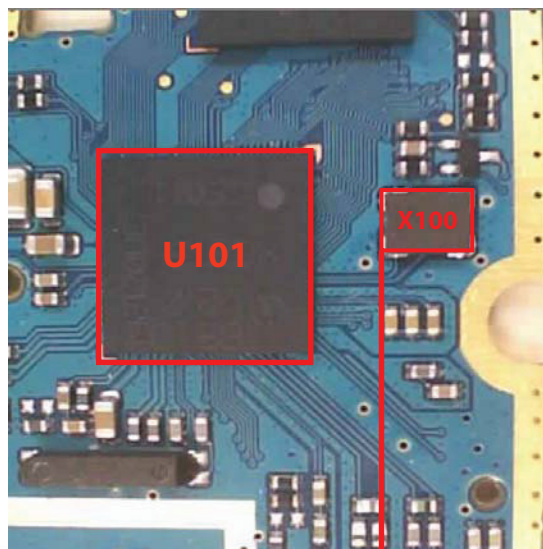
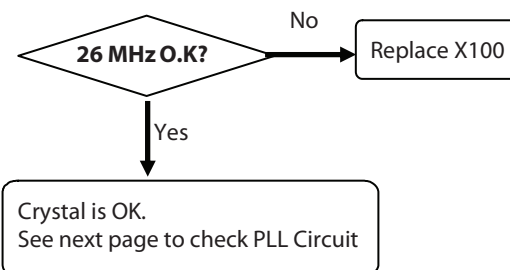


Figure 4.3.1 1 pin : 26MHz

CHECKING FLOW



CIRCUIT

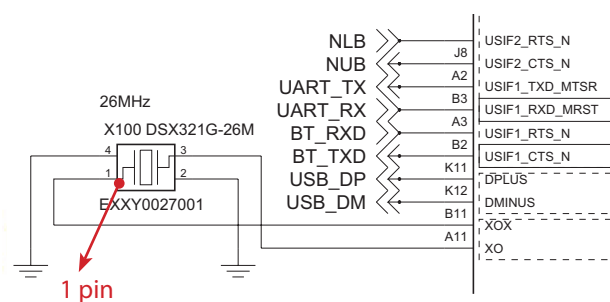


Figure 4.3.2

WAVEFORM

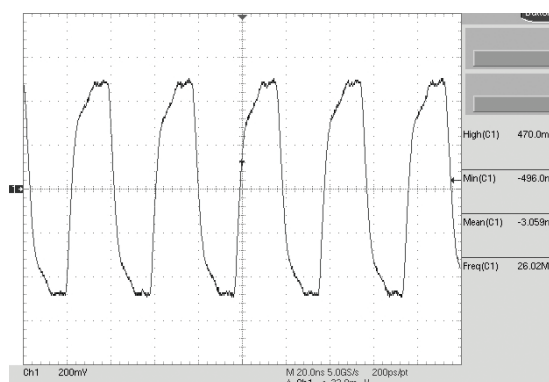


Figure 4.3.3

(2) Checking Mobile SW & TX Module

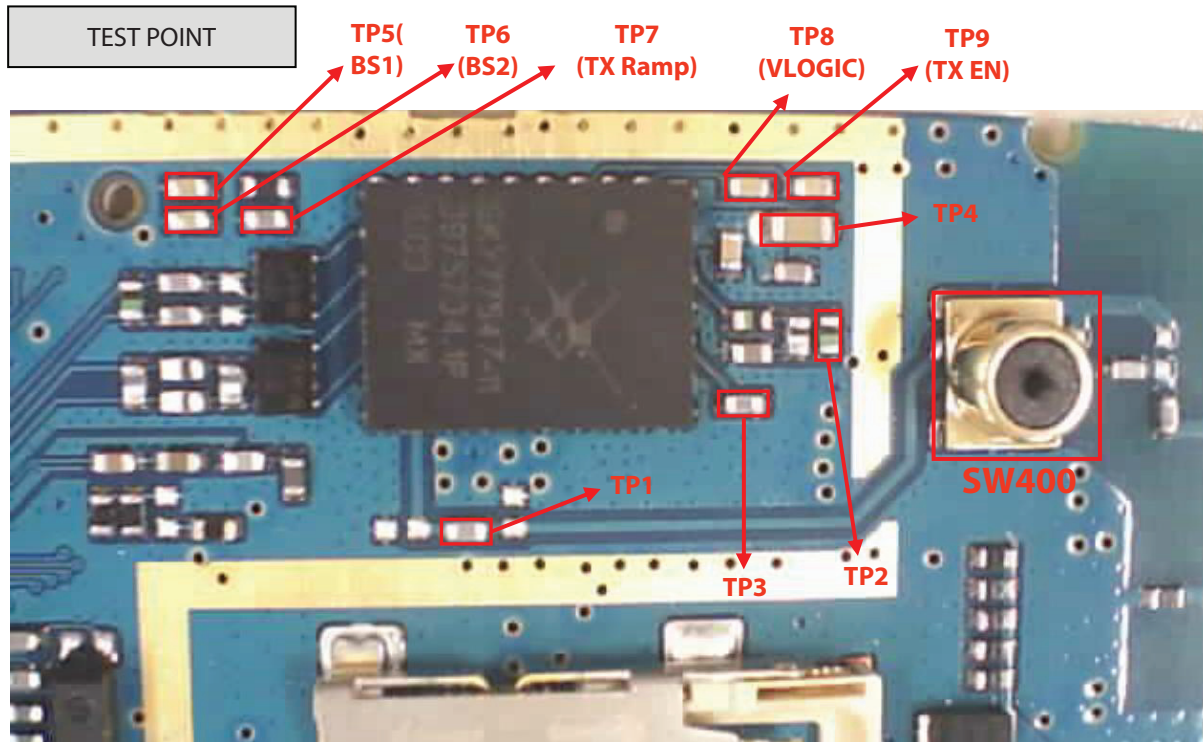
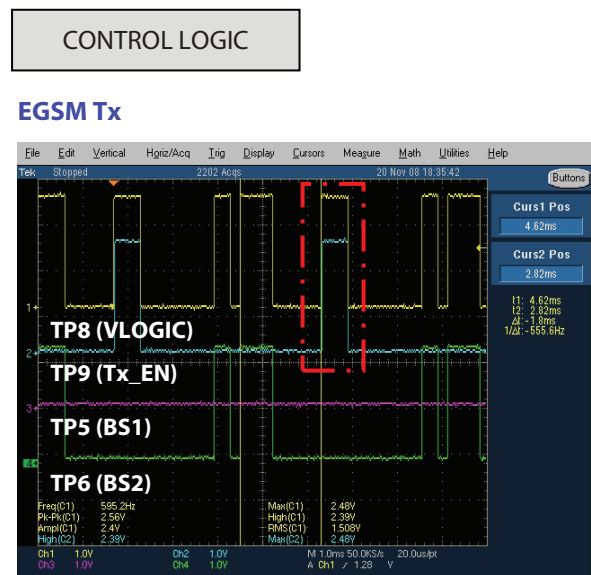
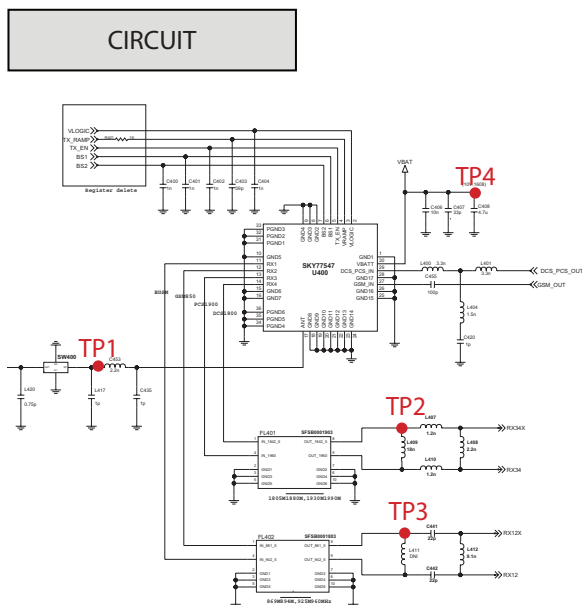
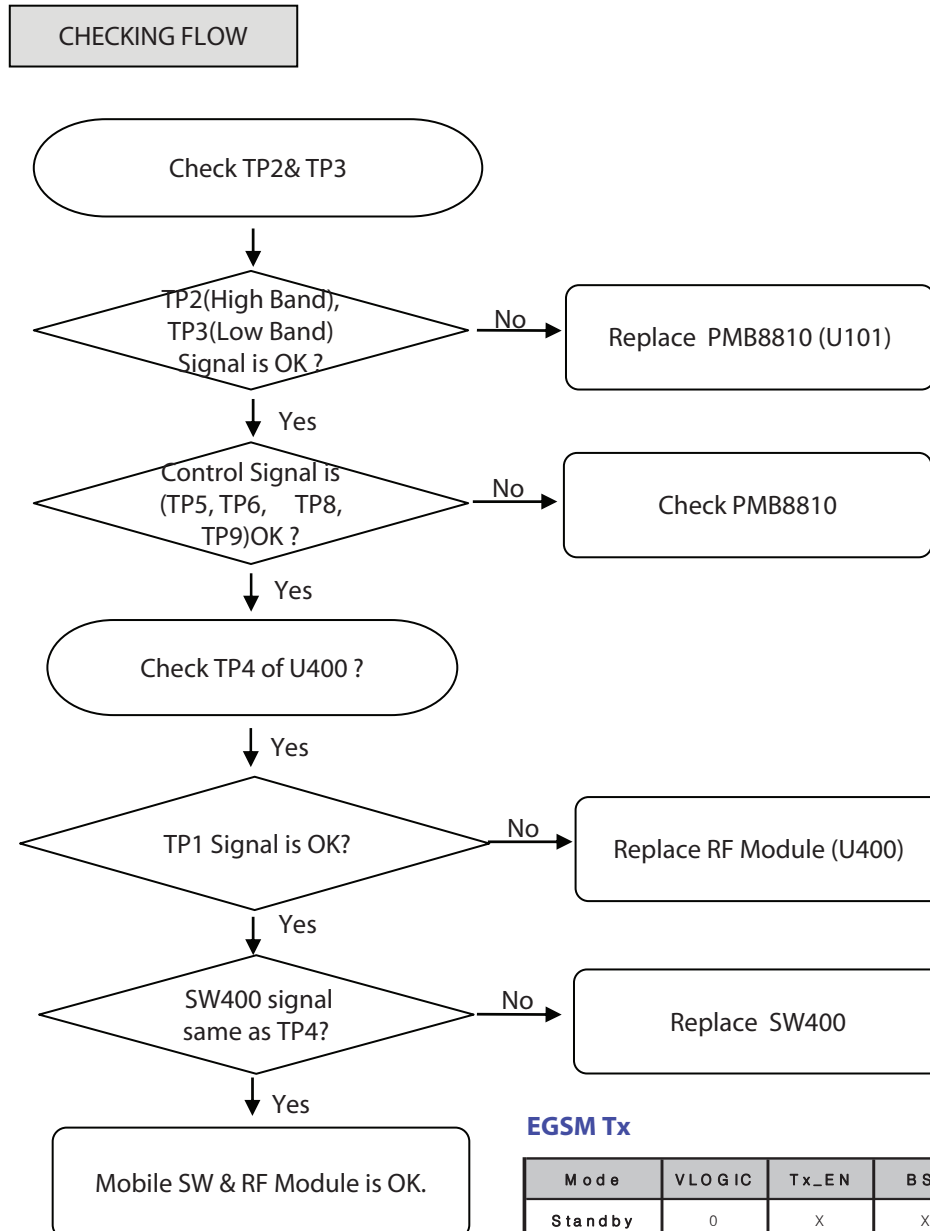


Figure 4.3.4



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING



EGSM Tx

Mode	VLOGIC	Tx_EN	BS1	BS2
Standby	0	X	X	X
Rx1 (GSM850)	1	0	0	0
Rx2 (EGSM)	1	0	0	1
Rx3 (DCS)	1	0	1	1
Rx4 (PCS)	1	0	1	0
LB_Tx	1	1	0	X
HB_Tx	1	1	1	X

4.4 Power On Trouble

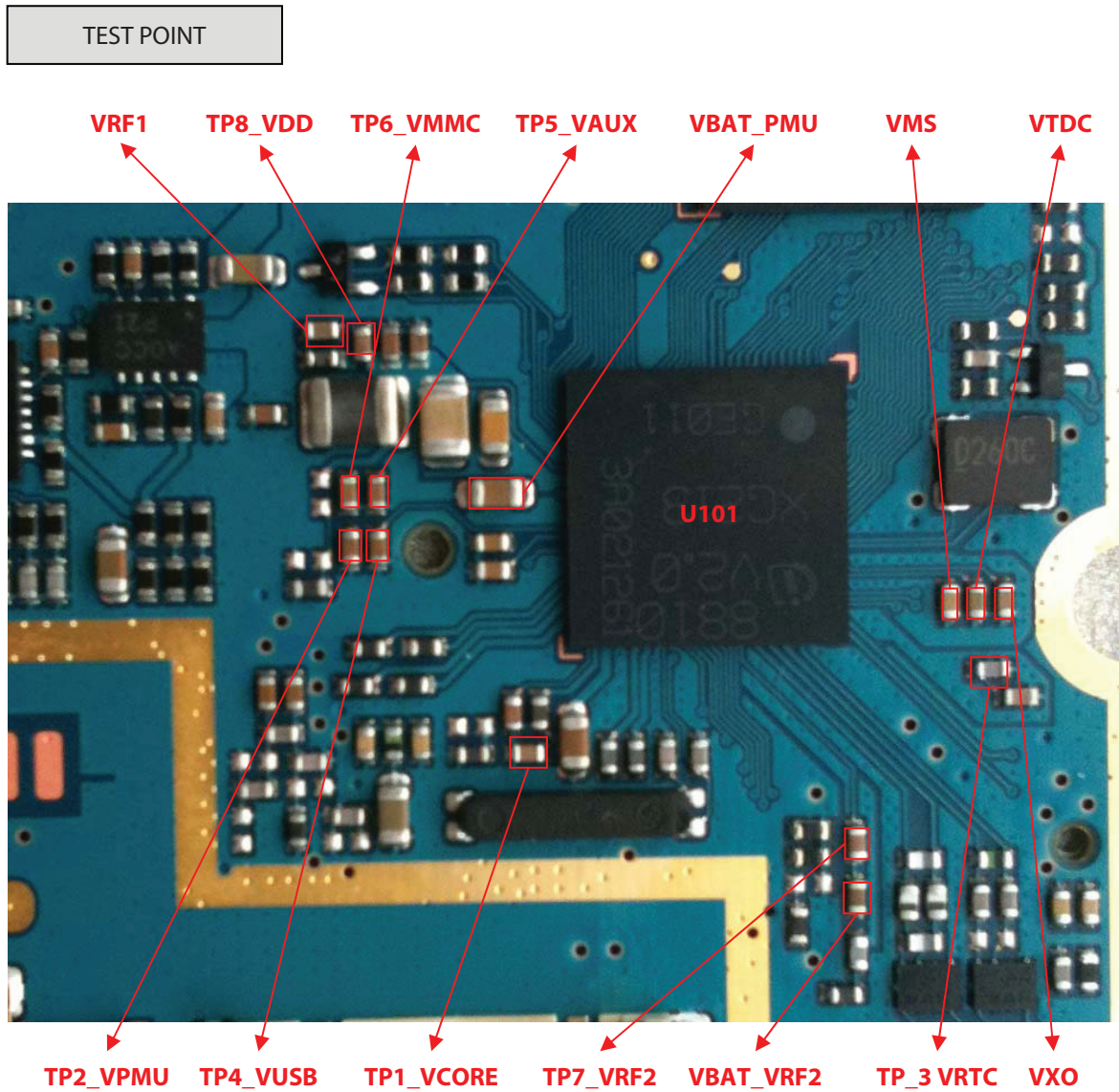
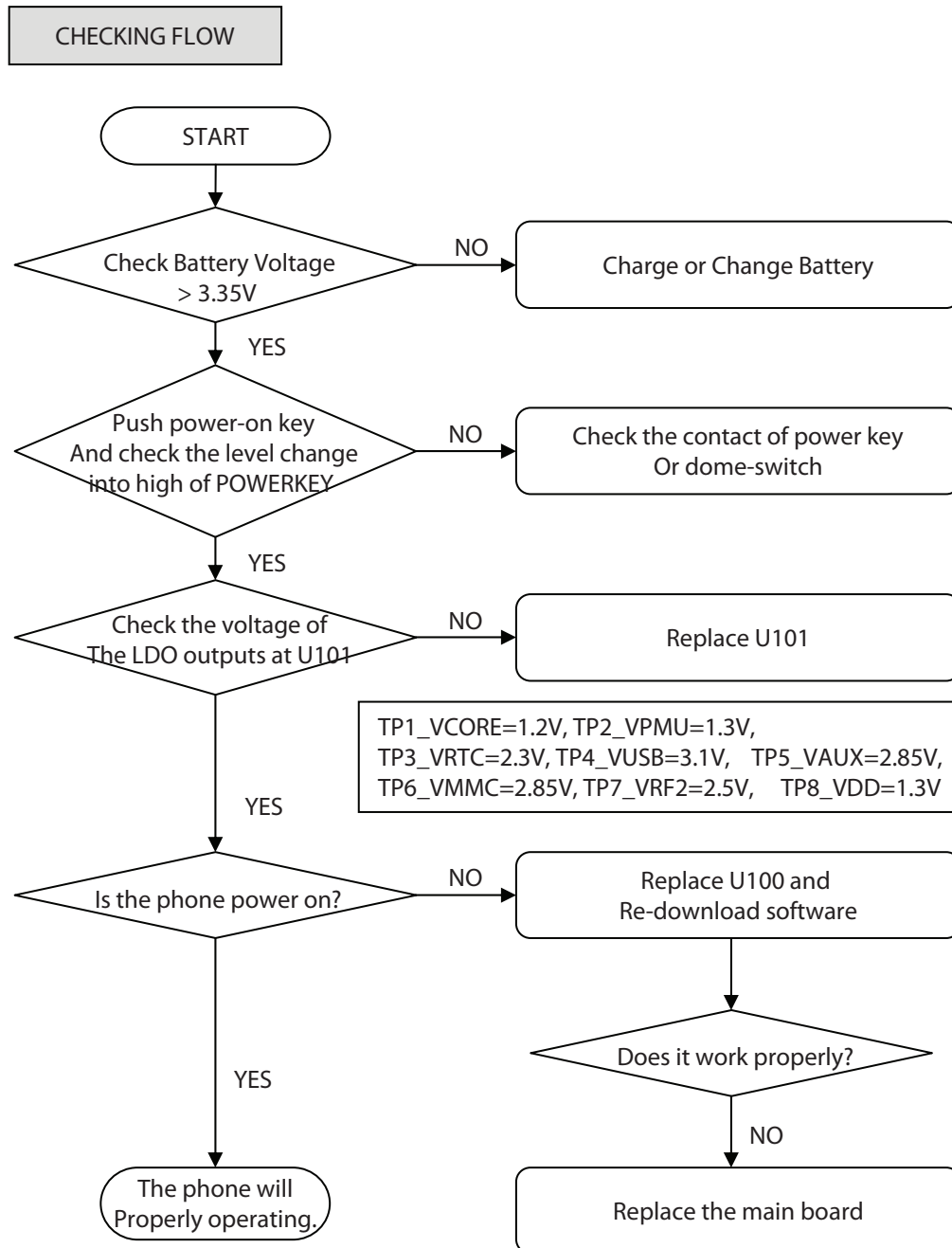


Figure 4.1

CIRCUIT





4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.5 Charging Trouble

TEST POINT

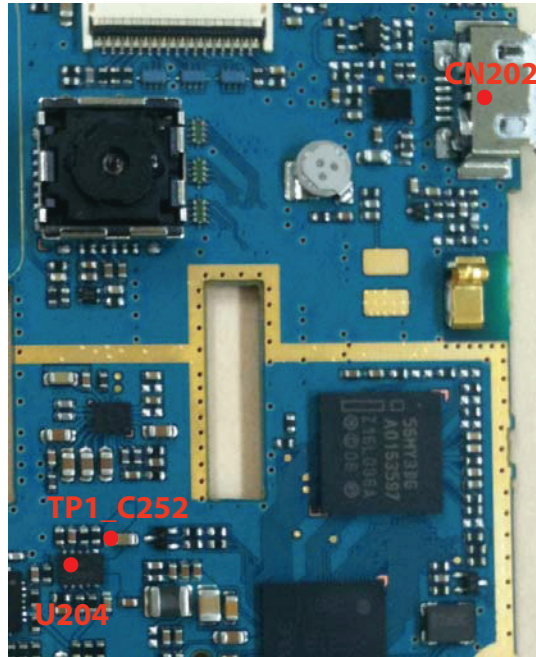
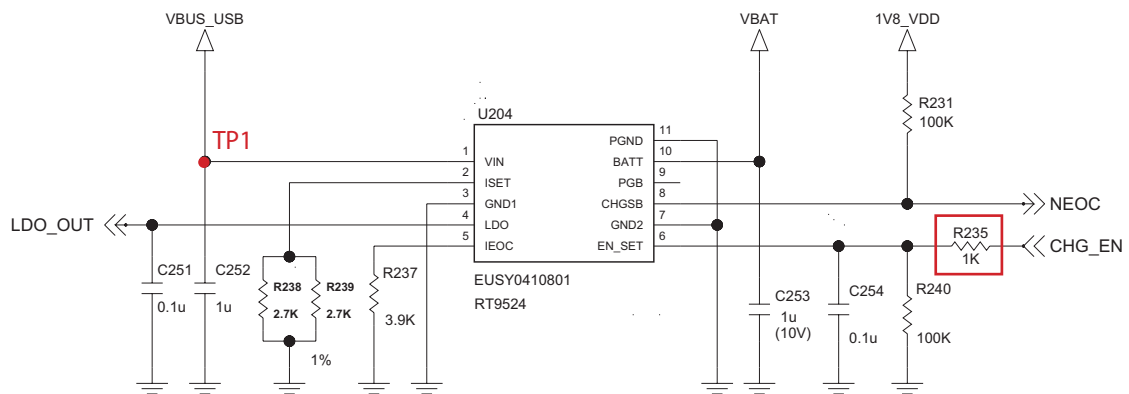


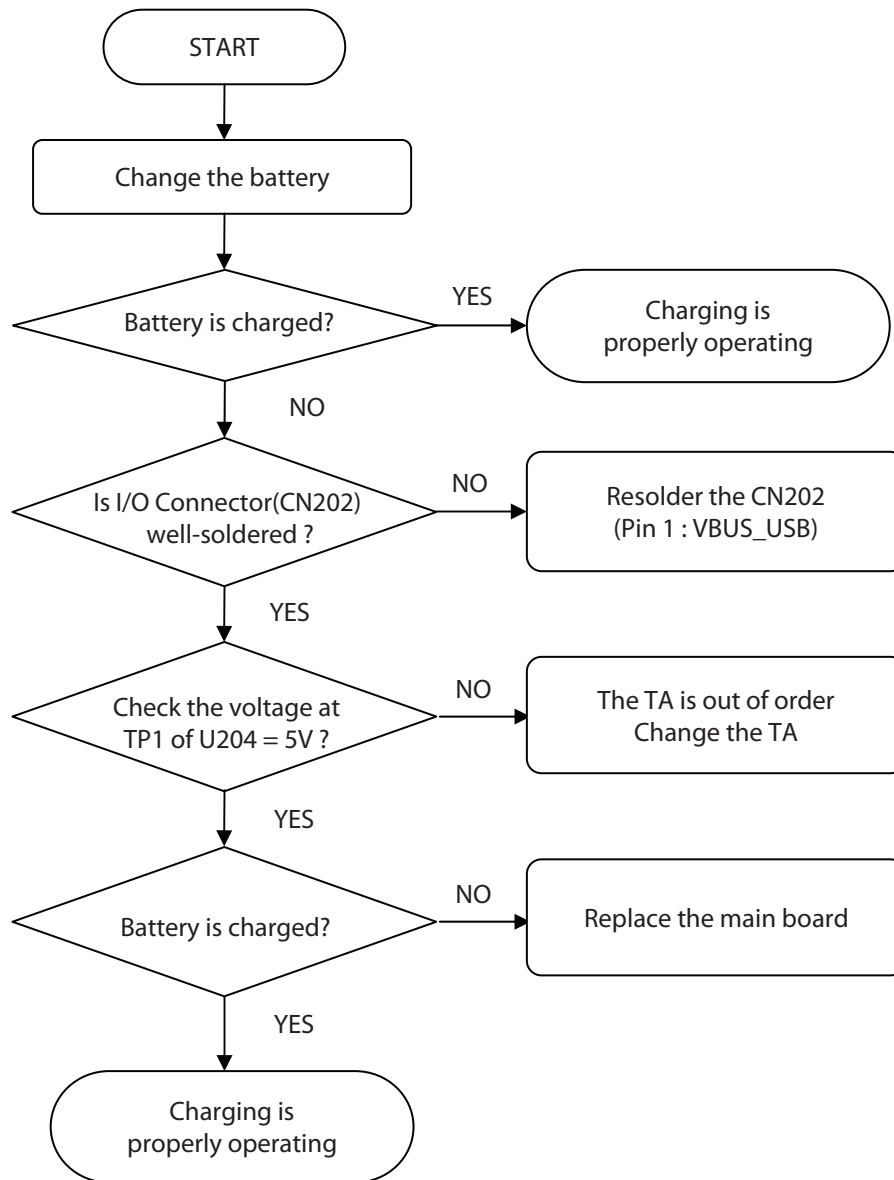
Figure 4.5

CIRCUIT

CHARGING IC



CHECKING FLOW



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.6 Vibrator Trouble

TEST POINT

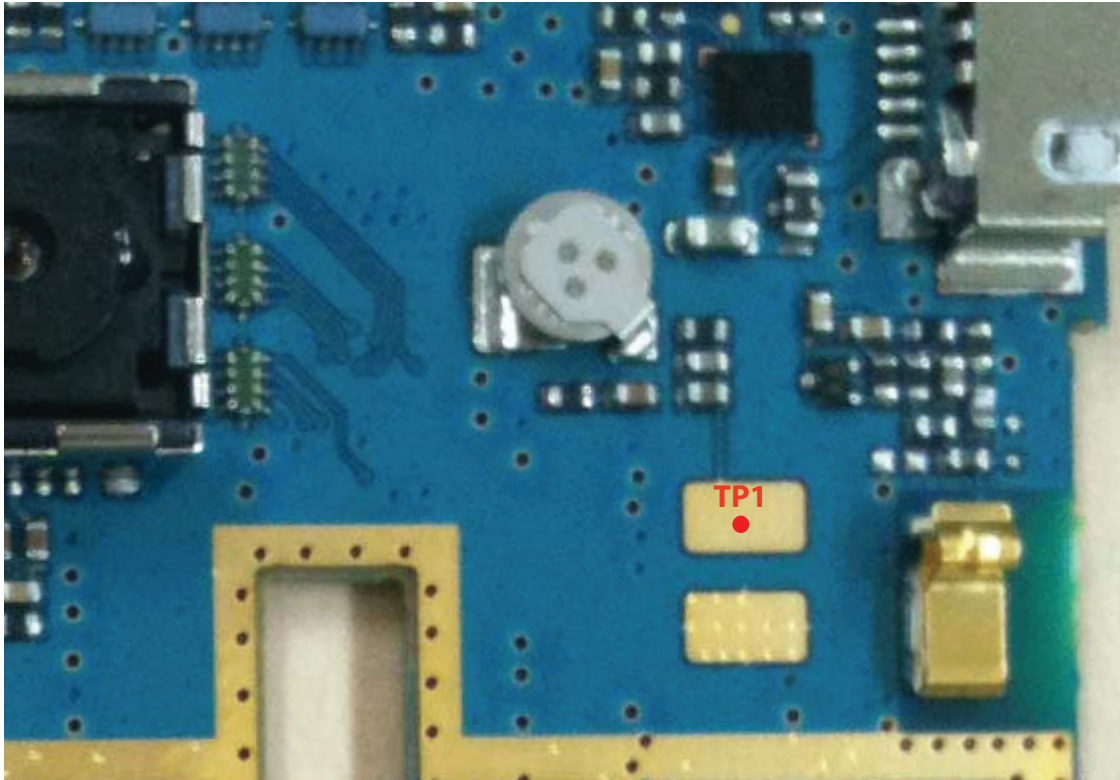
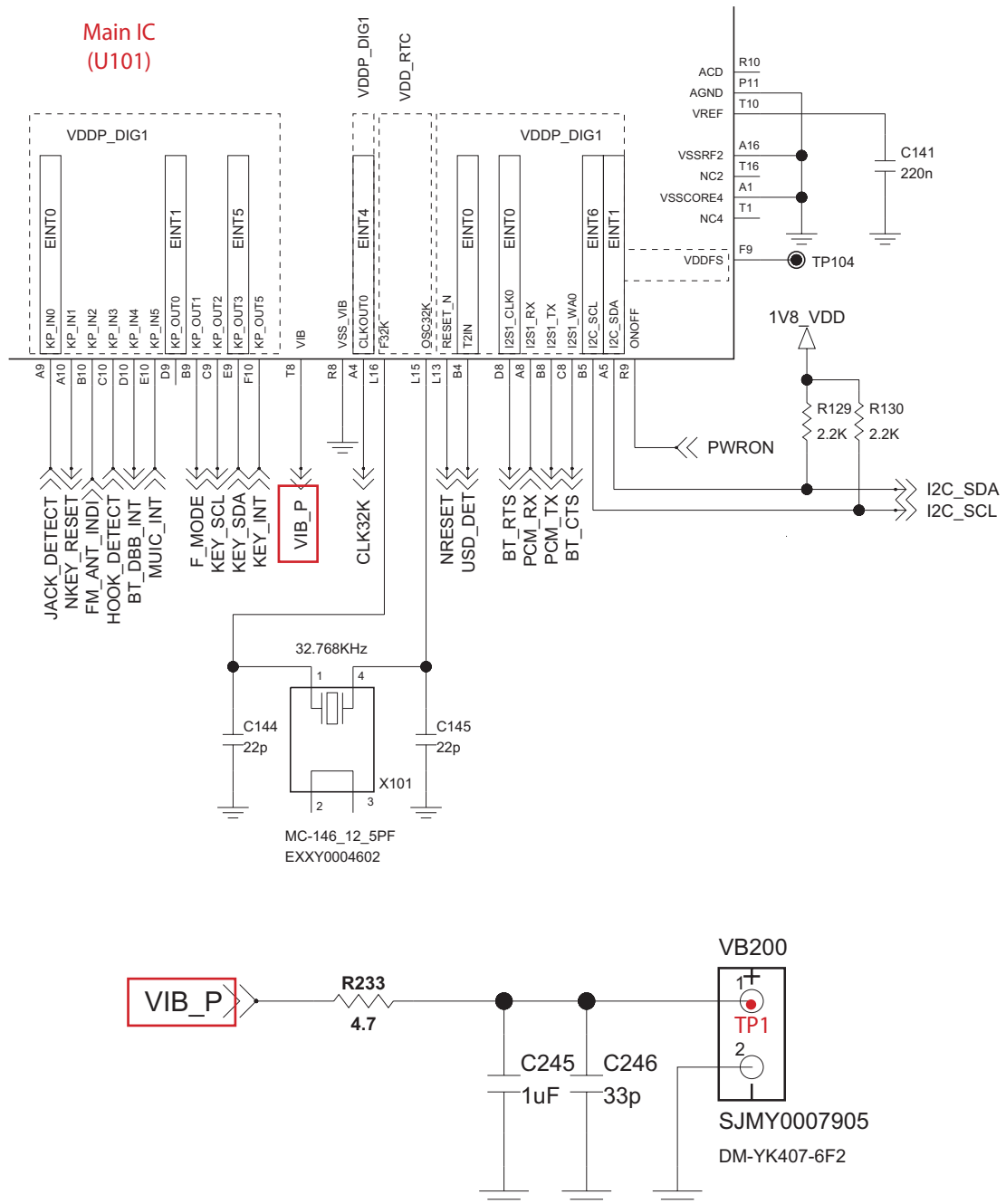


Figure 4.6

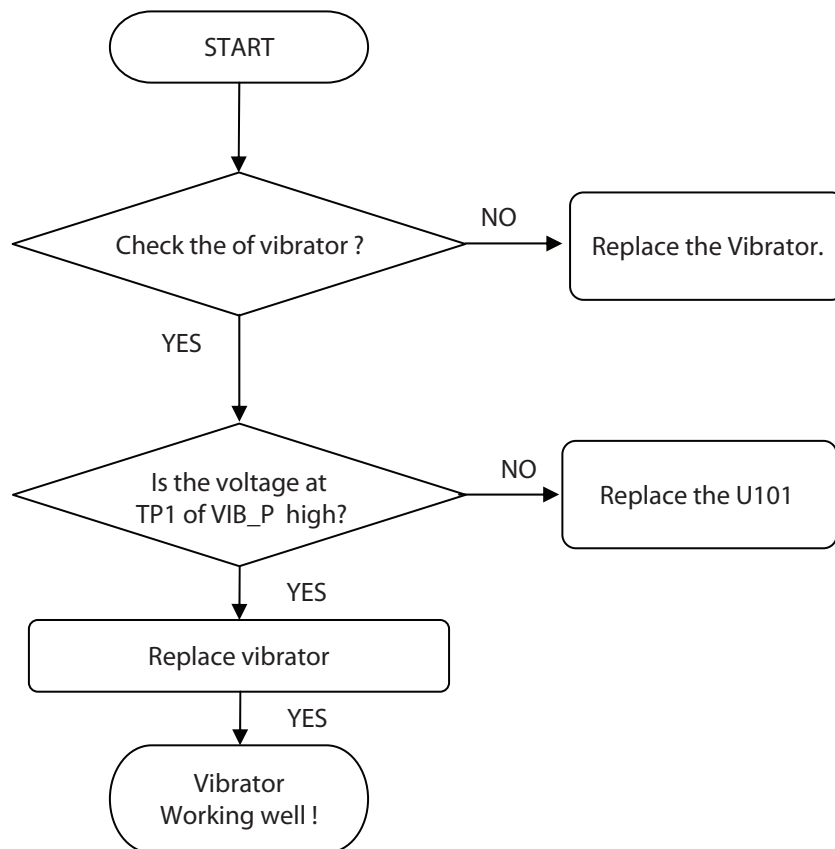
CIRCUIT



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

CHECKING FLOW

SETTING : Enter the engineering mode, and set vibrator on at vibration of BB test menu



4.7 LCD Trouble

TEST POINT

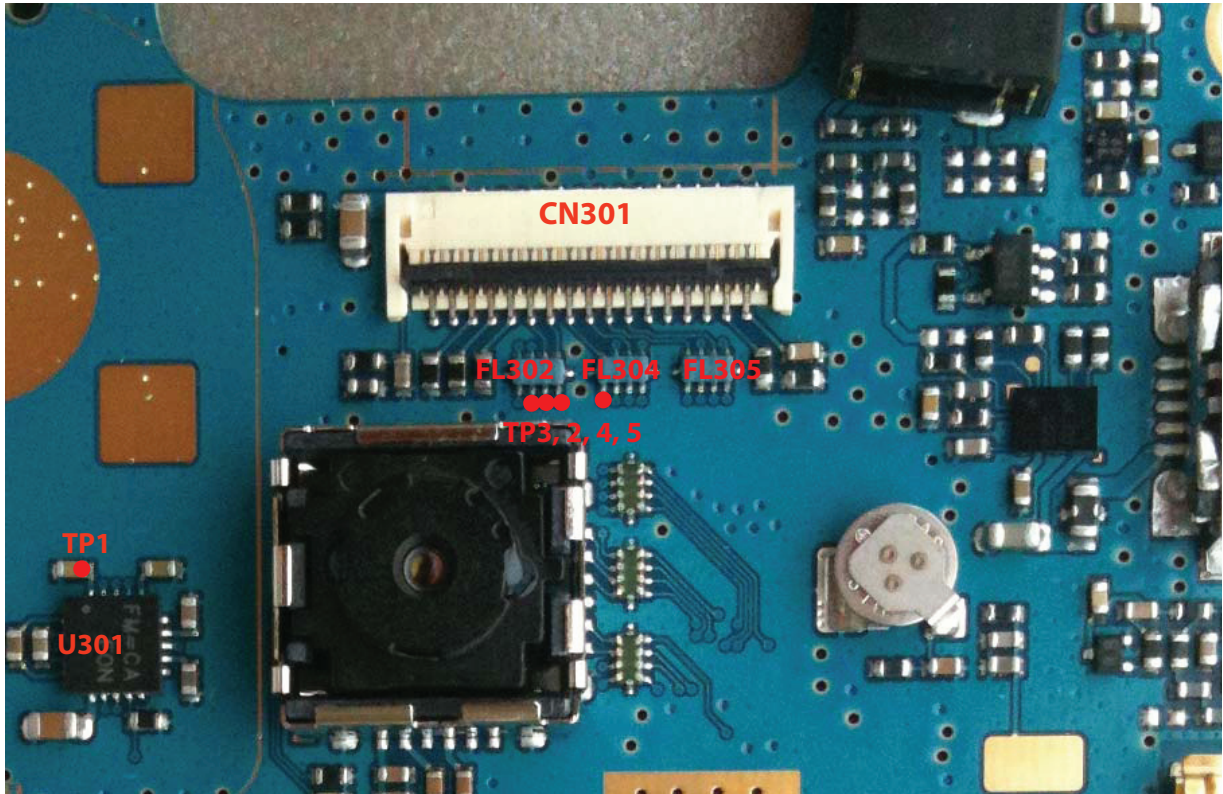
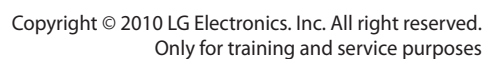


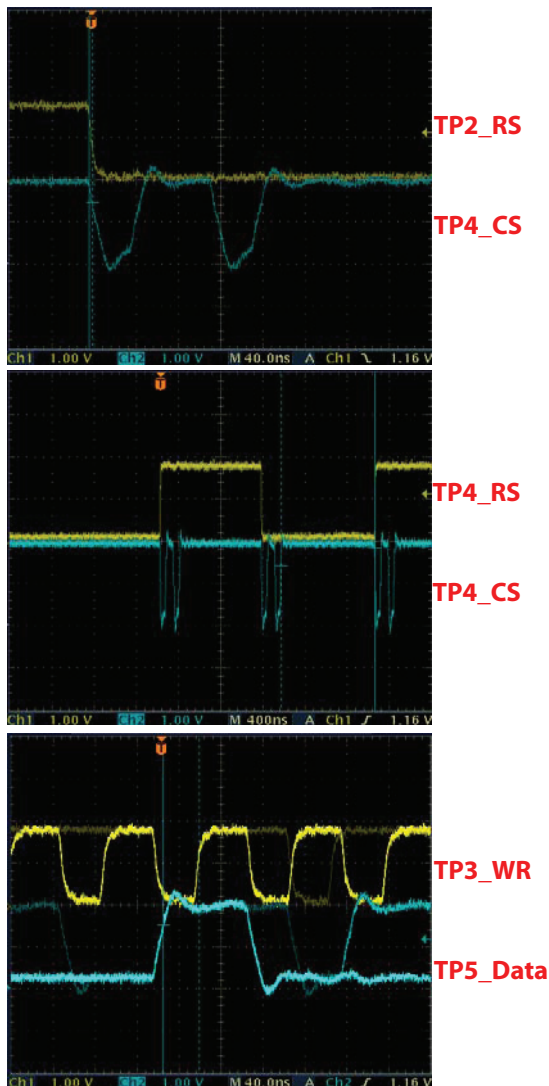
Figure 4.7

CIRCUIT



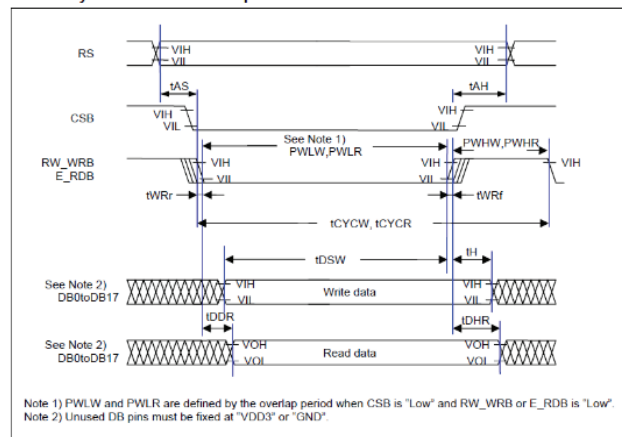
Waveform

Bus Interface Operation



15. Timing characteristics

15.1. 80-system bus interface operation



15.2. Timing Characteristics

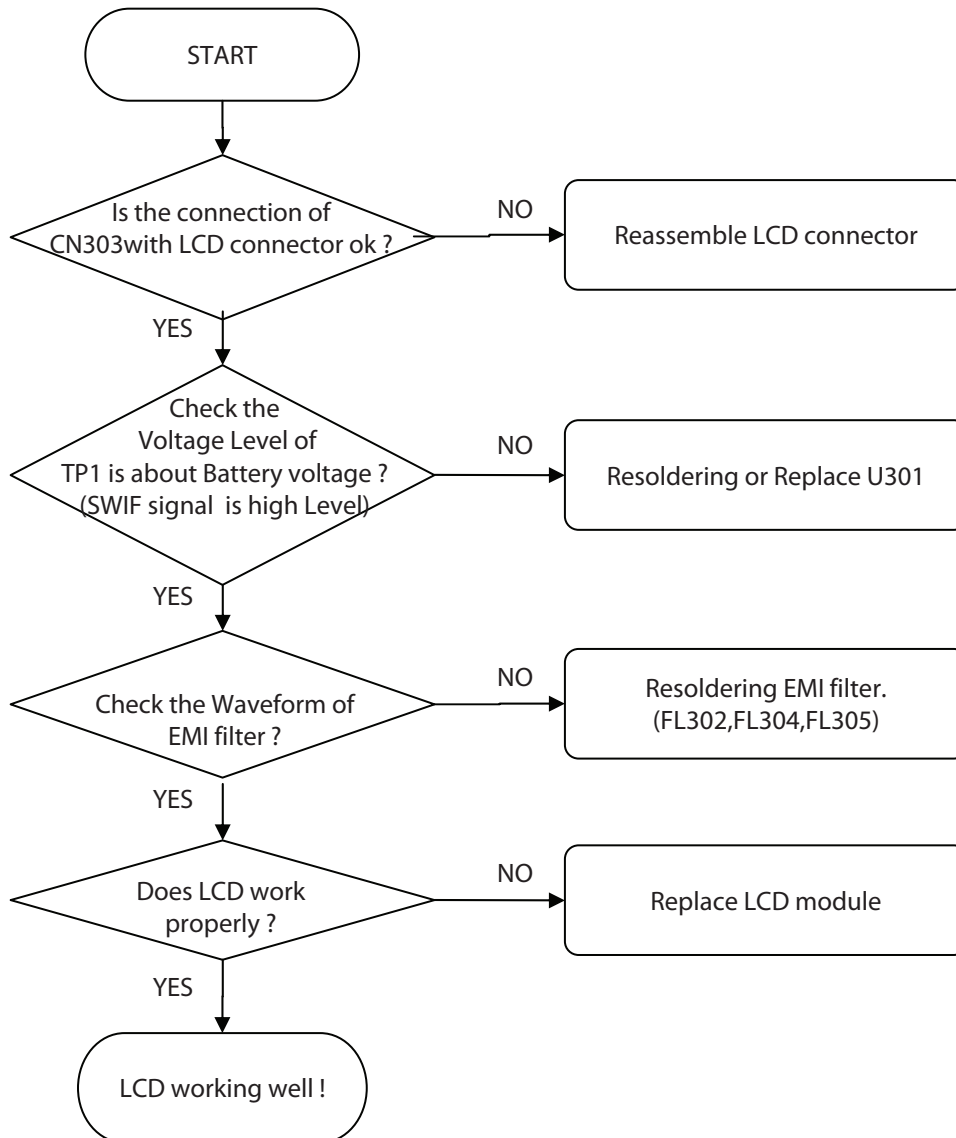
Normal Write Mode (HWM=0) (IOVcc=1.65~3.3V, Vcc=Vcl=2.5~3.3V, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max
Bus cycle time	Write	tcycw	ns	80	-
	Read	tcycr	ns	350	-
Write "Low" level pulse width	Write	PWLW	ns	15	-
Read "Low" level pulse width	Read	PWLR	ns	200	-
Write "High" level pulse width	Write	PWHW	ns	15	-
Read "High" level pulse width	Read	PWHR	ns	150	-
Write/Read rise/fall time	tWRr, tWRf	ns	-	-	25
Setup time	Write(RS-CS/, WR/)	tAS	ns	0	-
	Read(RS-CS/, WR/)	tAH	ns	10	-
Address hold time	tAH	ns	2	-	-
Write data setup time	tDSW	ns	25	-	-
Write data hold time	tH	ns	5	-	-
Read data delay time	tDDR	ns	-	-	20
Read data hold time	tDHR	ns	5	-	-

Graph 4.7.2. LCD Data Waveform

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

CHECKING FLOW



4.8 Camera Trouble

TEST POINT

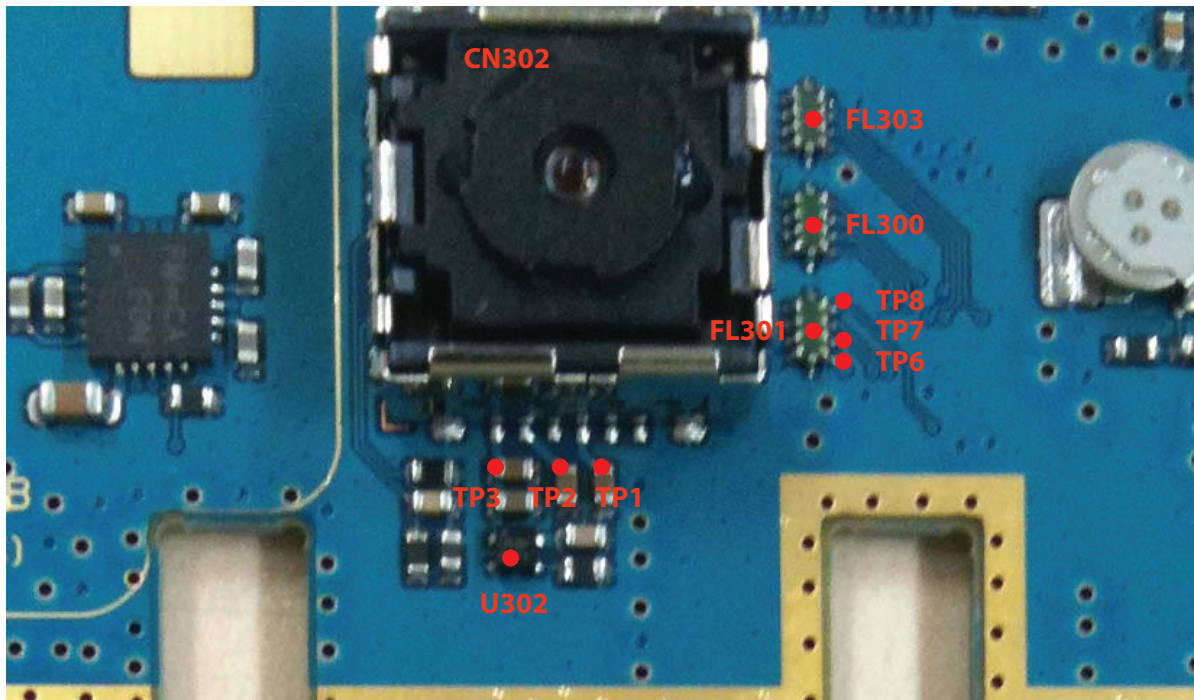


Figure 4.8

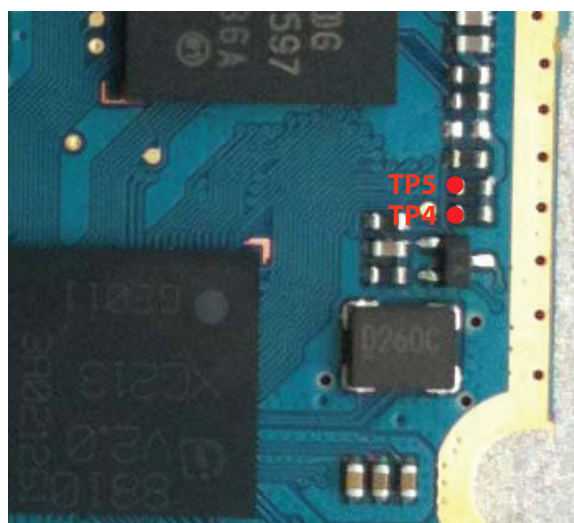
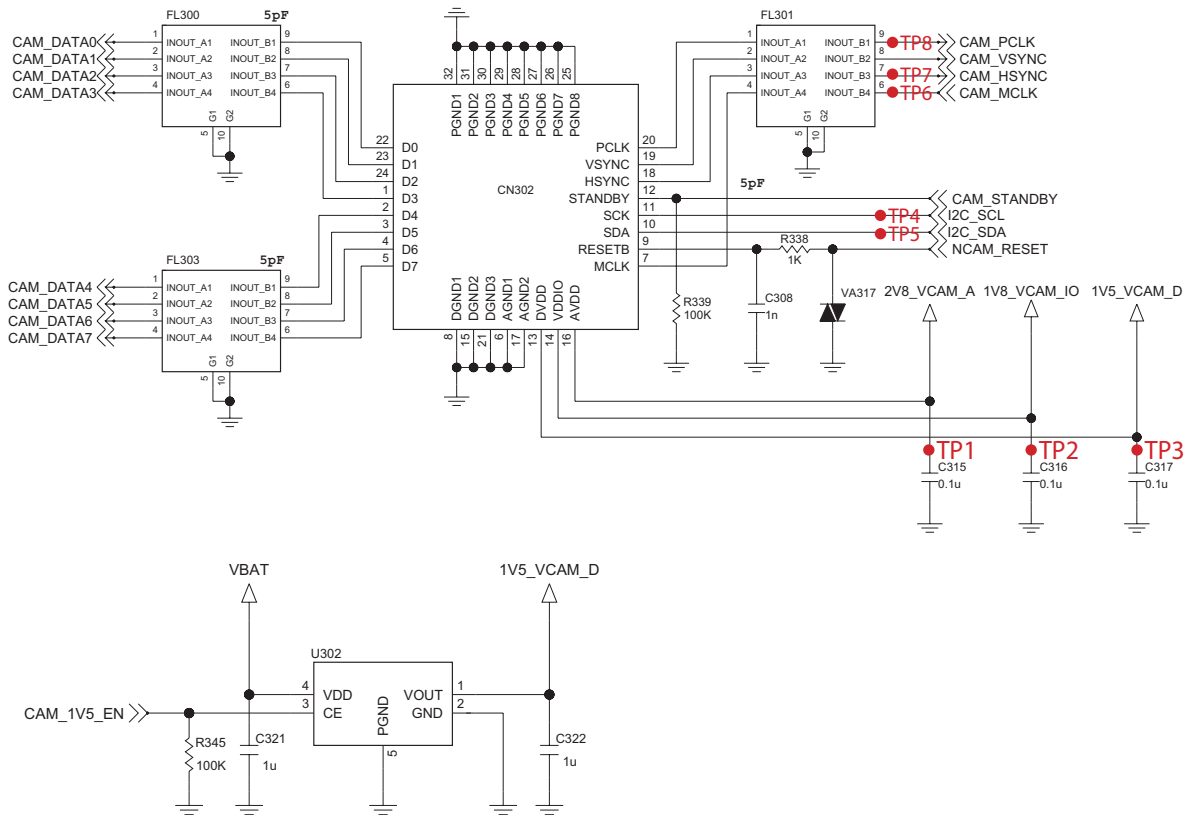


Figure 4.8.1

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

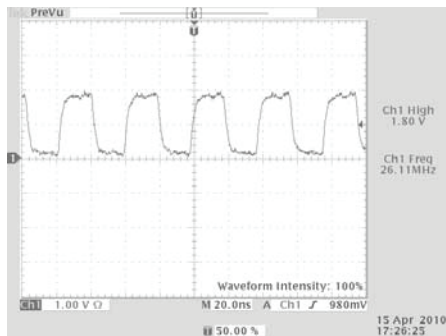
CIRCUIT



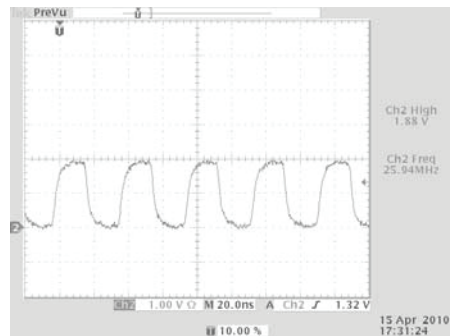
4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

Waveform

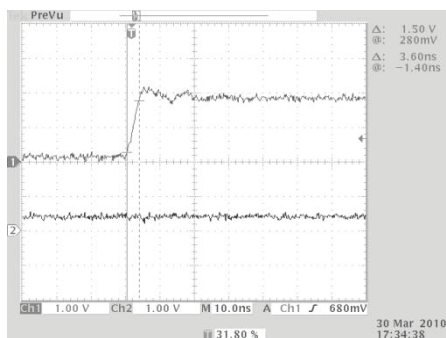
AC Characteristic



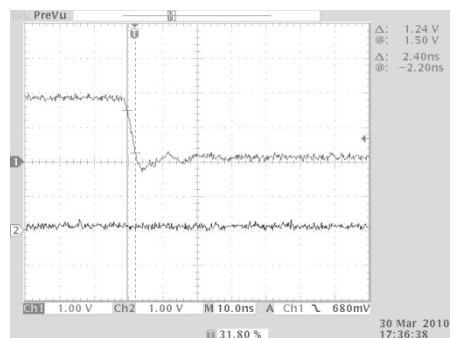
TP6→MCLK 26MHz



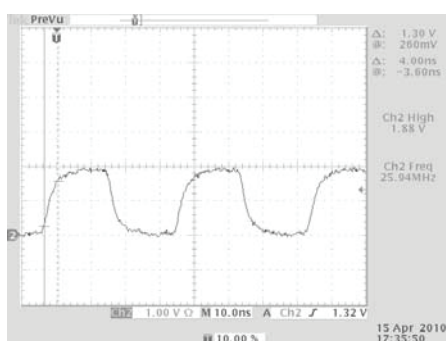
TP8→PCLK 26MHz



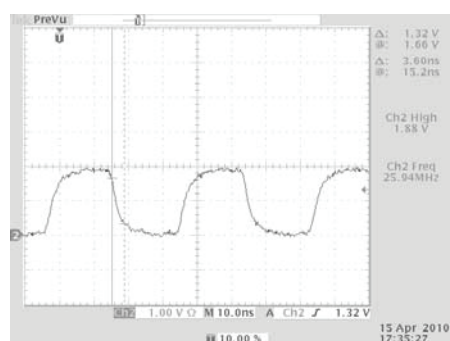
TP7→HSYNC rising time = 3.6ns



TP7→HSYNC falling time = 2.4ns

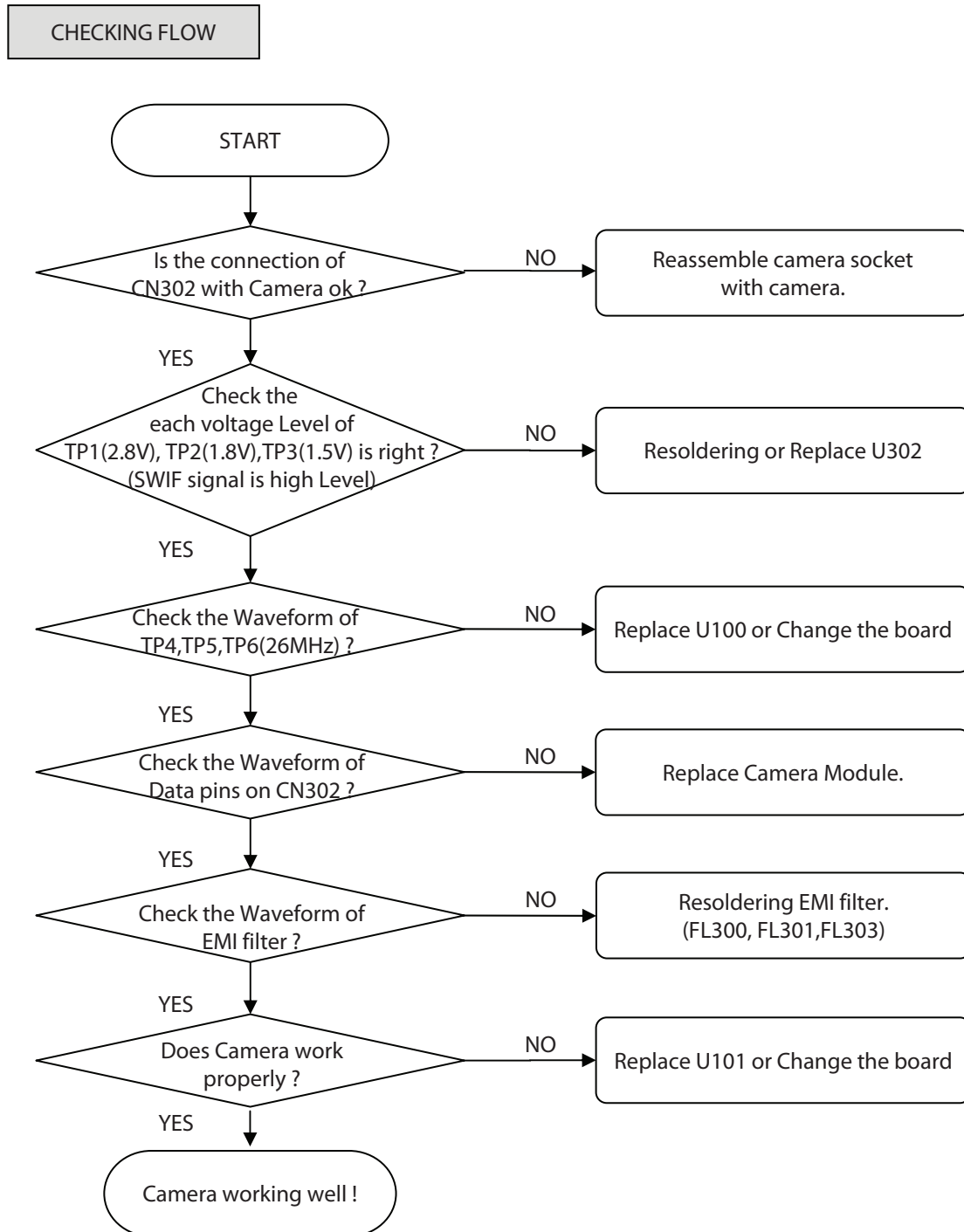


TP8→PCLK rising time = 3.6ns



TP8→PCLK falling time = 3.6ns

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING



4.9 Speaker Trouble

TEST POINT

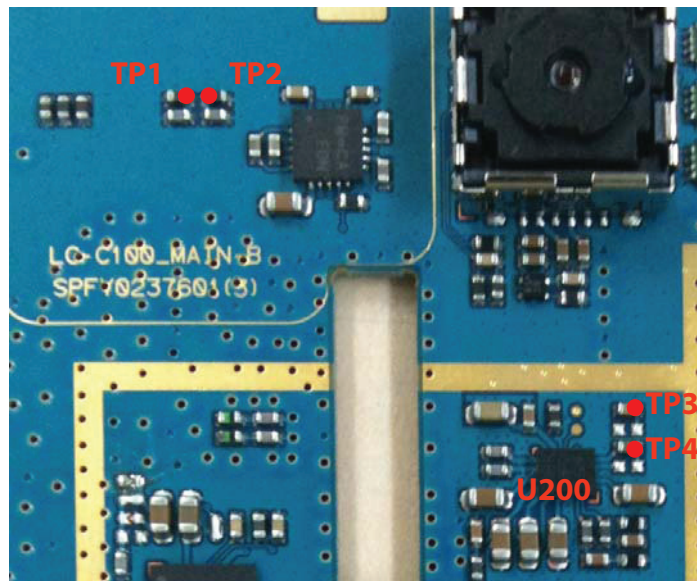
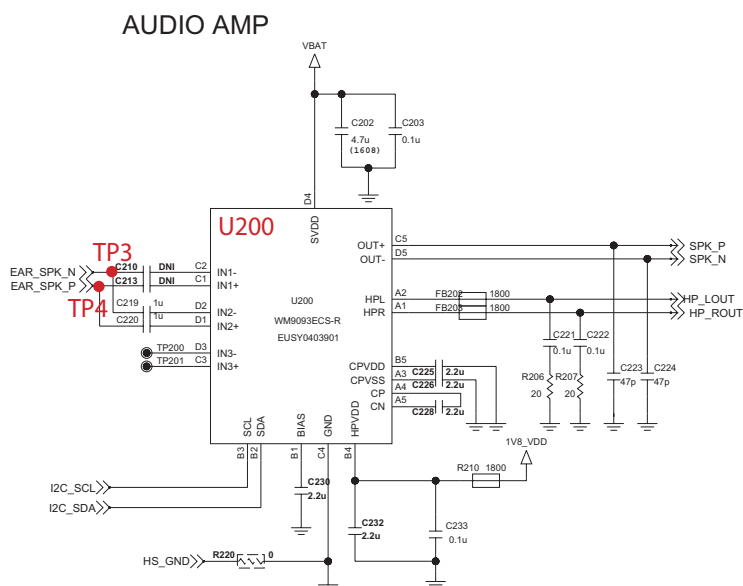
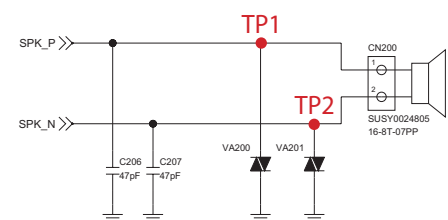


Figure 4.9

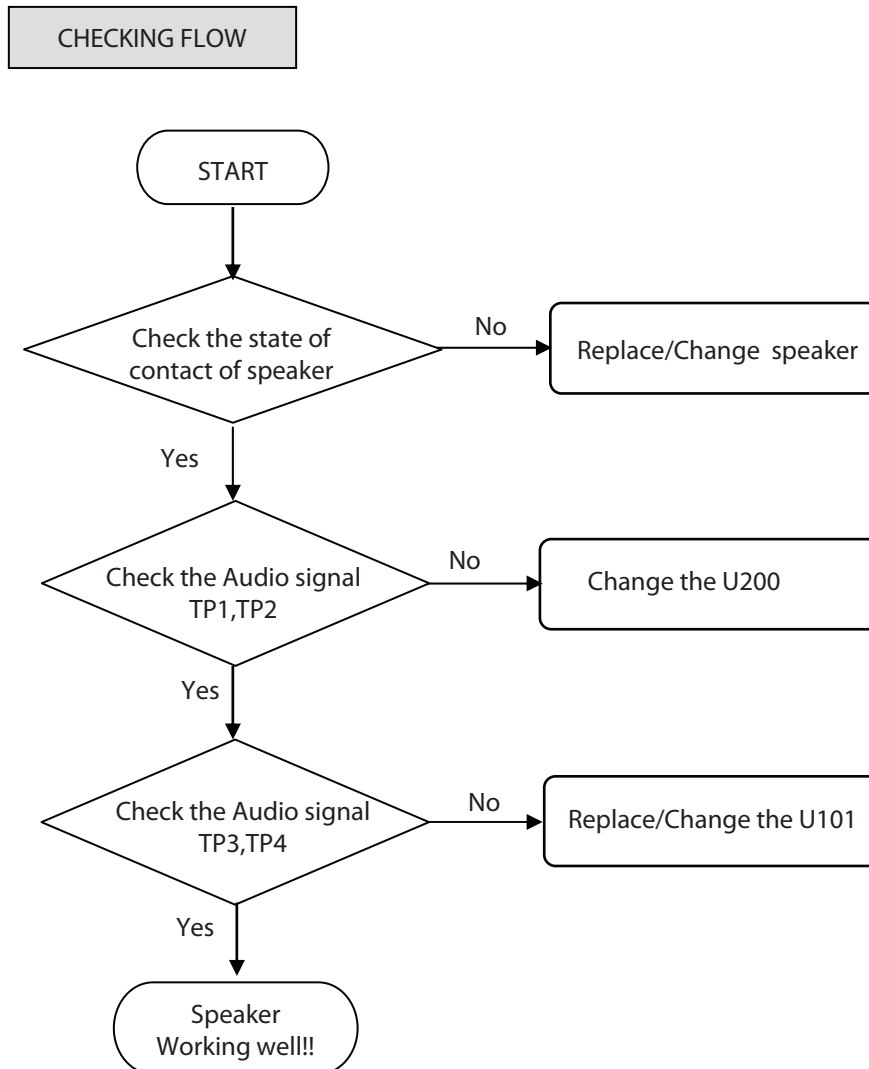
CIRCUIT



LOUD SPEAKER



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING



4.10 Earphone Trouble

TEST POINT

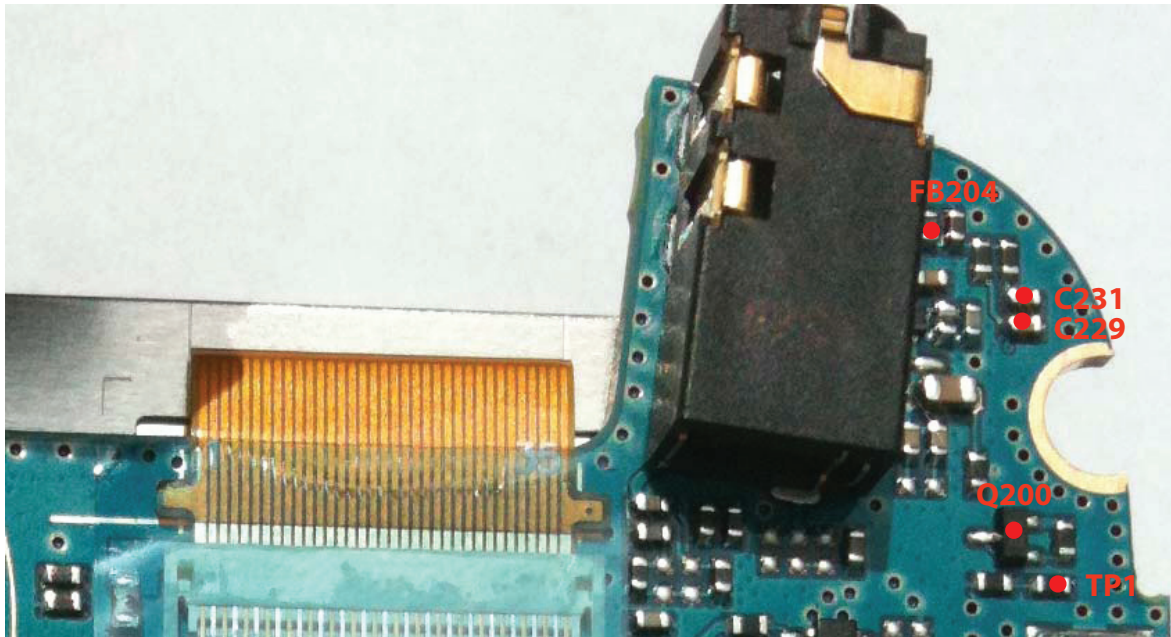


Figure 4.10

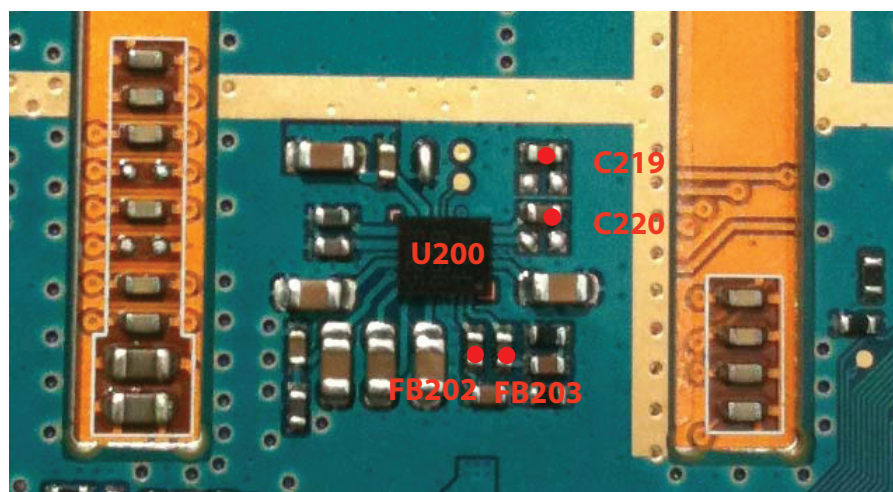
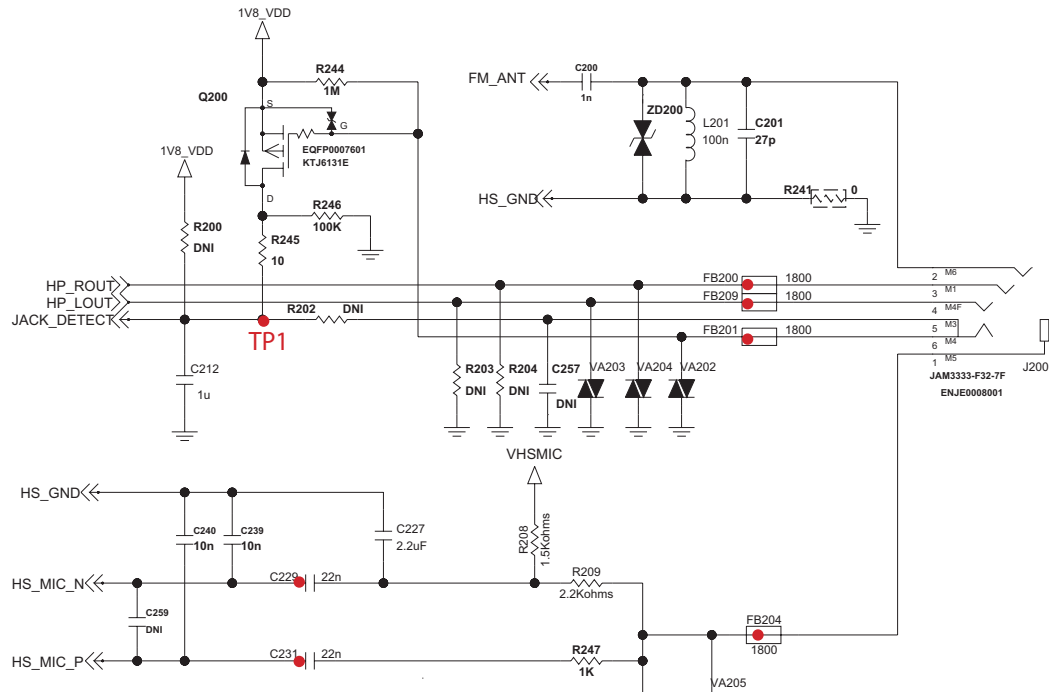


Figure 4.10.1

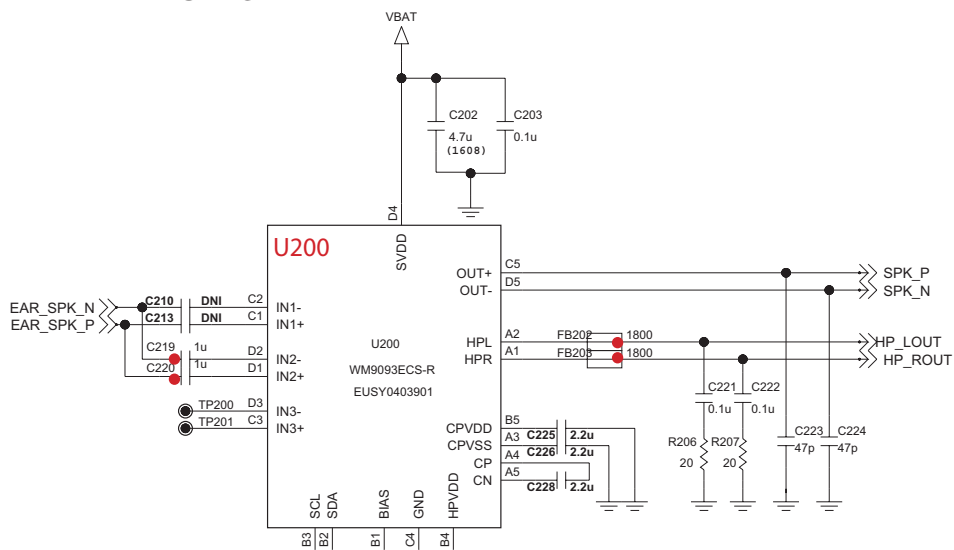
4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

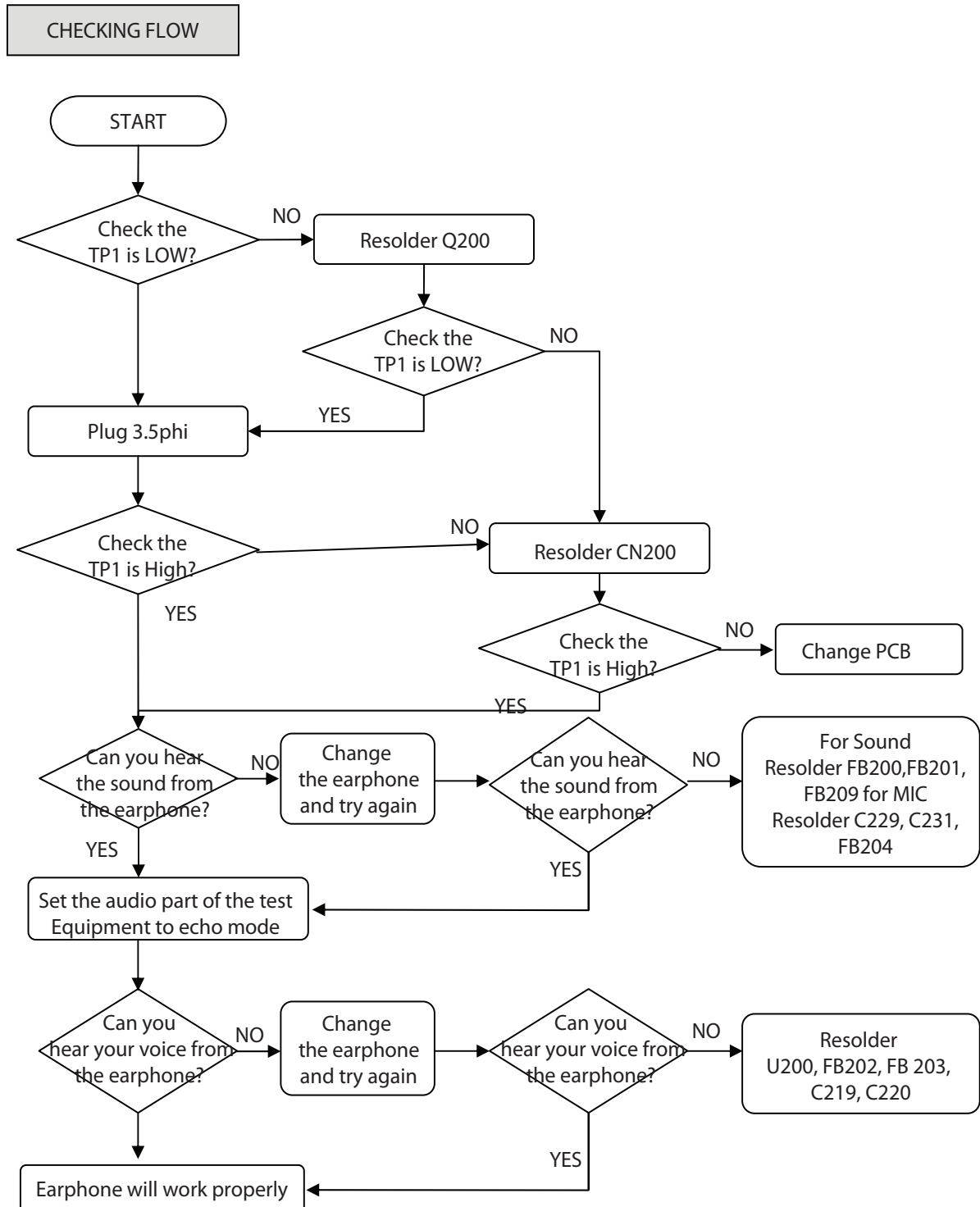
CIRCUIT

3.5phi JACK



AUDIO AMP





4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.11 Receiver Trouble

TEST POINT

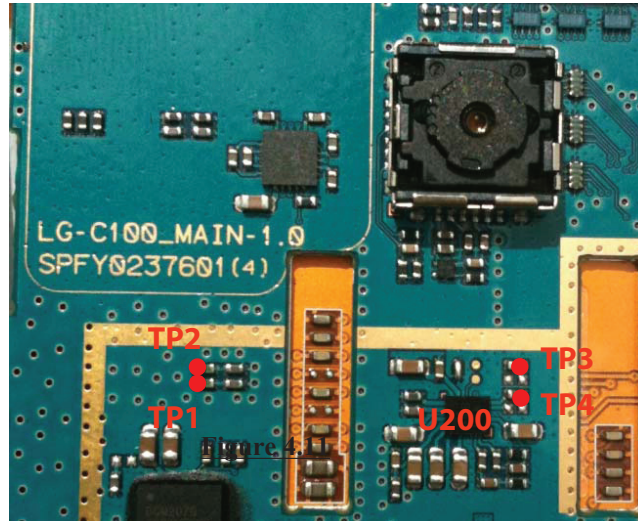
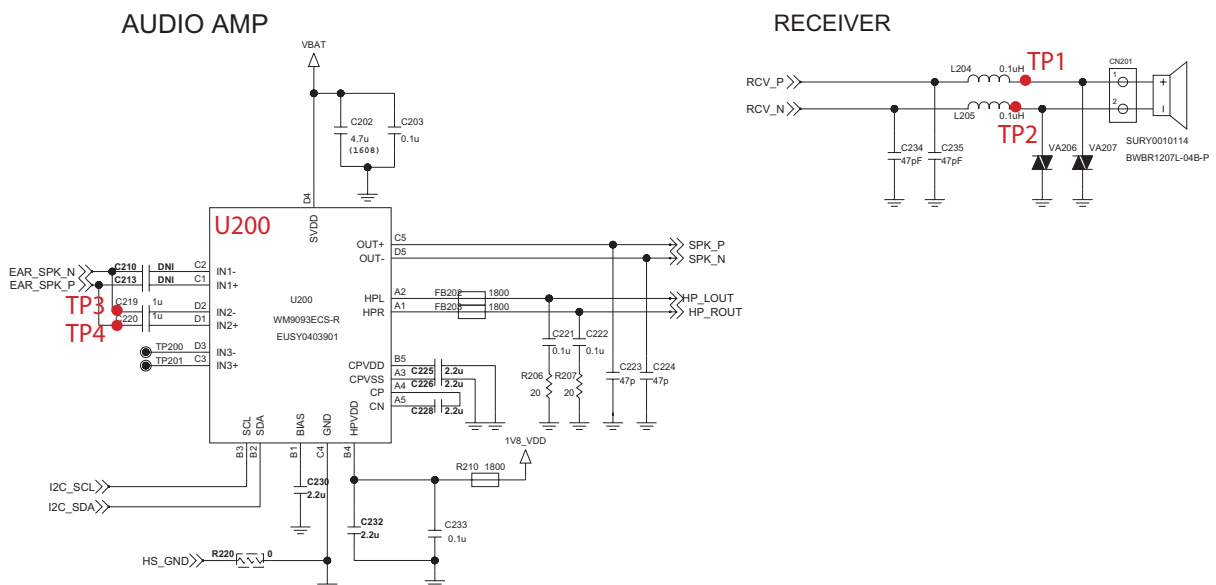


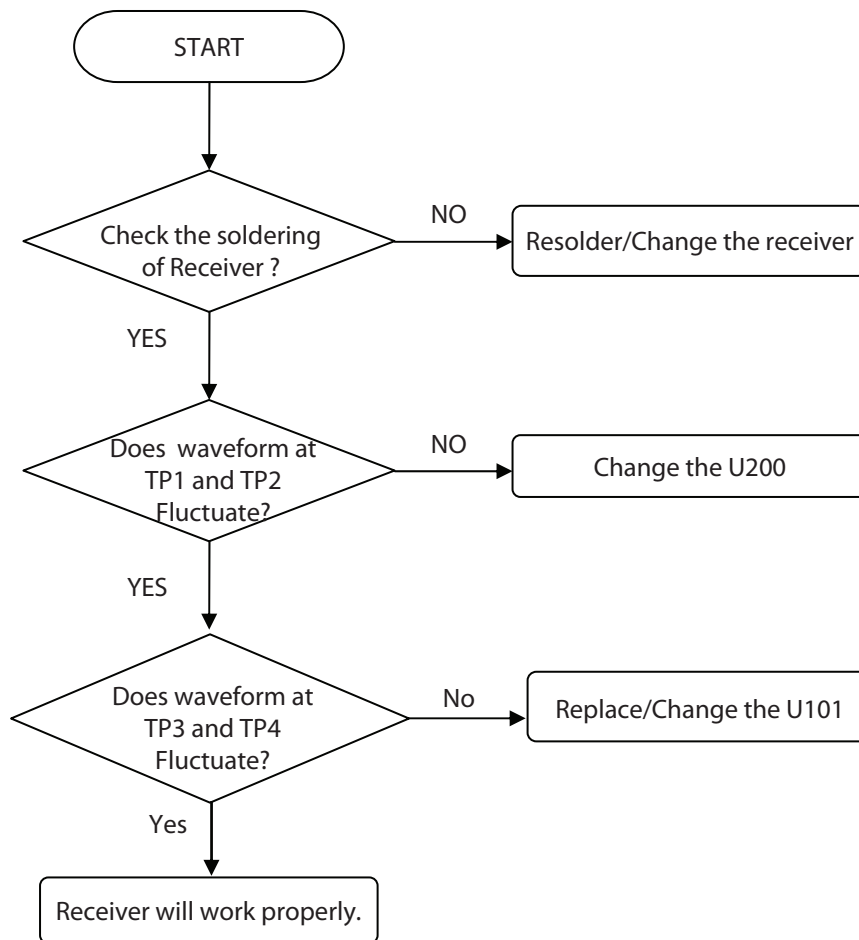
Figure 4.11

CIRCUIT



CHECKING FLOW

SETTING : After initialize Agilent 8960, Test EGSM900, DCS mode (or GSM850, PCS mode)
Set the property of audio as PRBS or continuous wave. Set the receiving volume of mobile as Max.



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.12 Microphone Trouble

TEST POINT

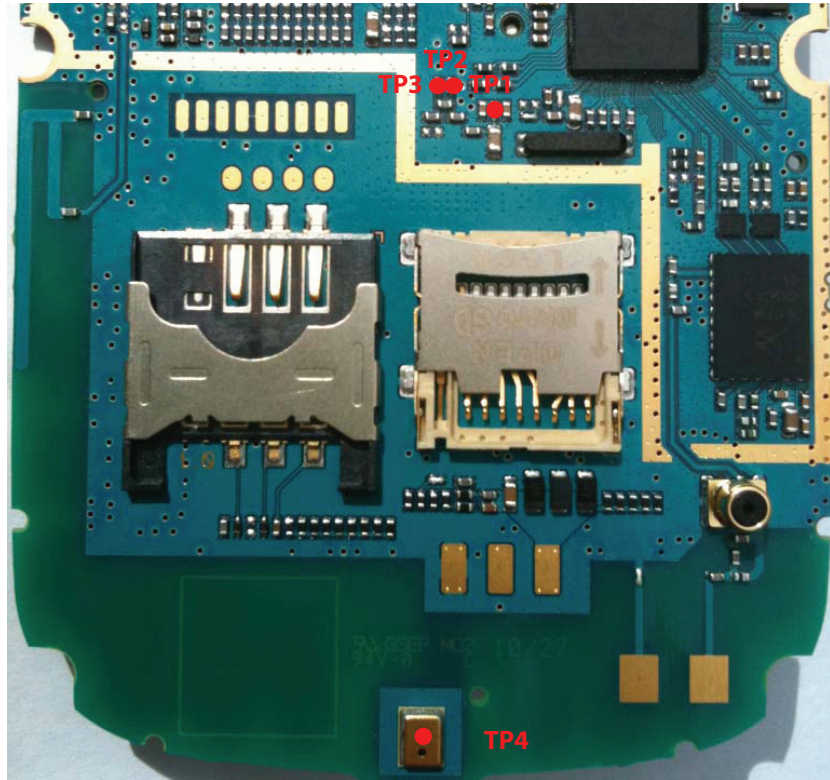
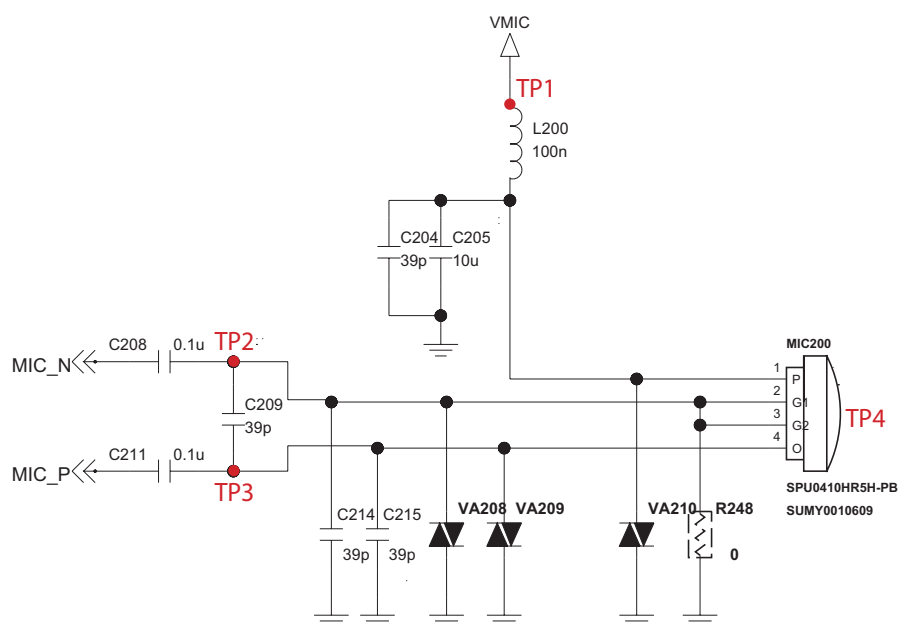


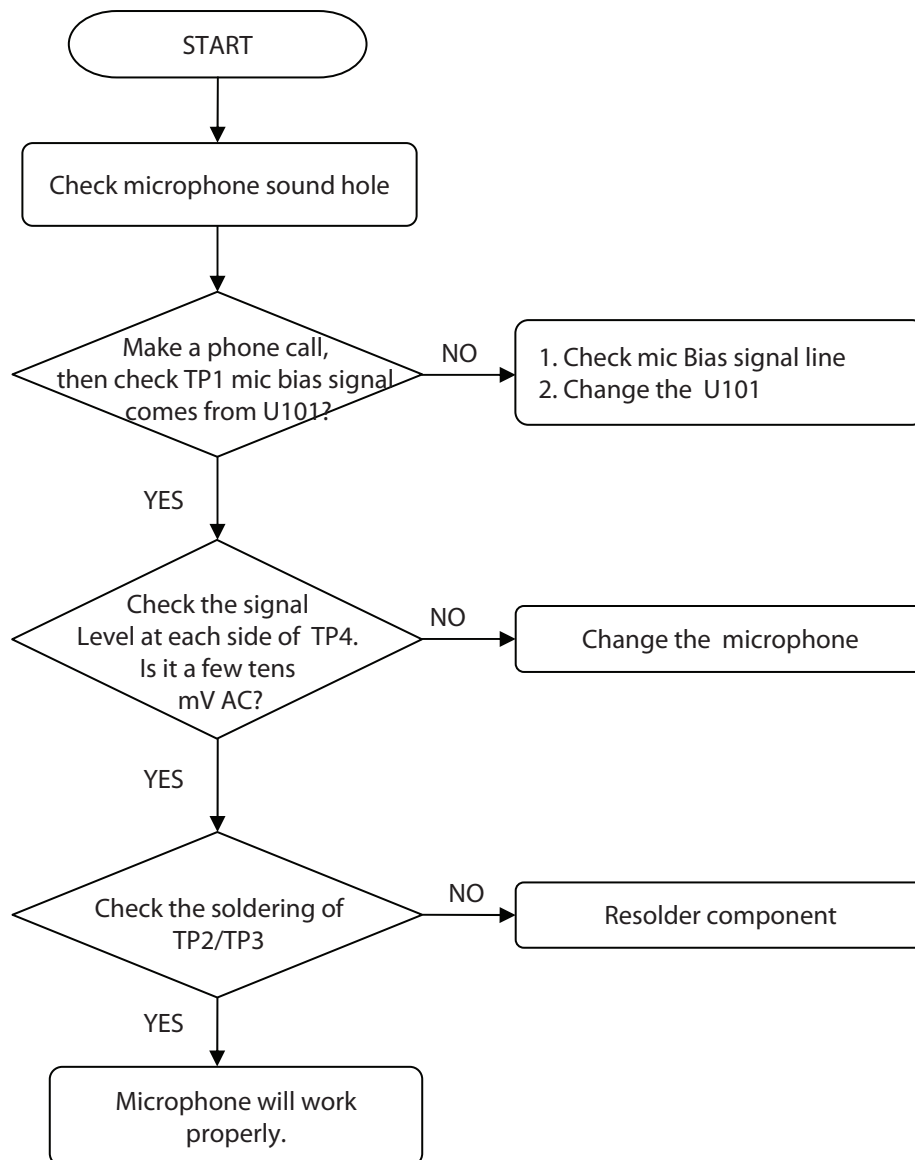
Figure 4.12

CIRCUIT



CHECKING FLOW

SETTING : After initialize Agilent 8960, Test EGSM900, DCS mode (or GSM850, PCS mode)



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.13 SIM Card Interface Trouble

TEST POINT

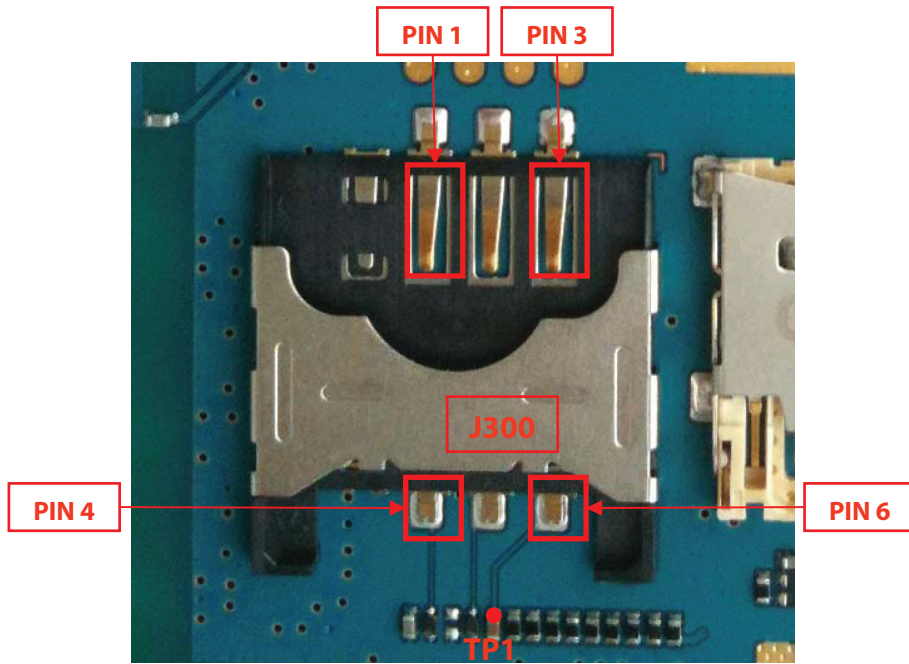
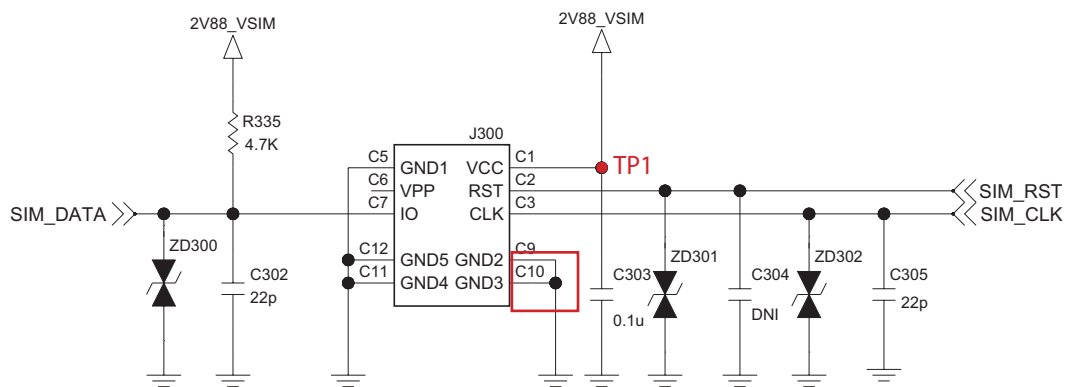


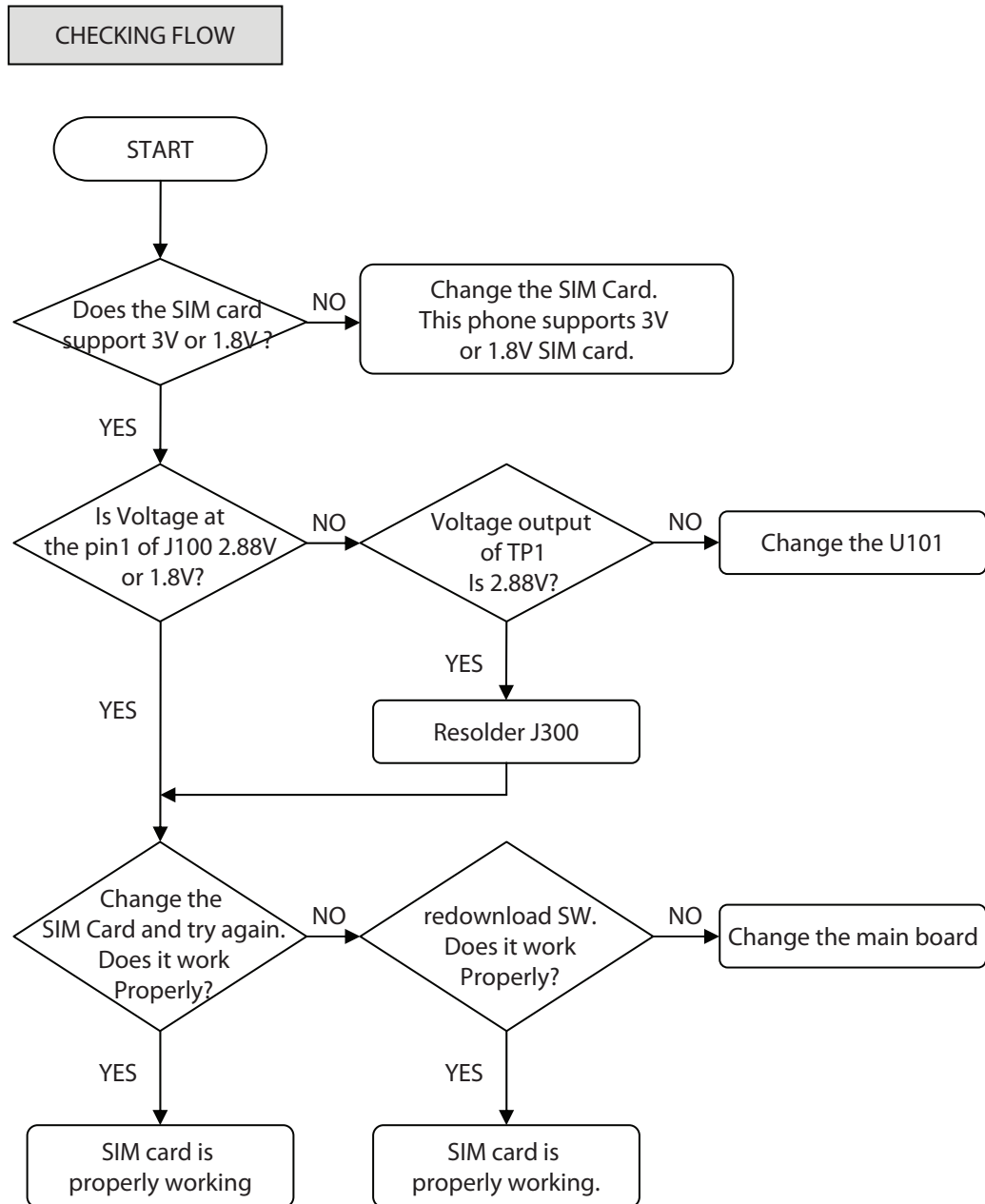
Figure 4.13

CIRCUIT

SIM_SOCKET



These are added for CMCC ESD test



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.14 KEY backlight Trouble

TEST POINT

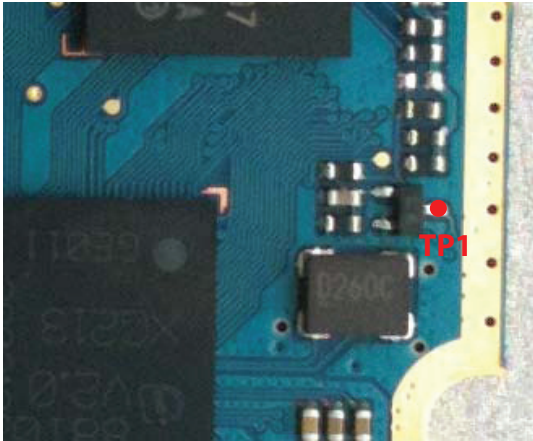


Figure 4.14

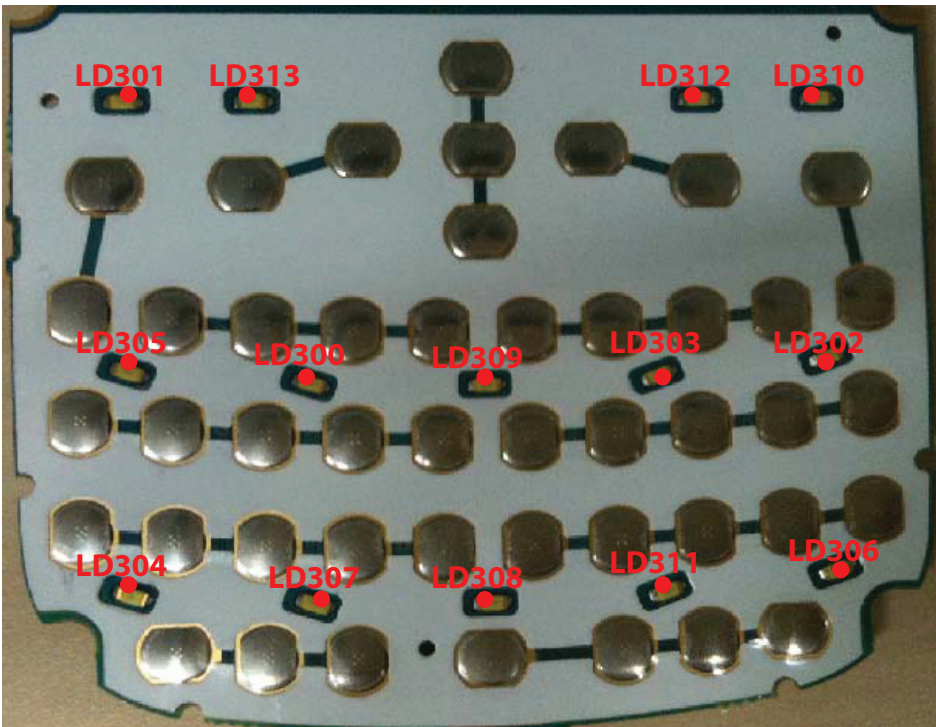
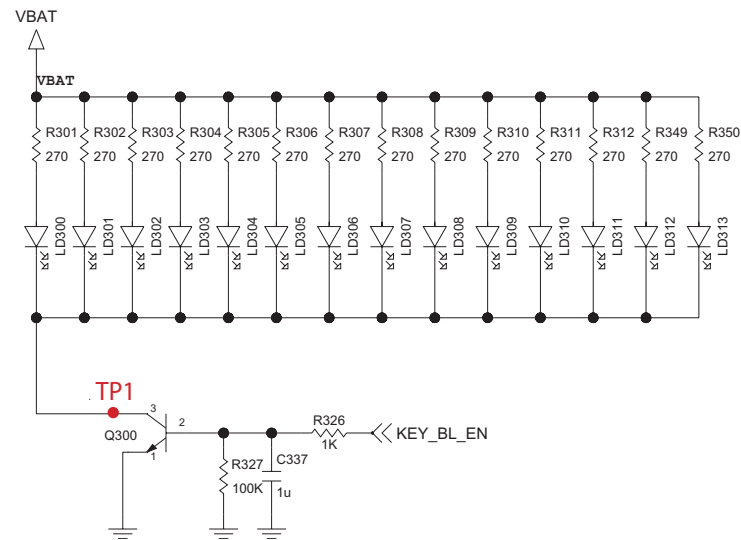
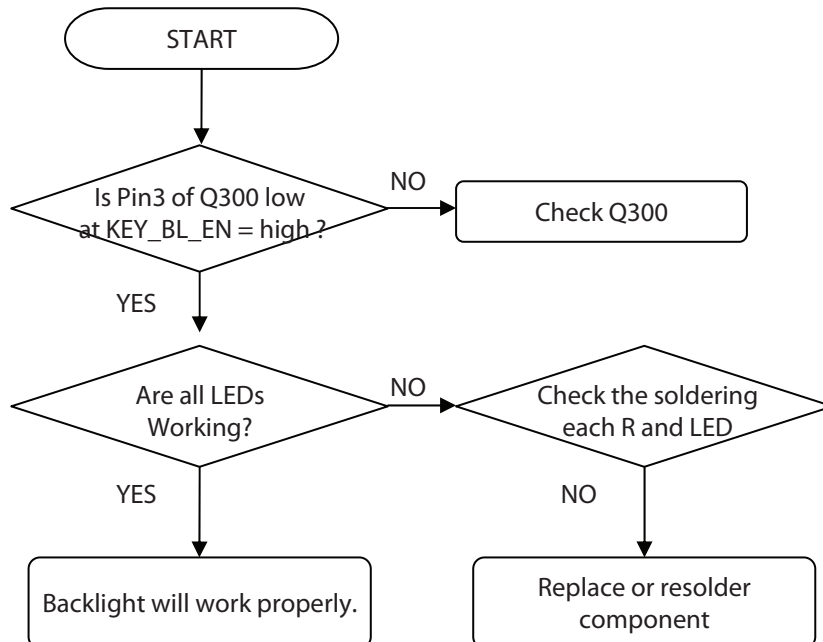


Figure 4.14.1

CIRCUIT



CHECKING FLOW



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.15 Micro SD (uSD) Trouble

TEST POINT

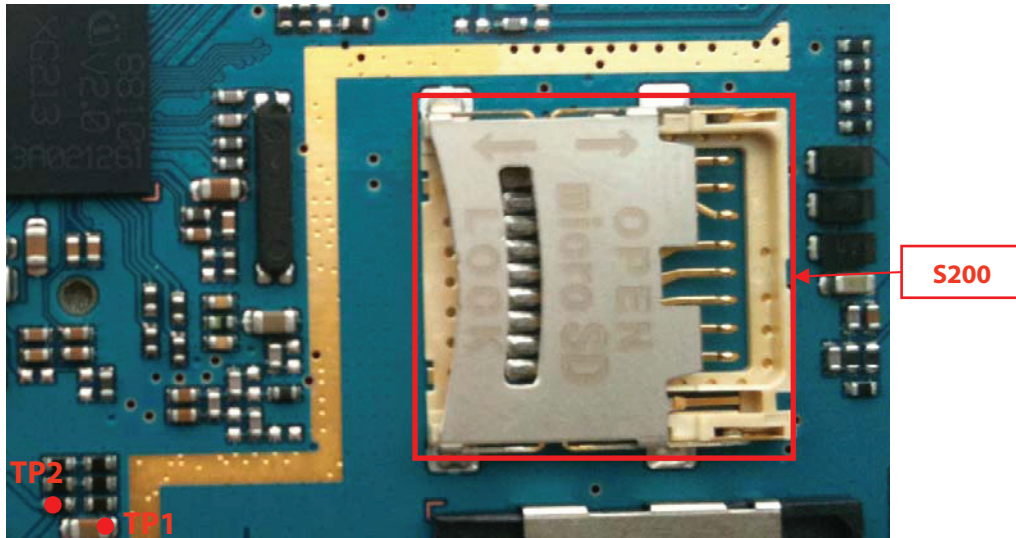
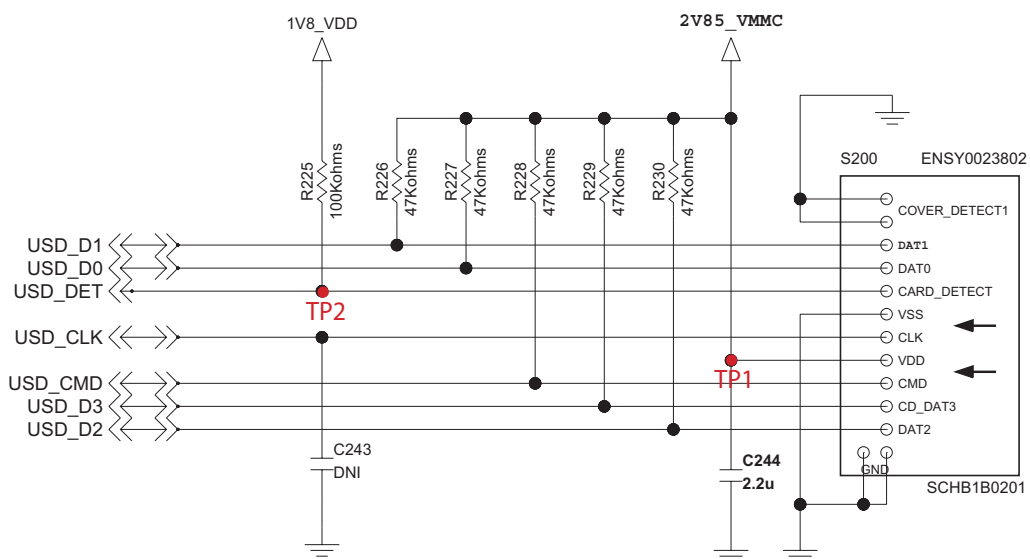
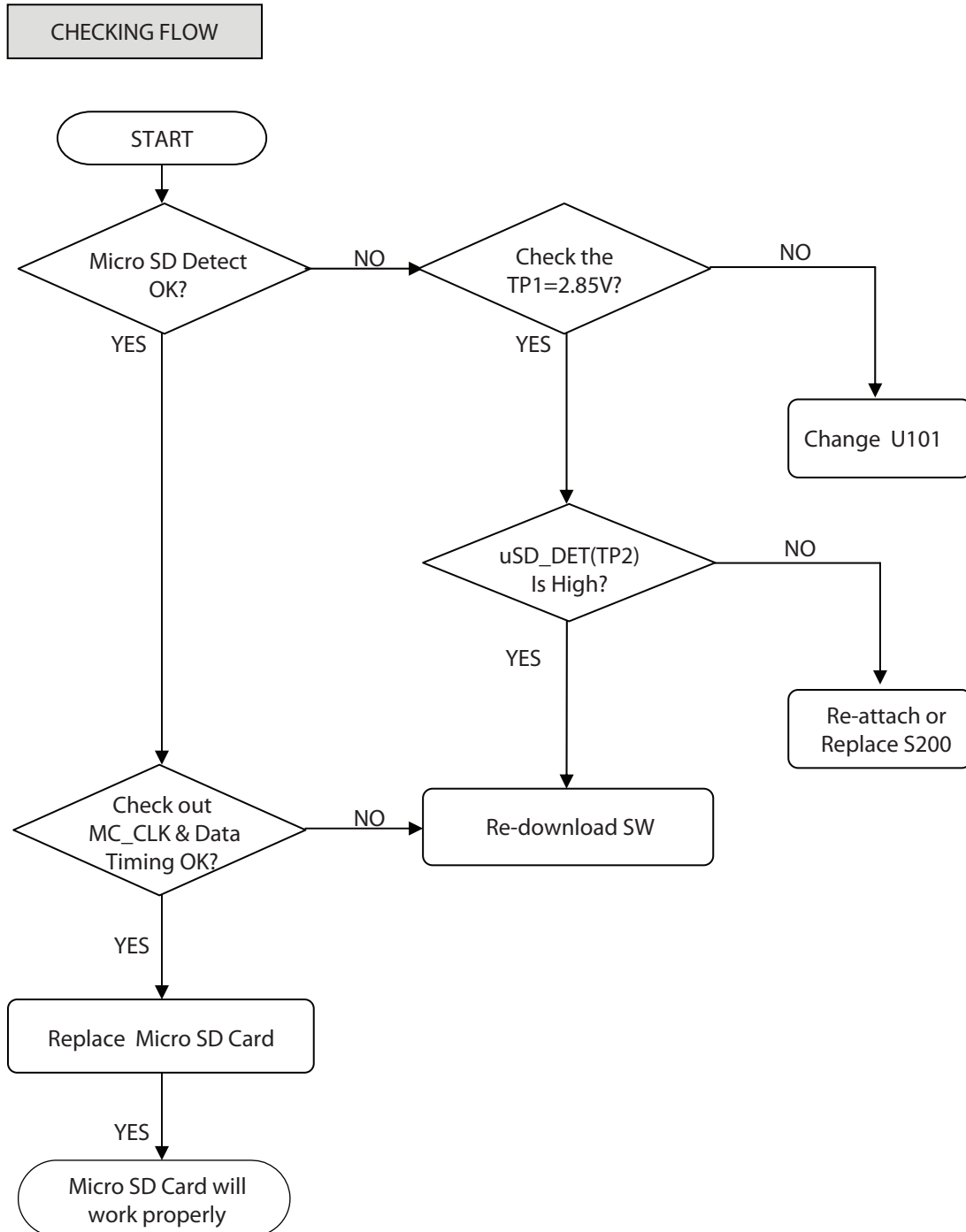


Figure 4.15

CIRCUIT

MICRO SD SOCKET





4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.16 Bluetooth Trouble

TEST POINT

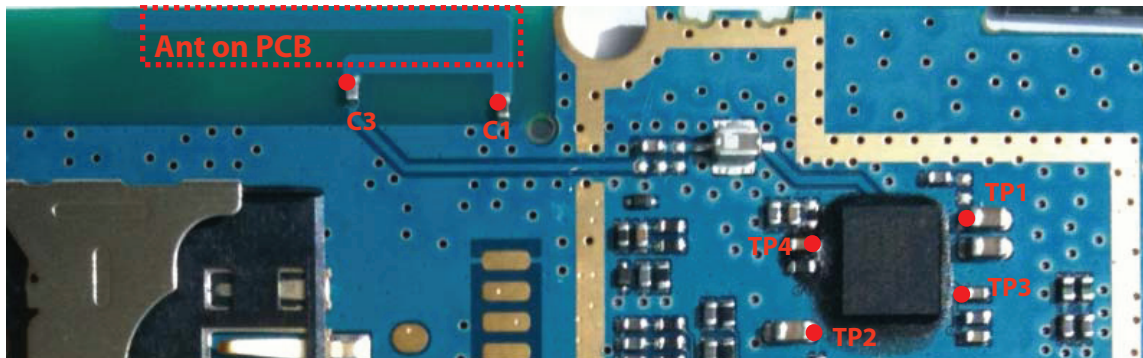
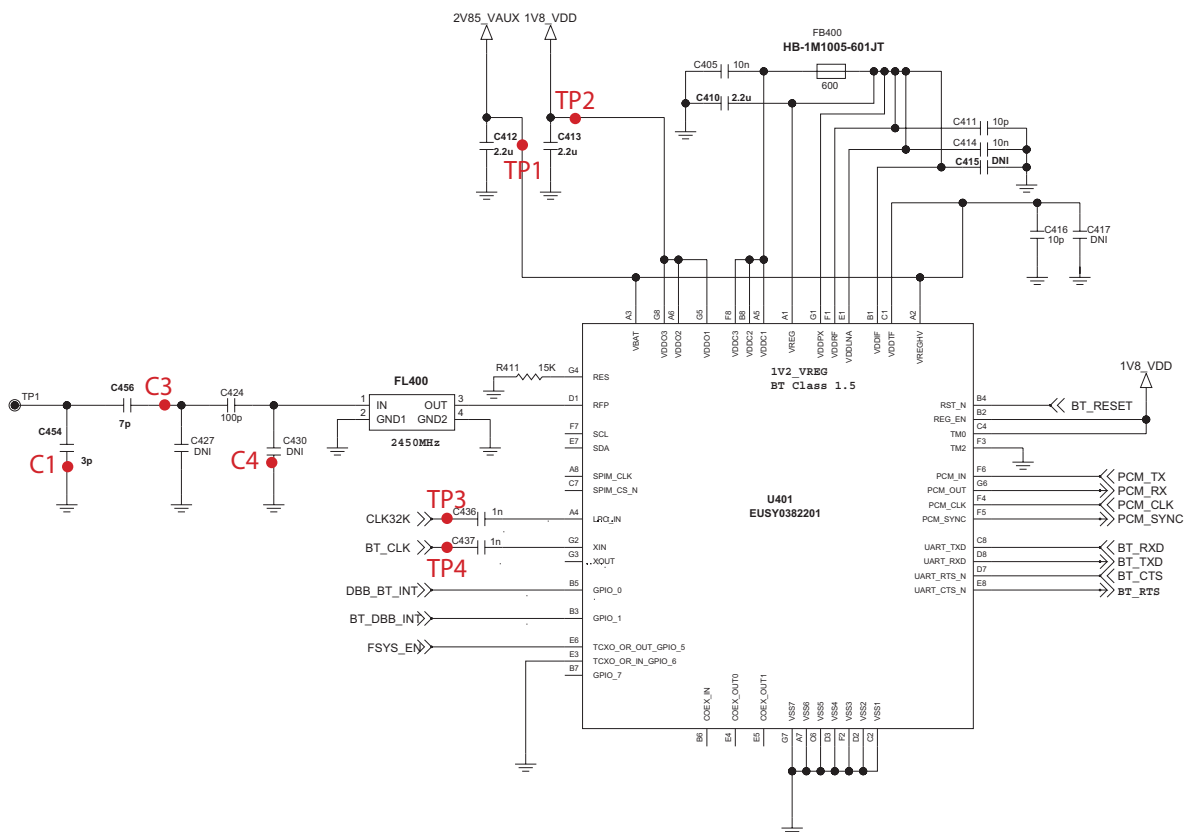
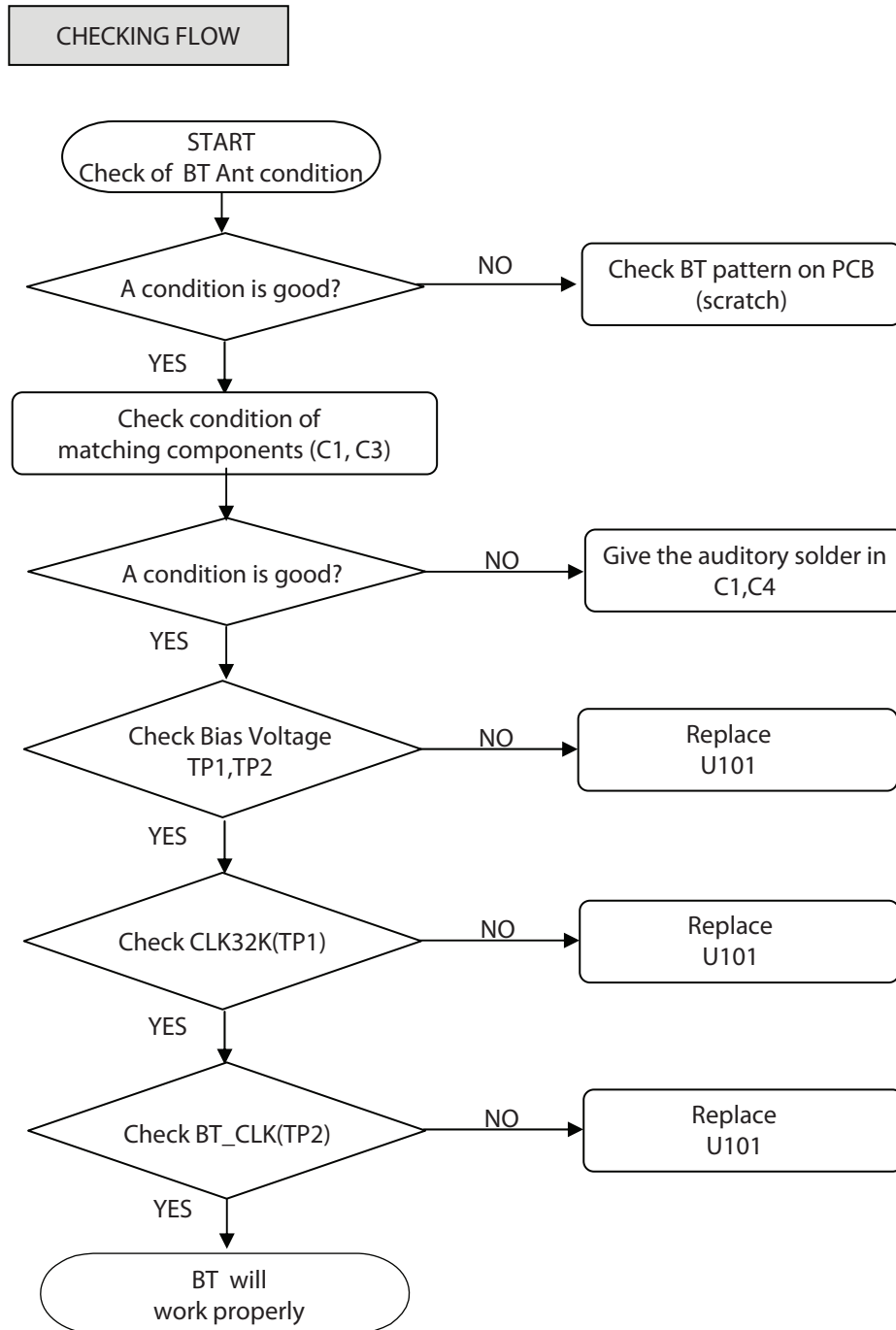


Figure 4.16

CIRCUIT





4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

4.17 FM Radio Trouble

TEST POINT

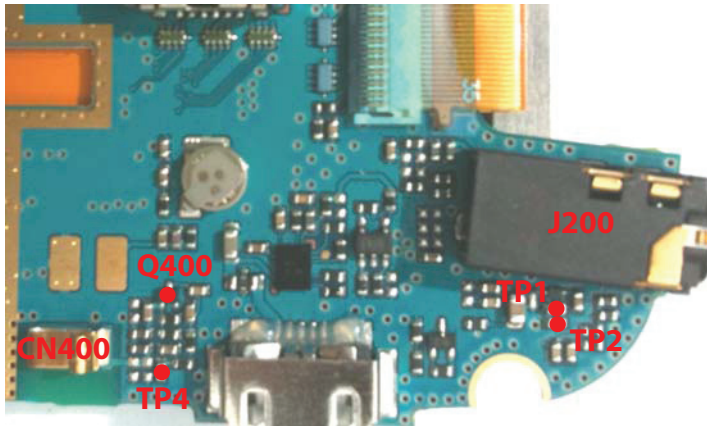


Figure 4.17

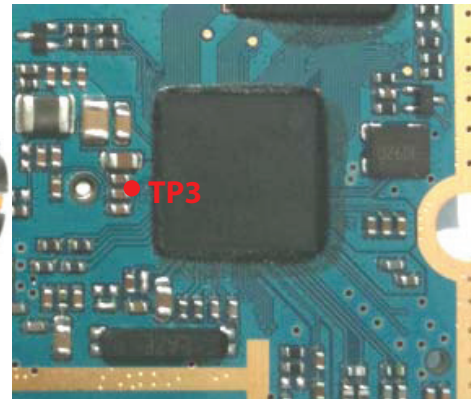
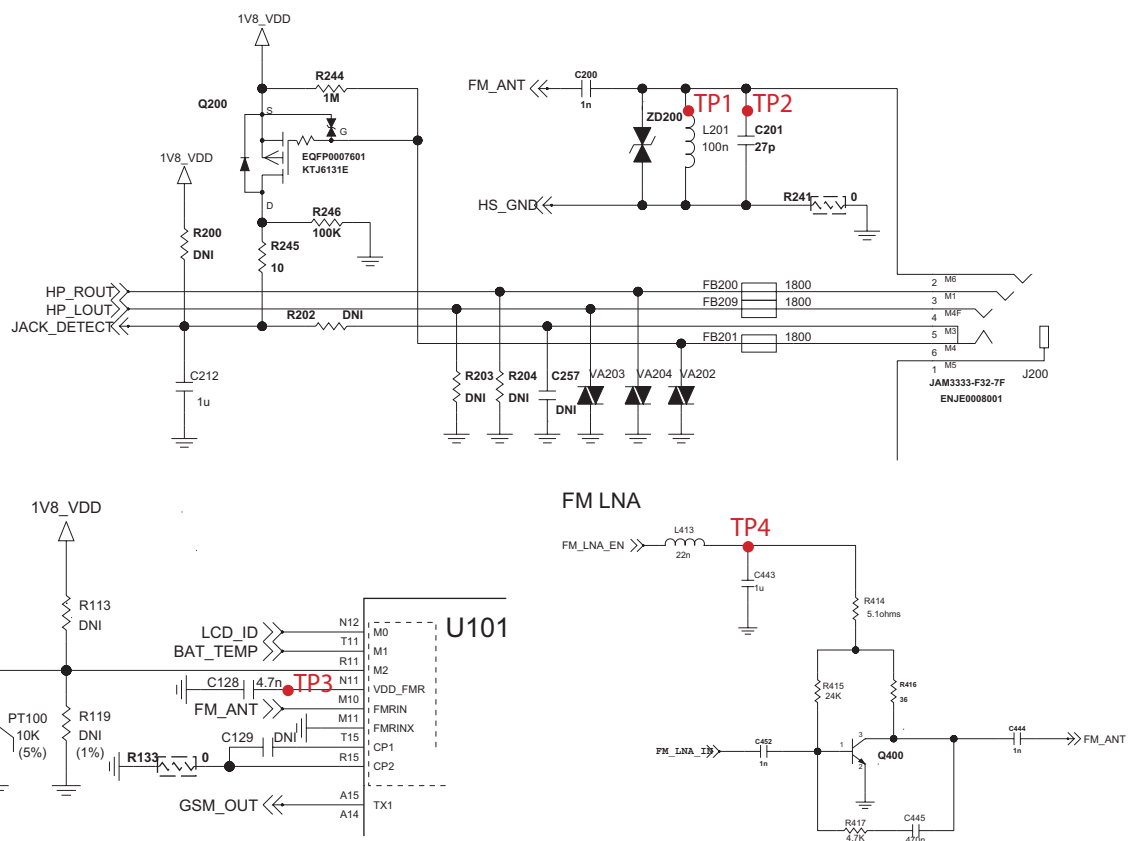
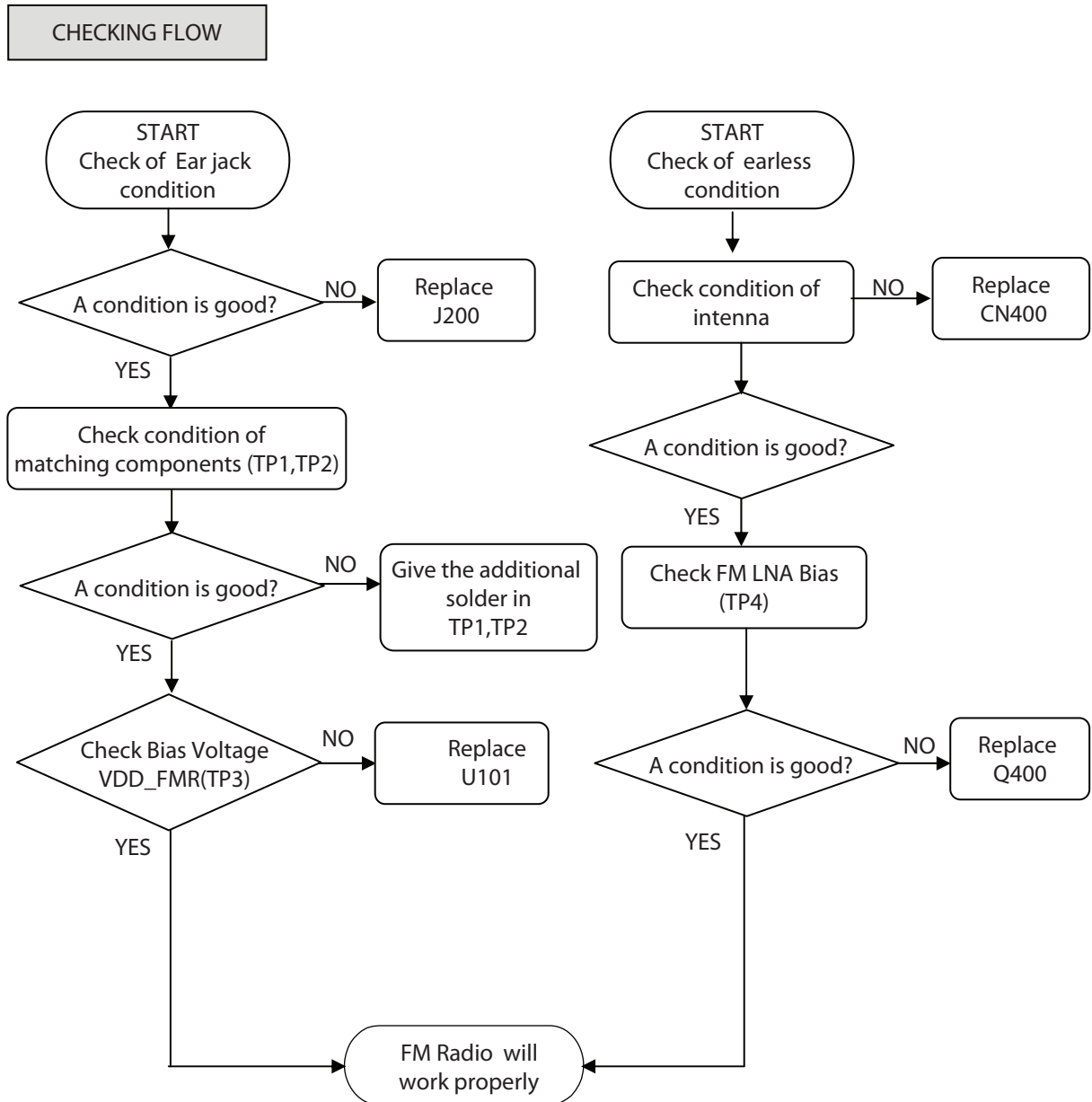


Figure 4.17.1

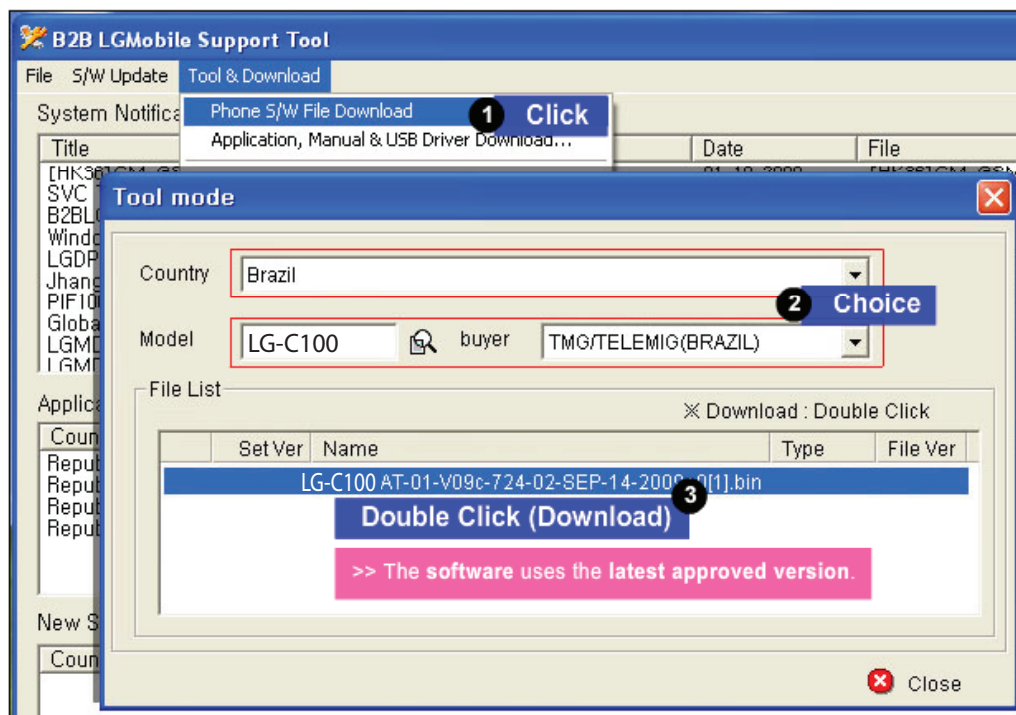
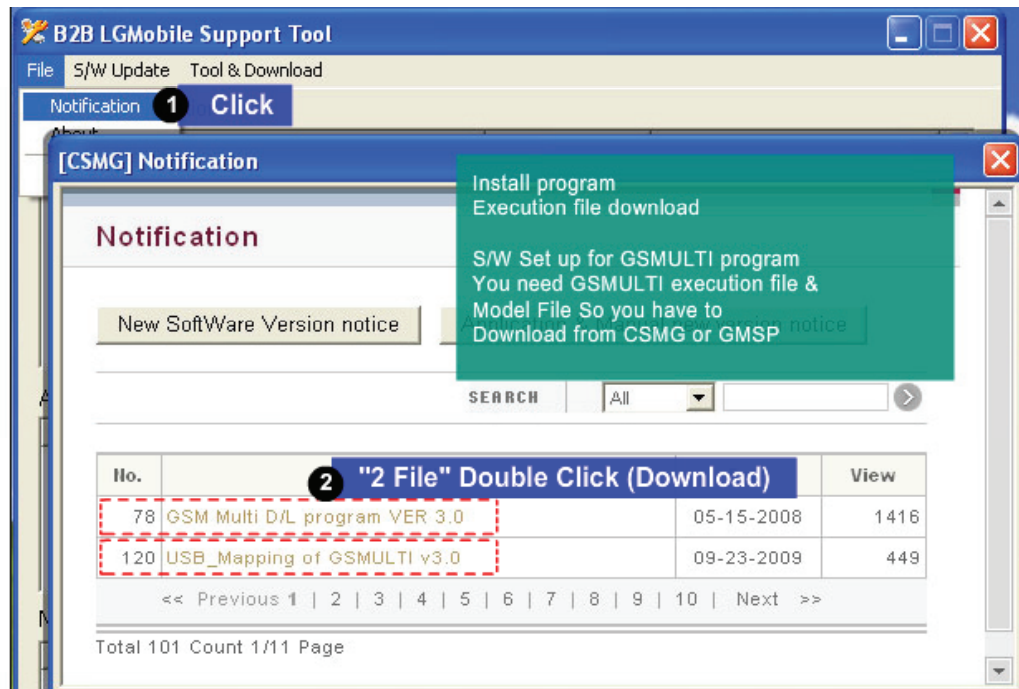
CIRCUIT



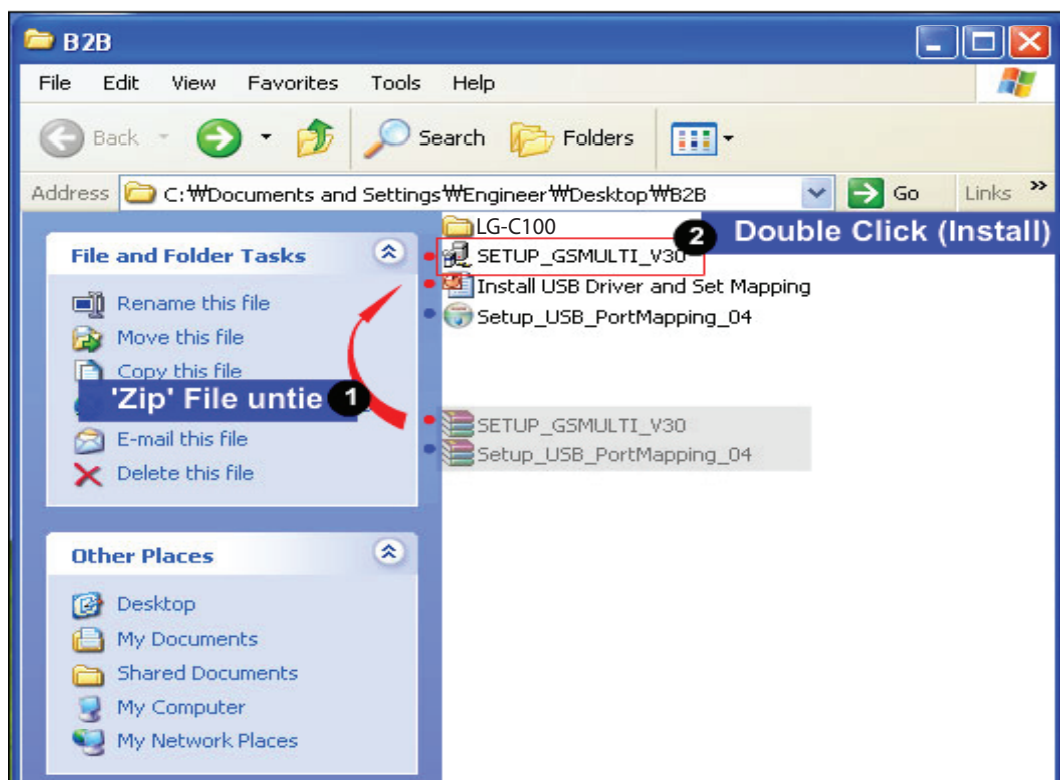
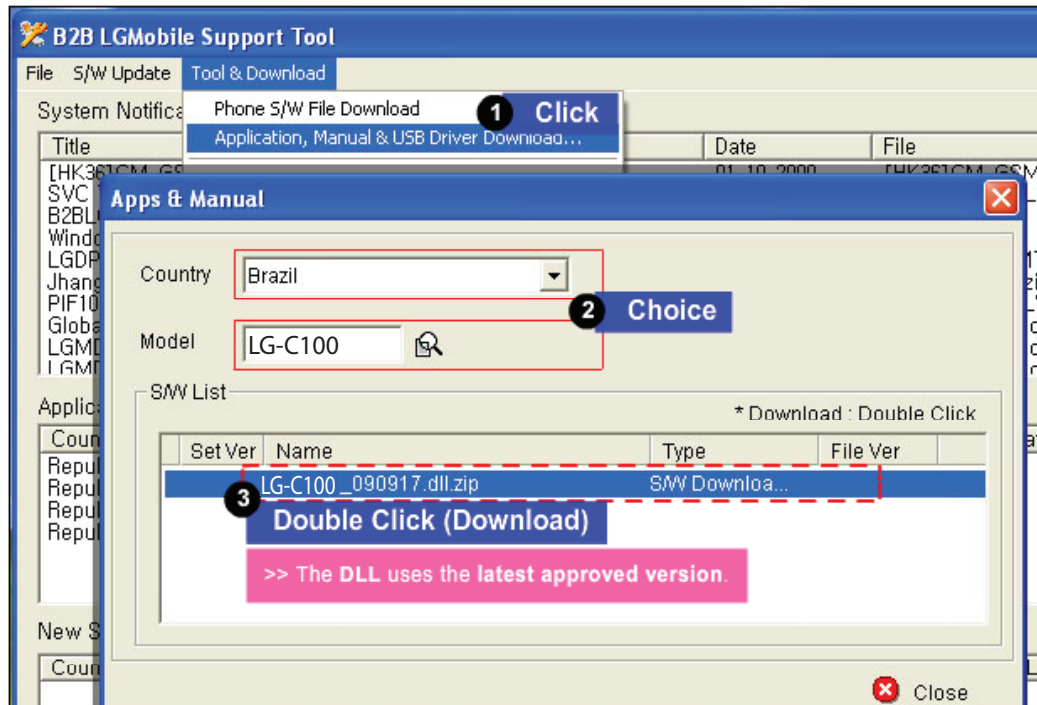


5. DOWNLOAD

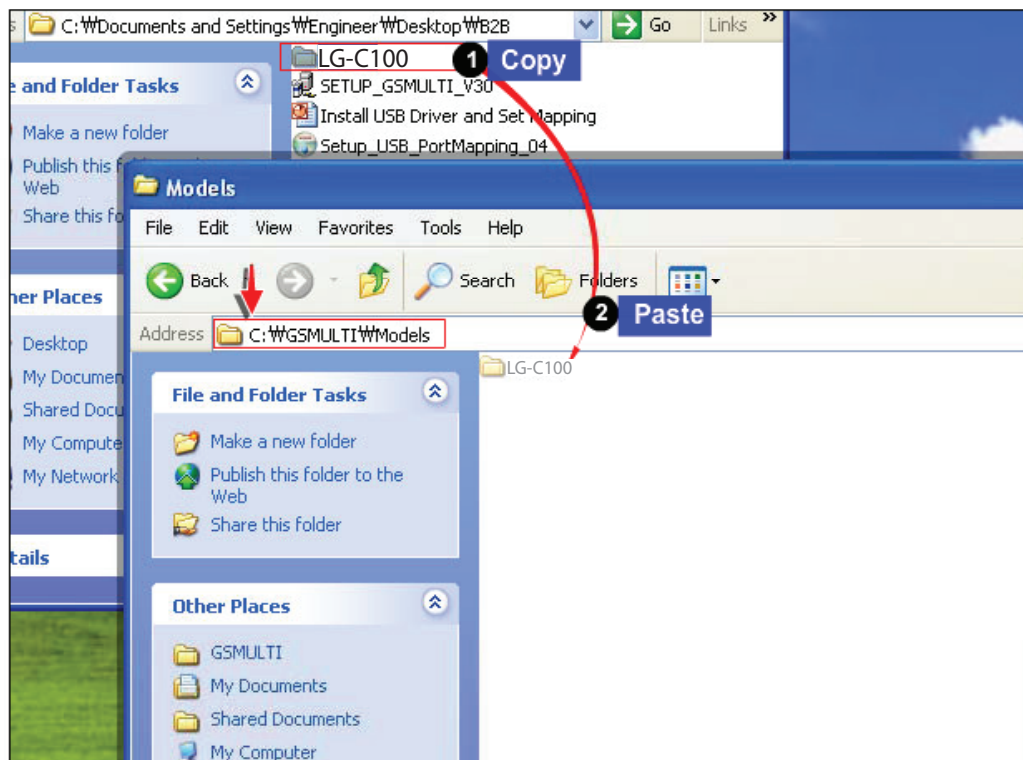
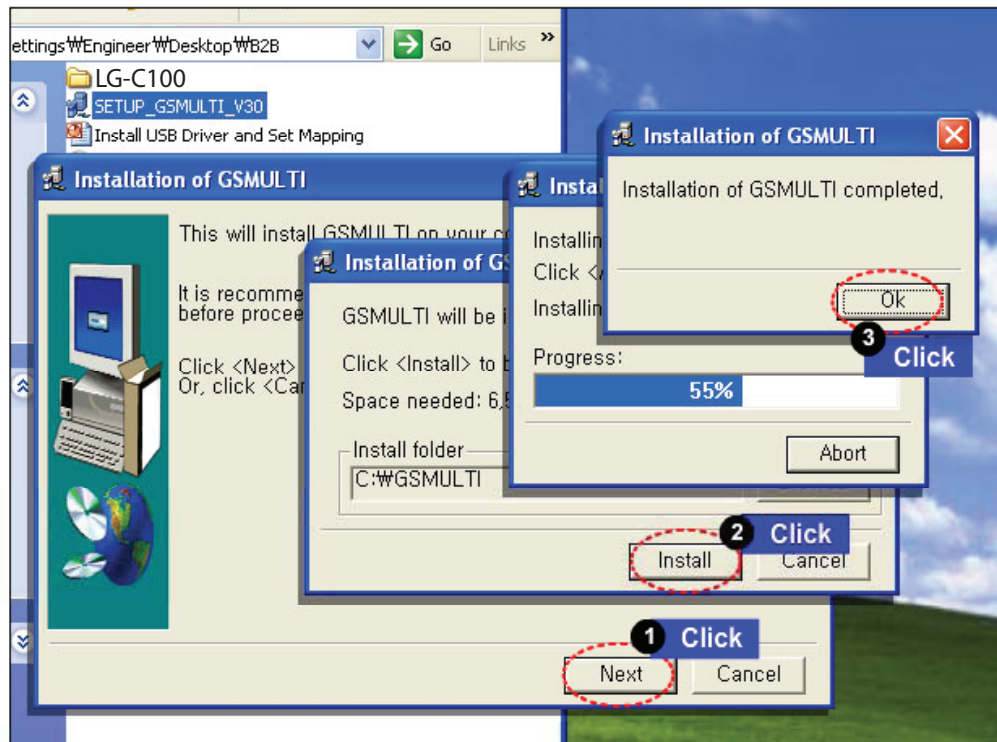
5. DOWNLOAD



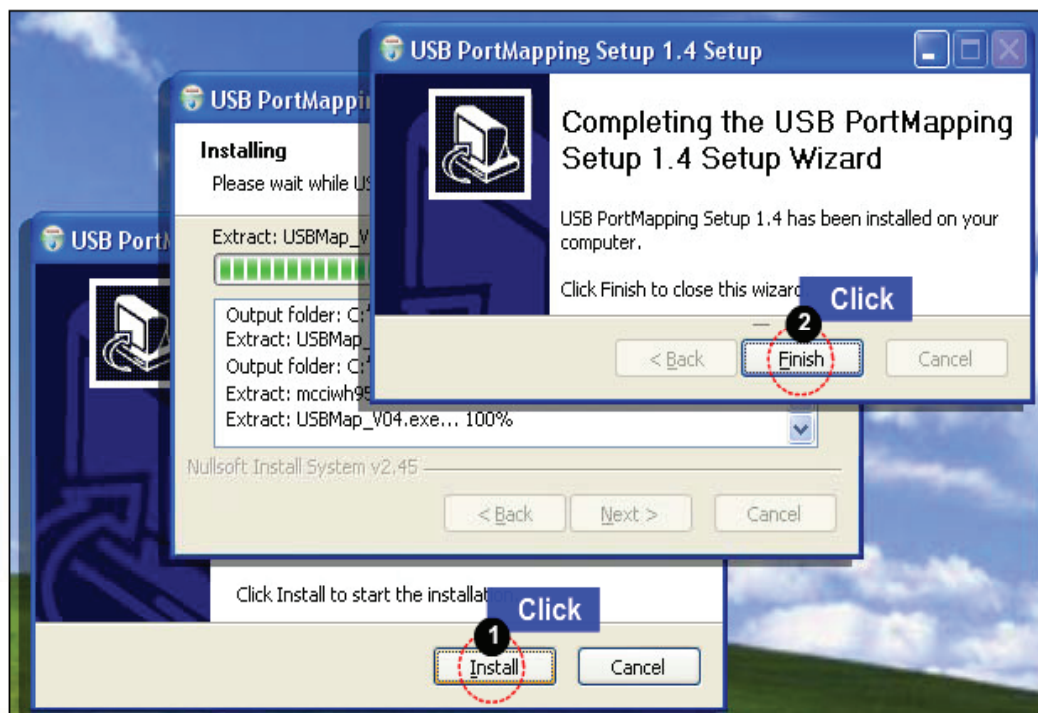
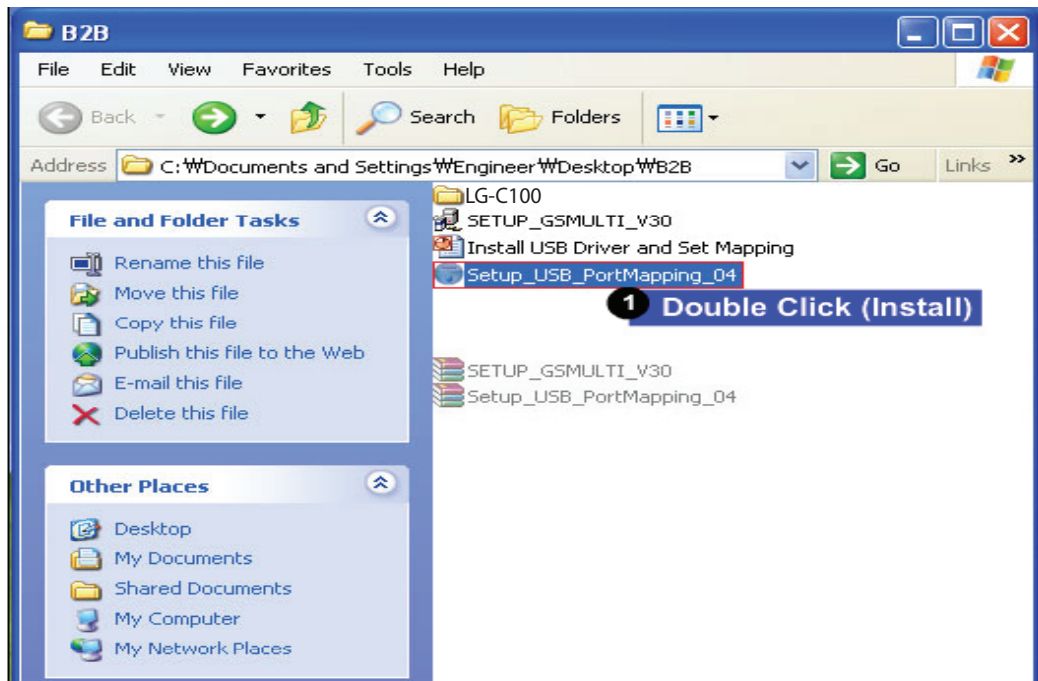
5. DOWNLOAD



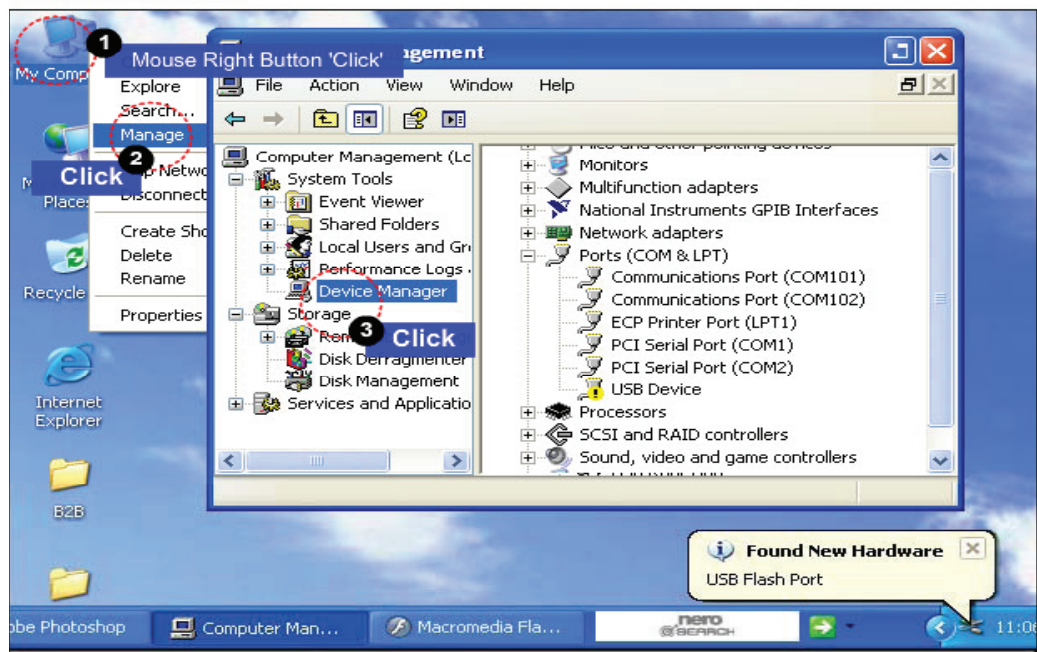
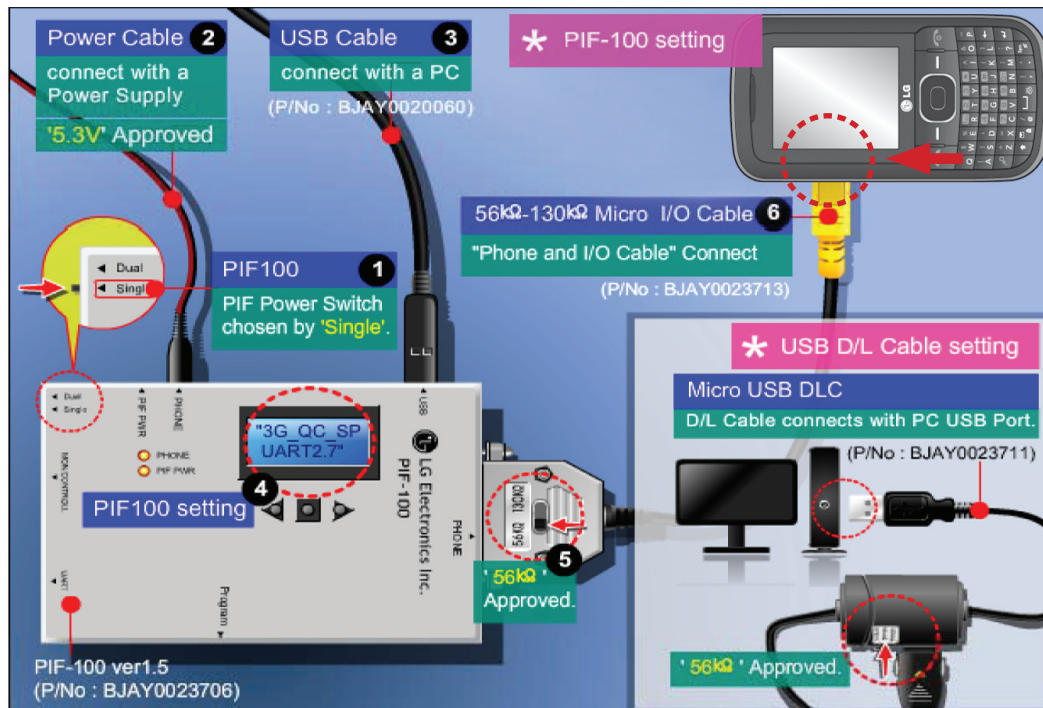
5. DOWNLOAD

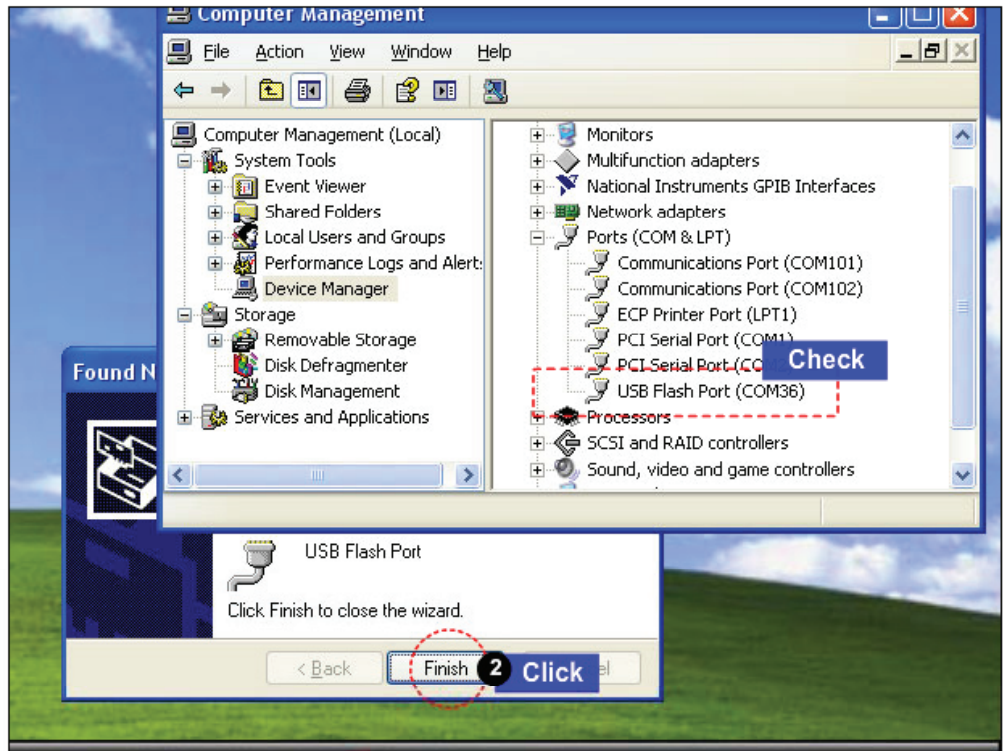
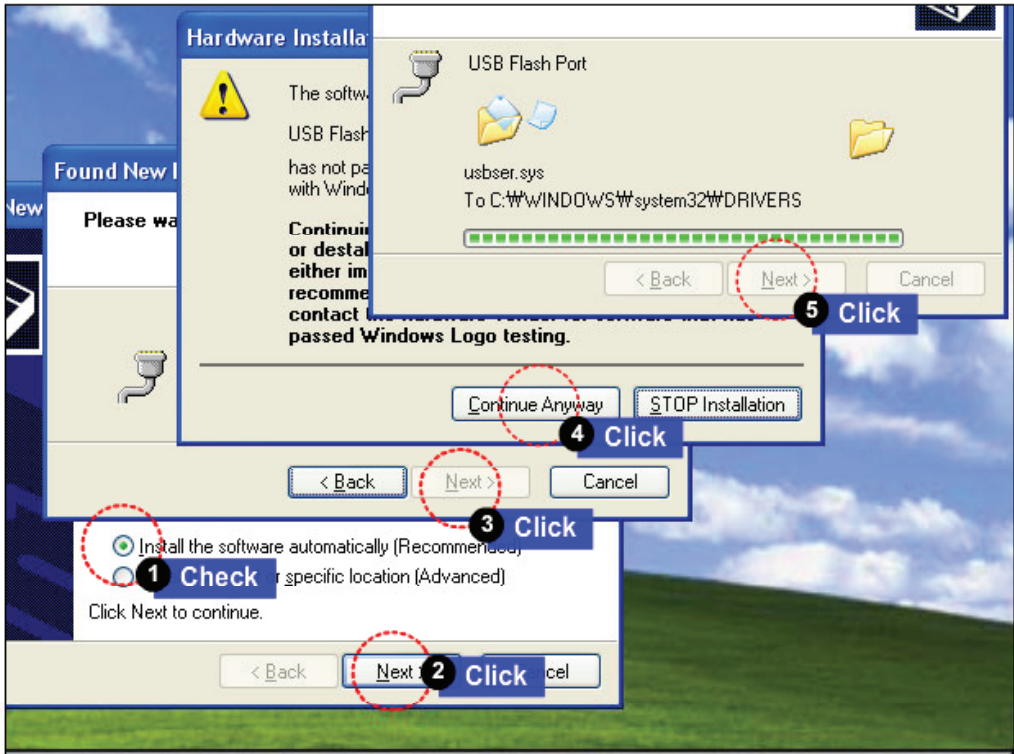


5. DOWNLOAD

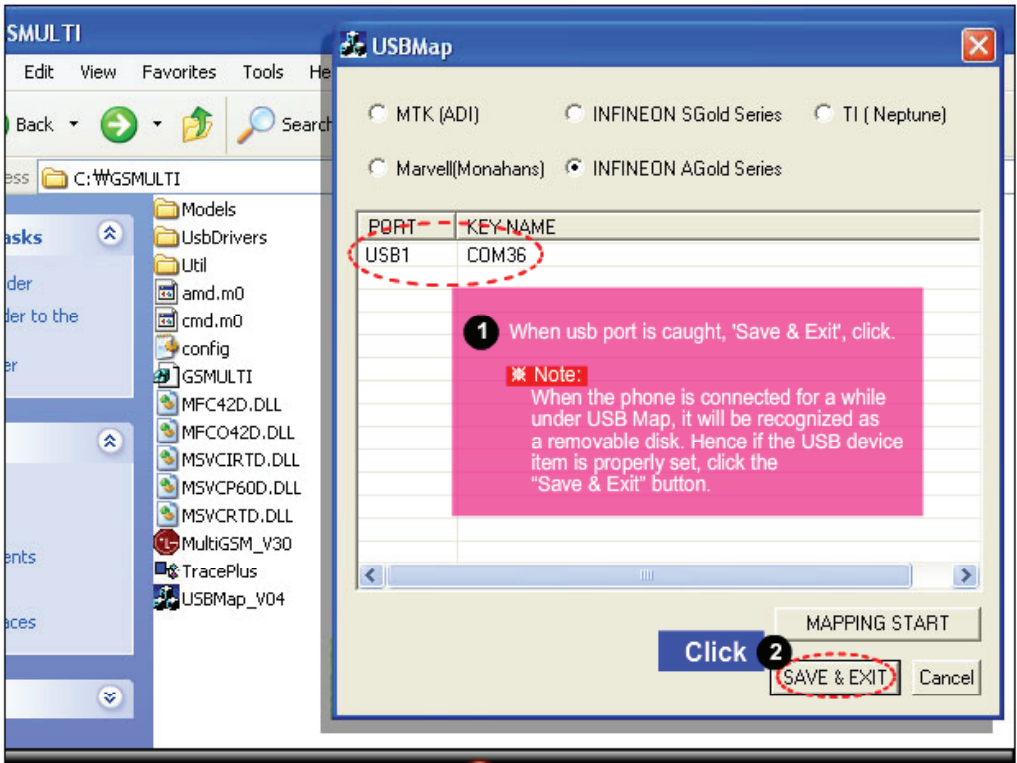


5. DOWNLOAD

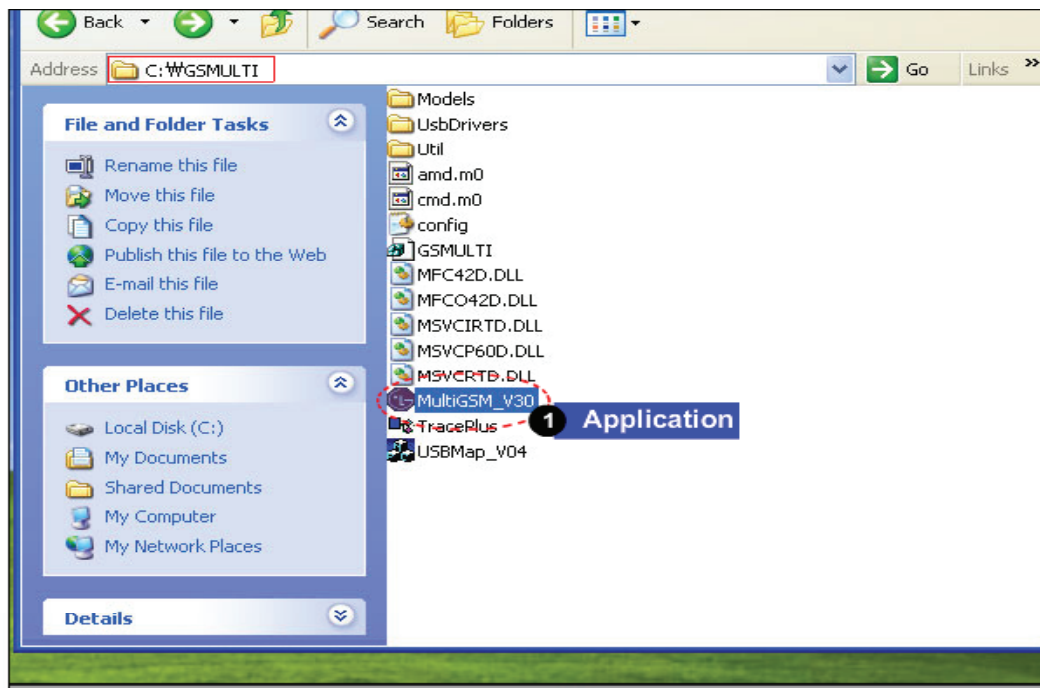
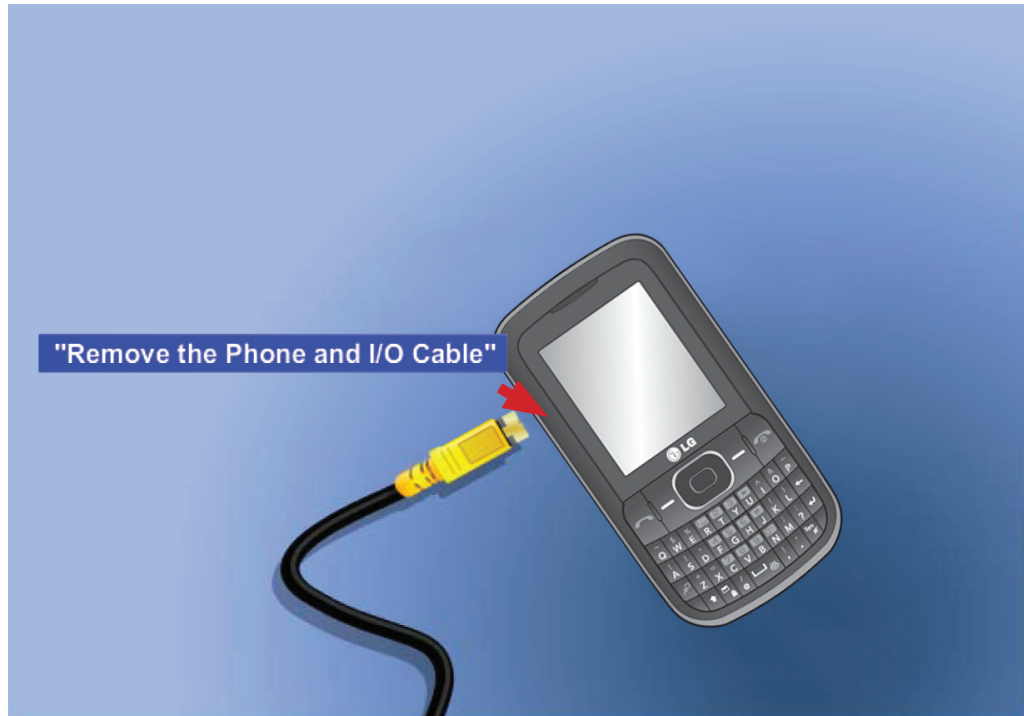




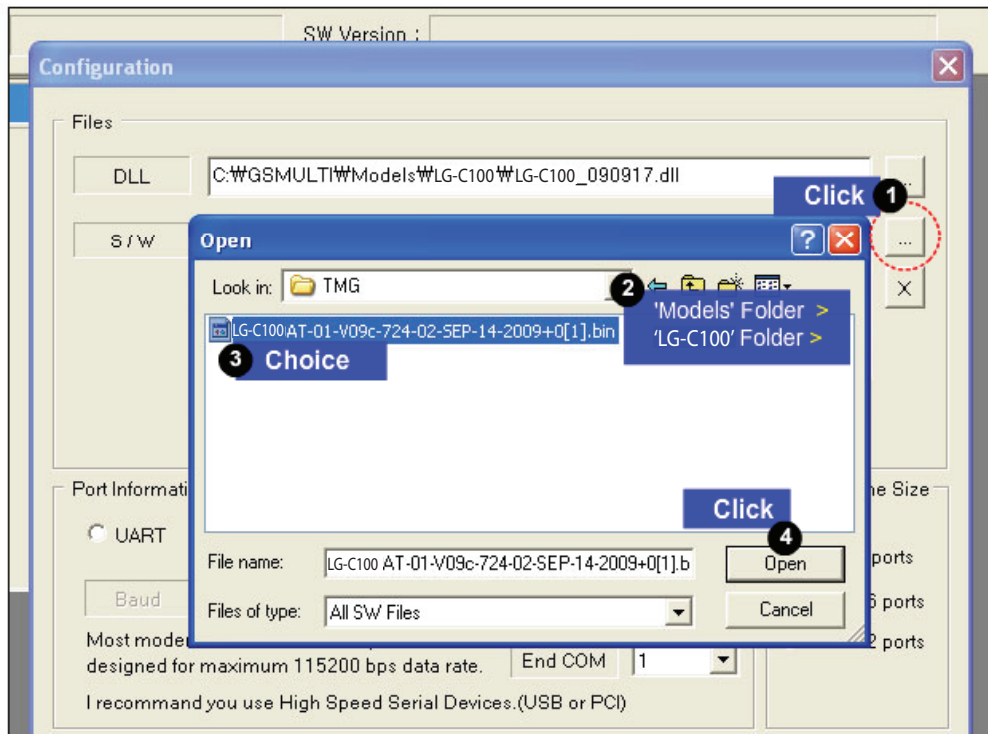
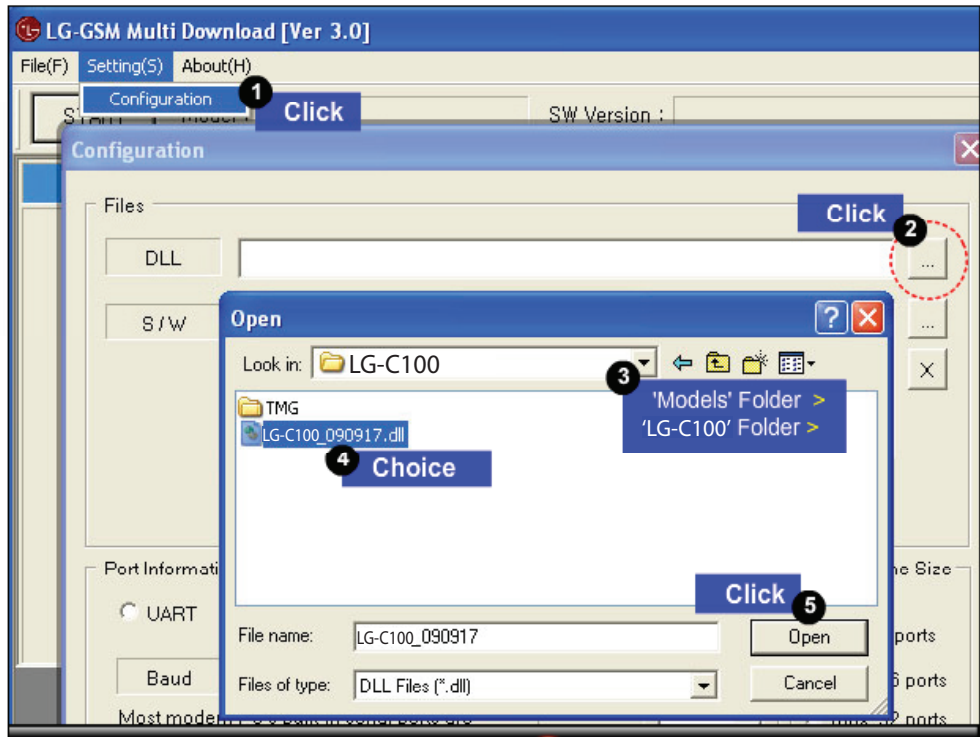
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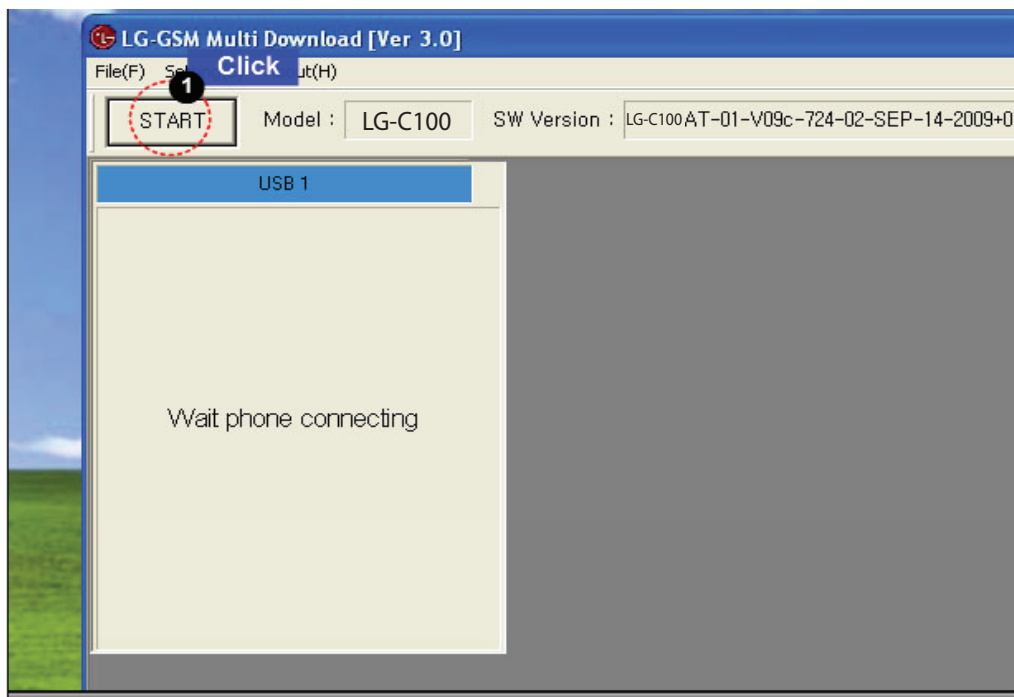
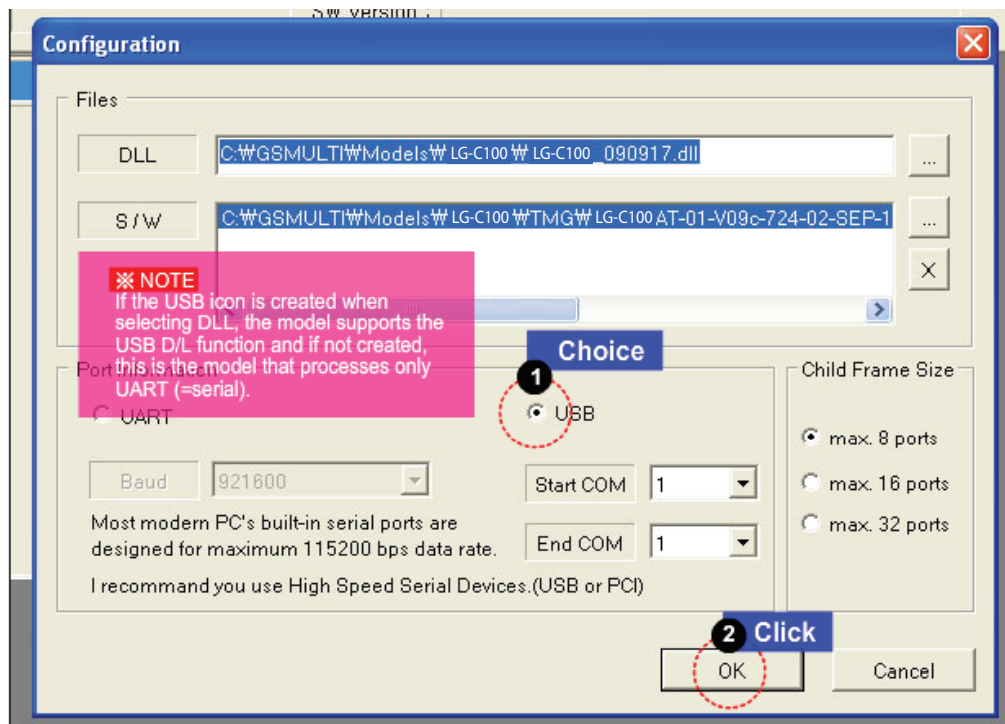
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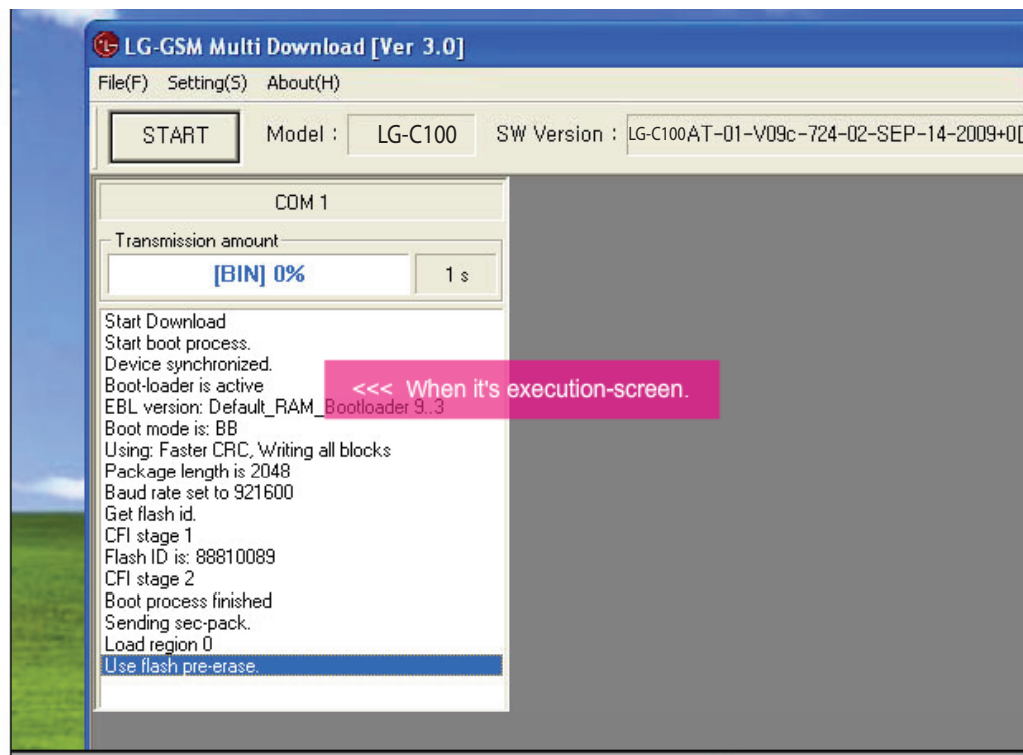
5. DOWNLOAD



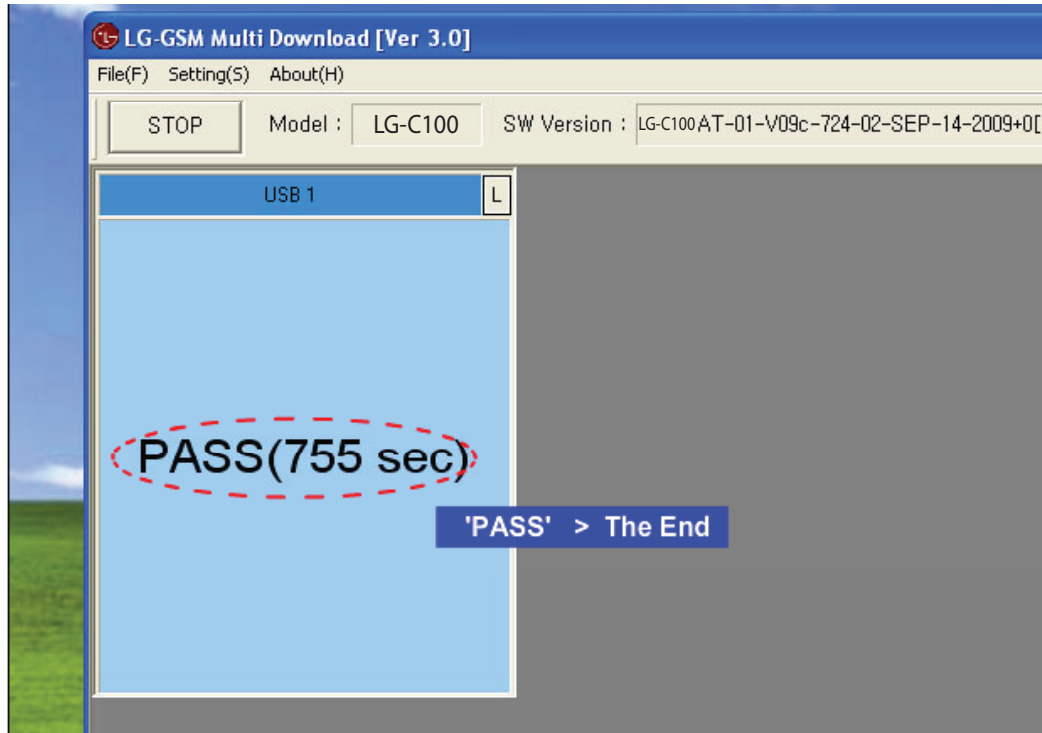
5. DOWNLOAD



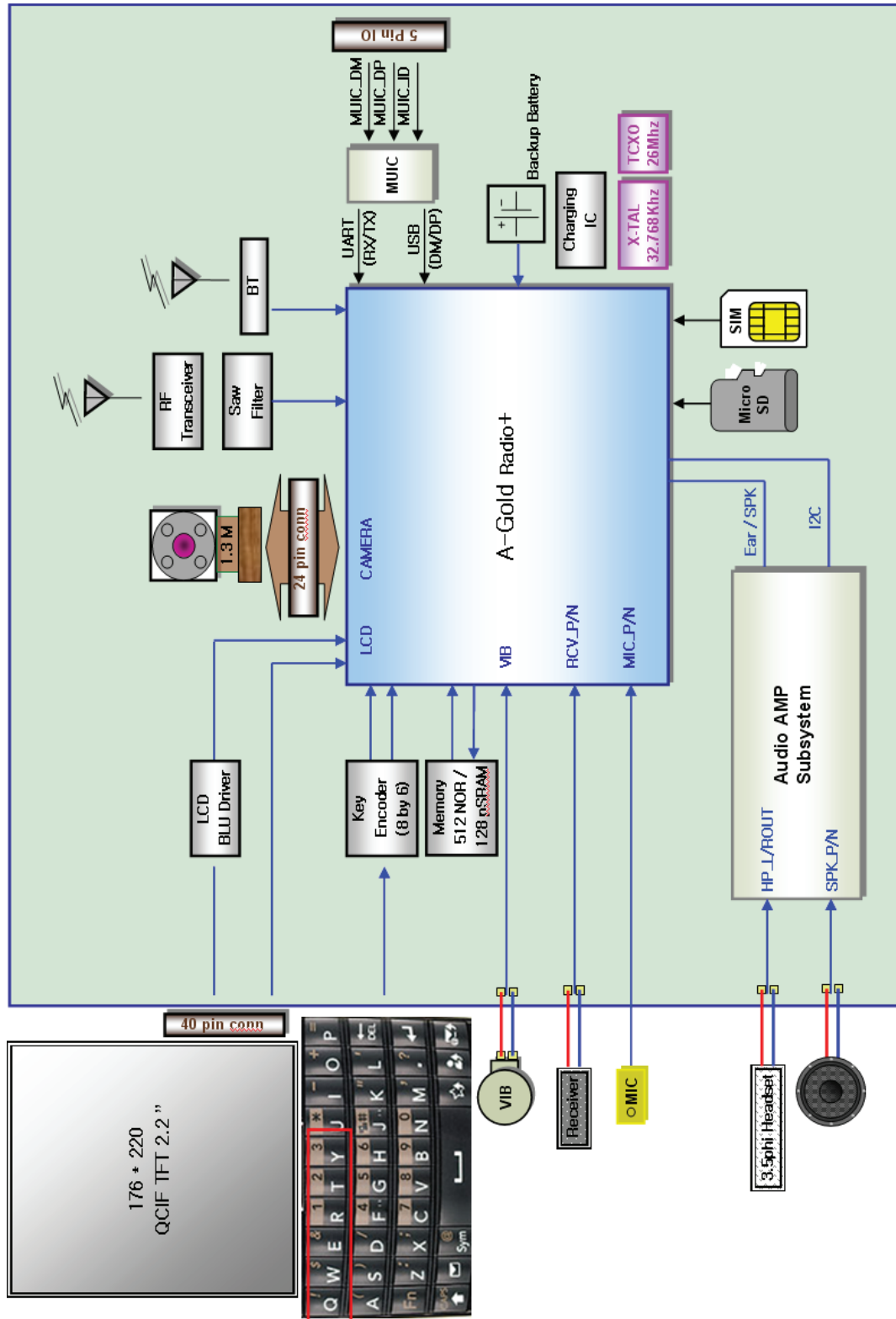
5. DOWNLOAD



5. DOWNLOAD

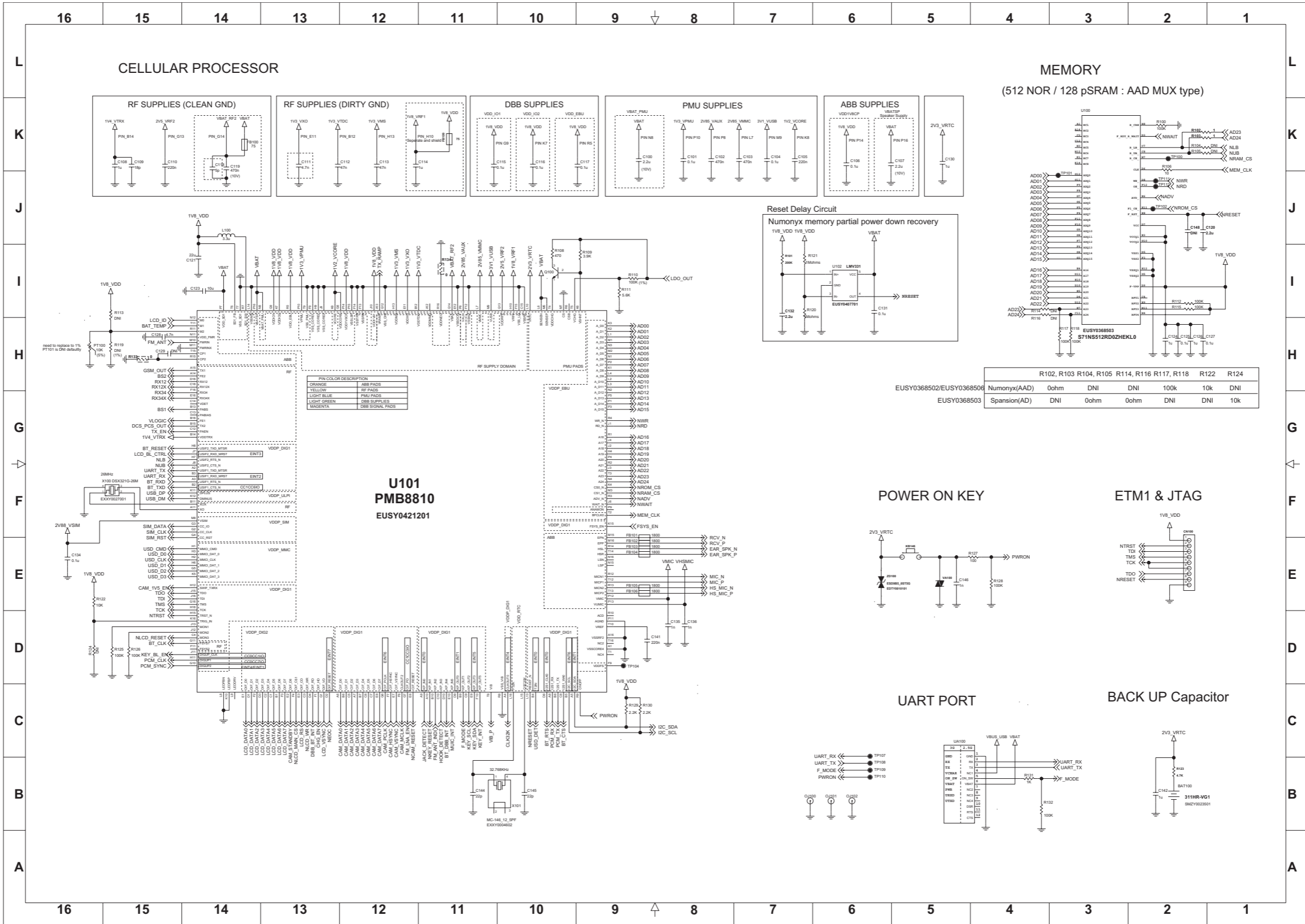


6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

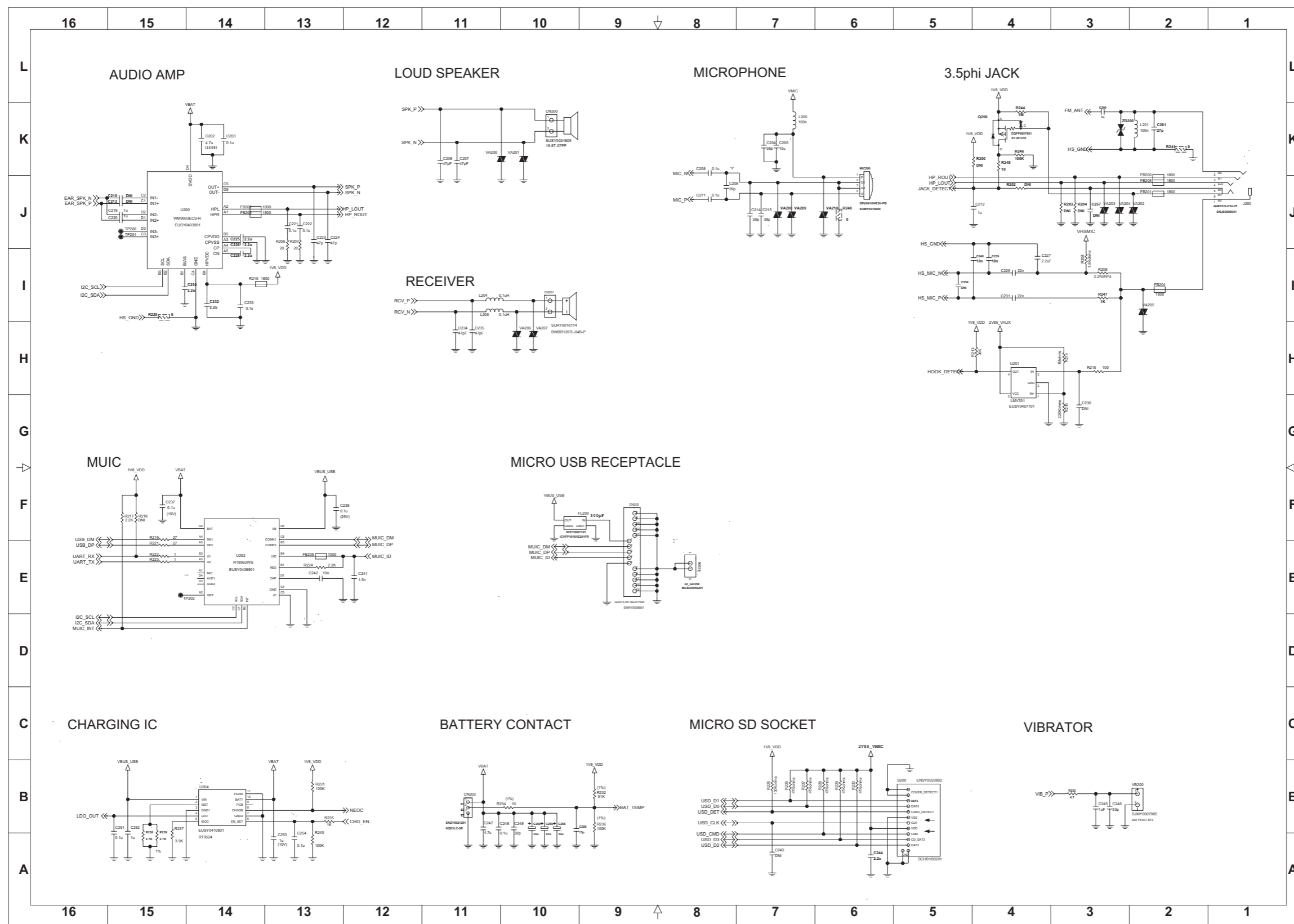




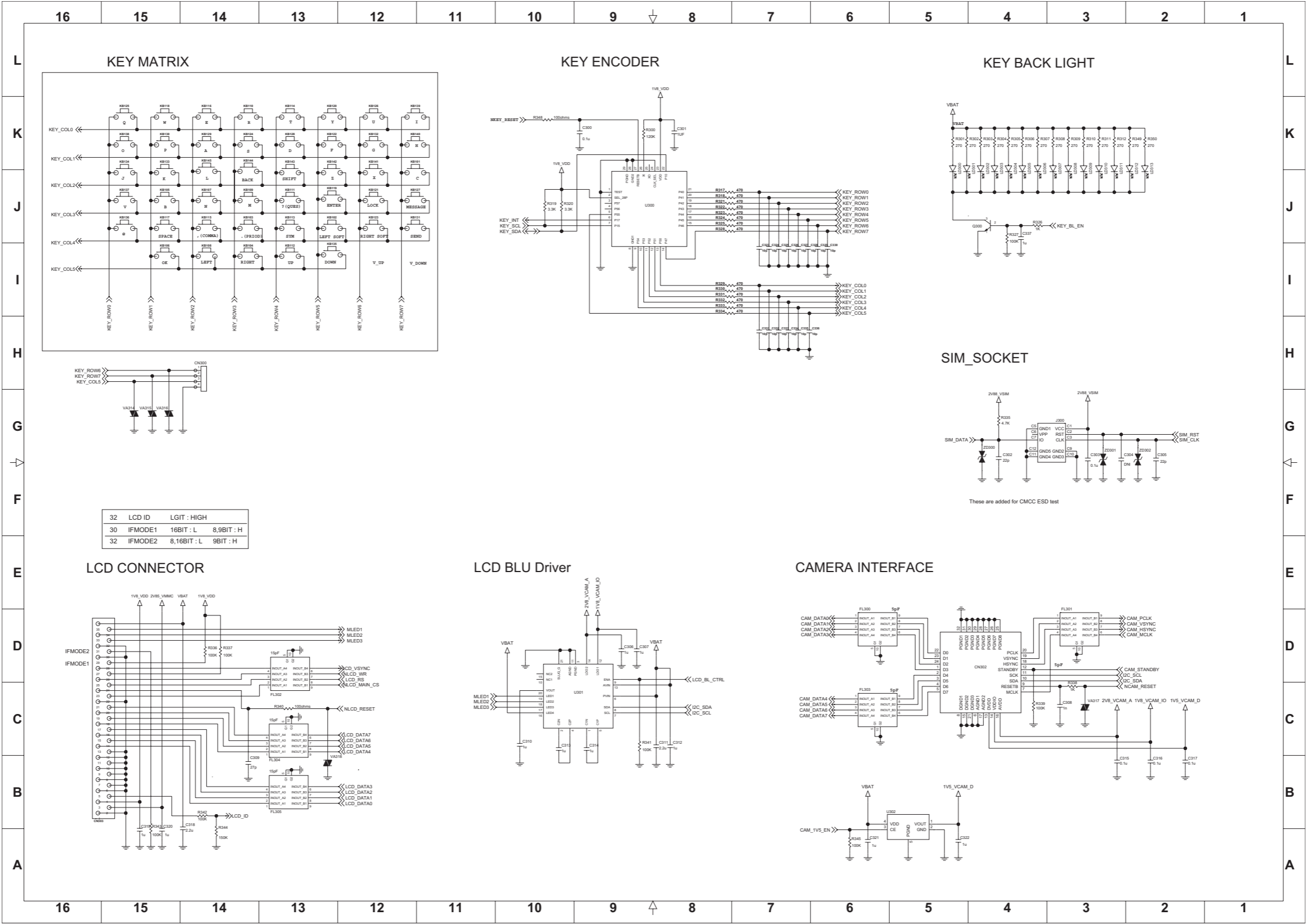
7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



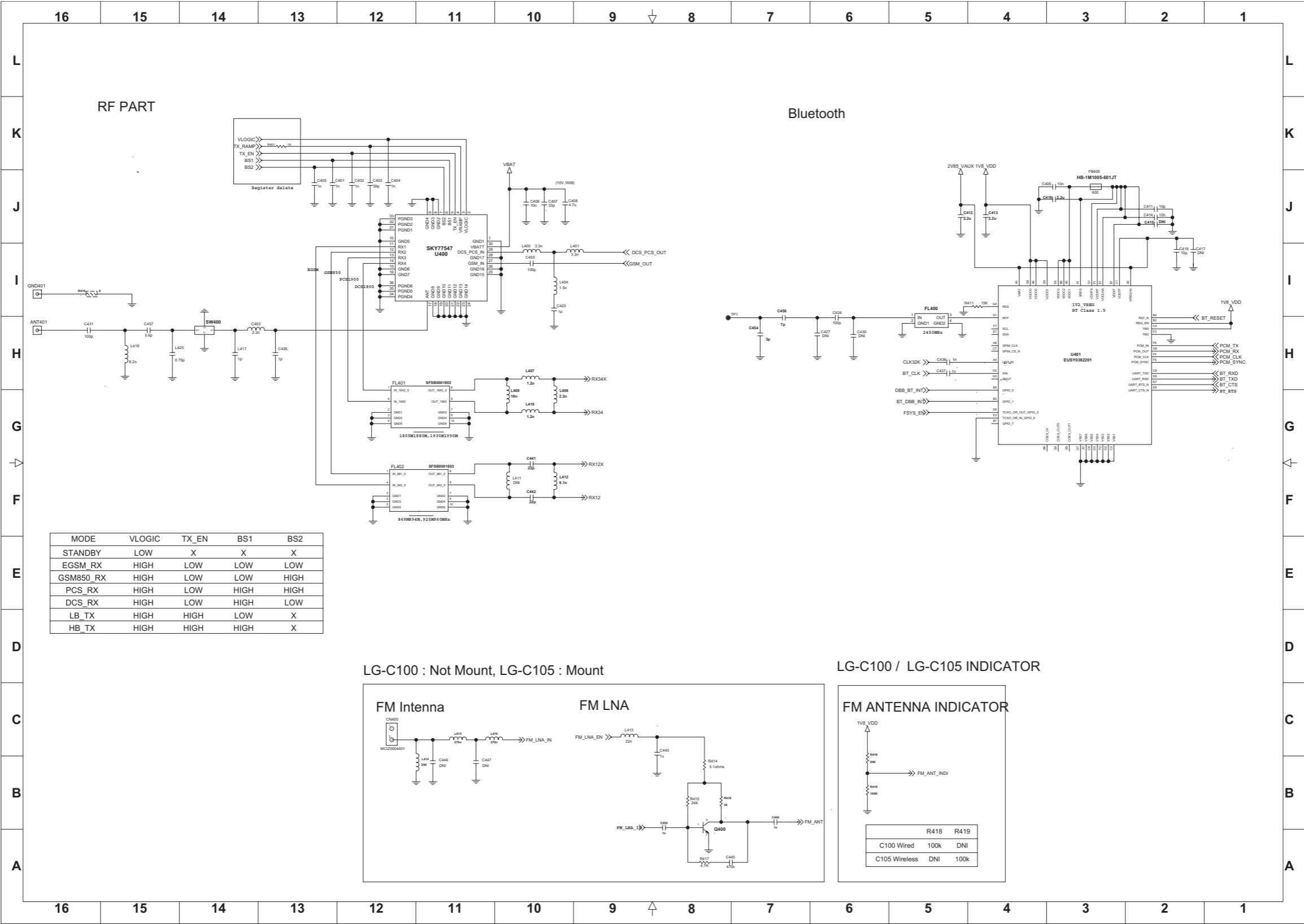
7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



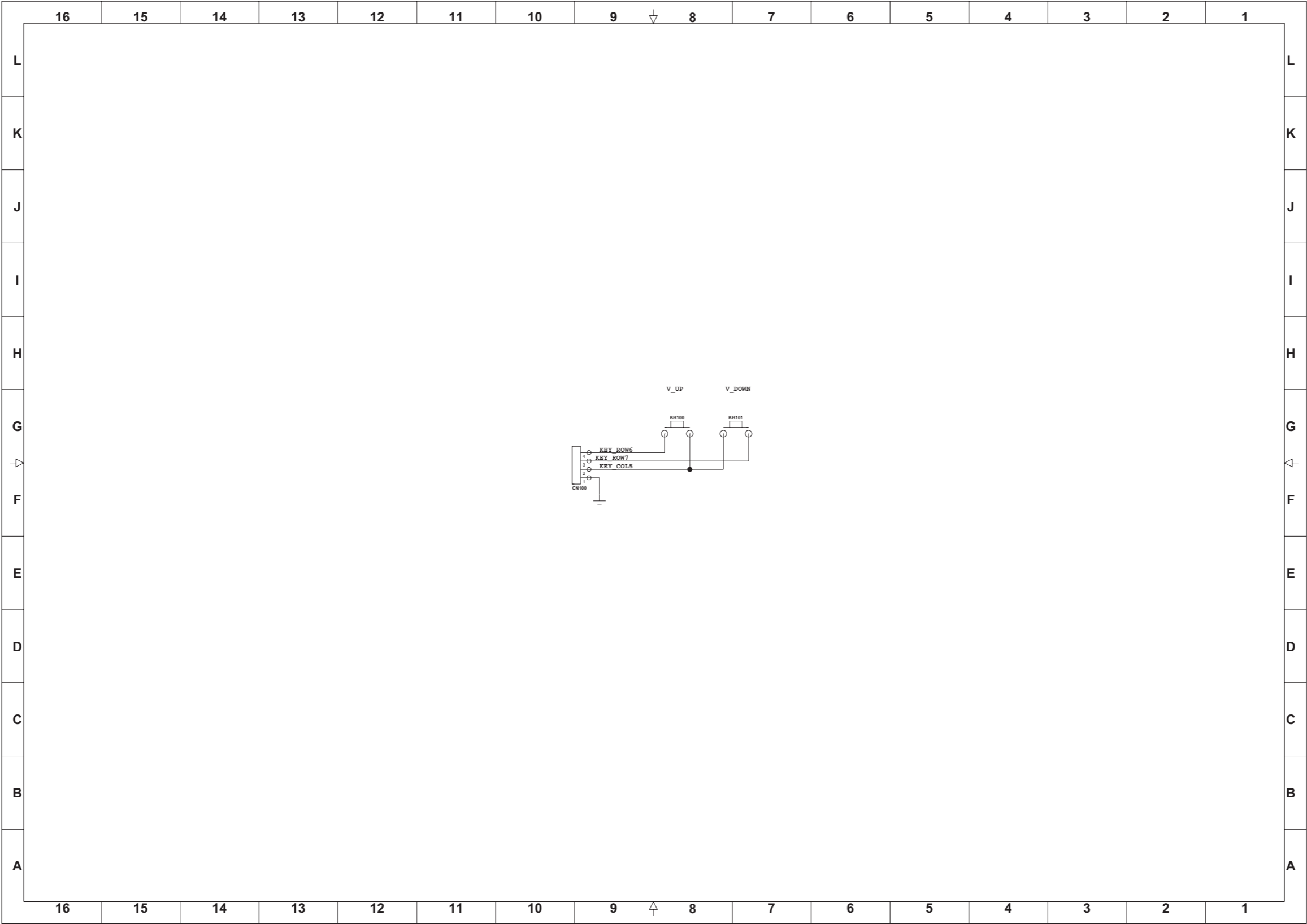
7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

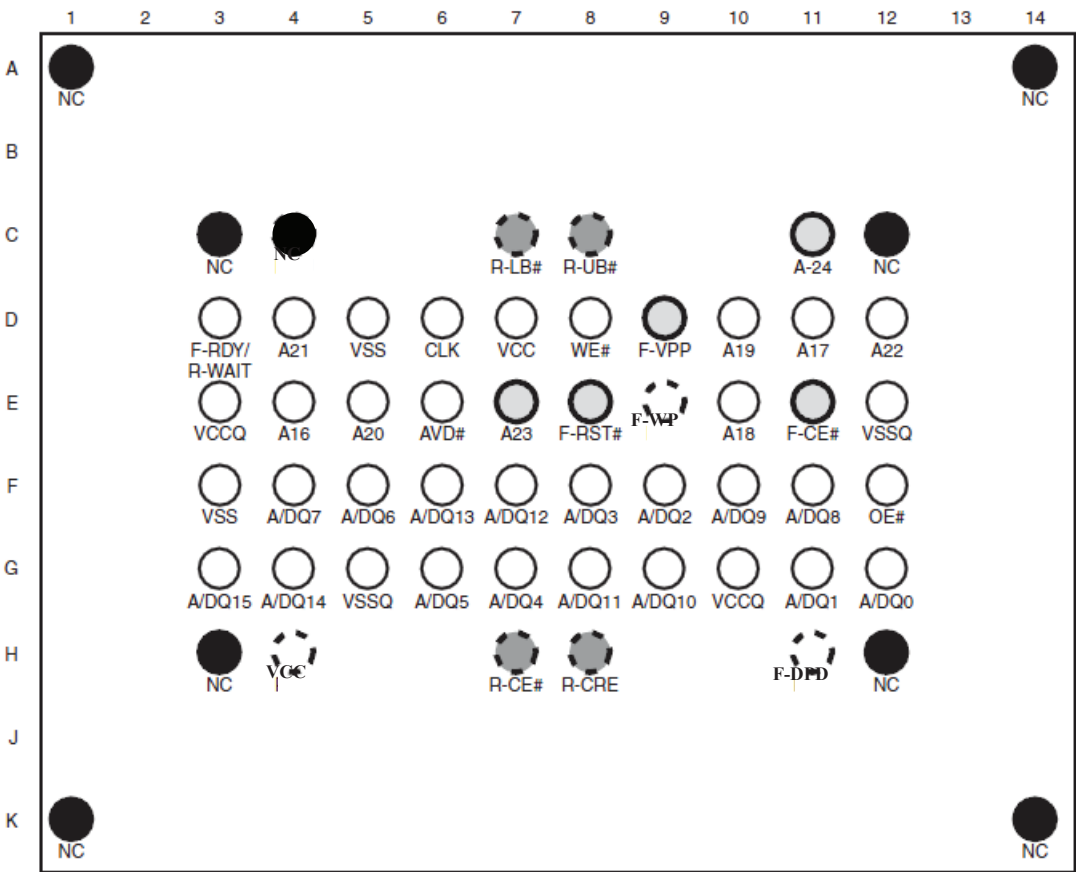


7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



8. BGA PIN MAP

U100 (EUSY0368503, S71NS512RD0ZHEKL0)

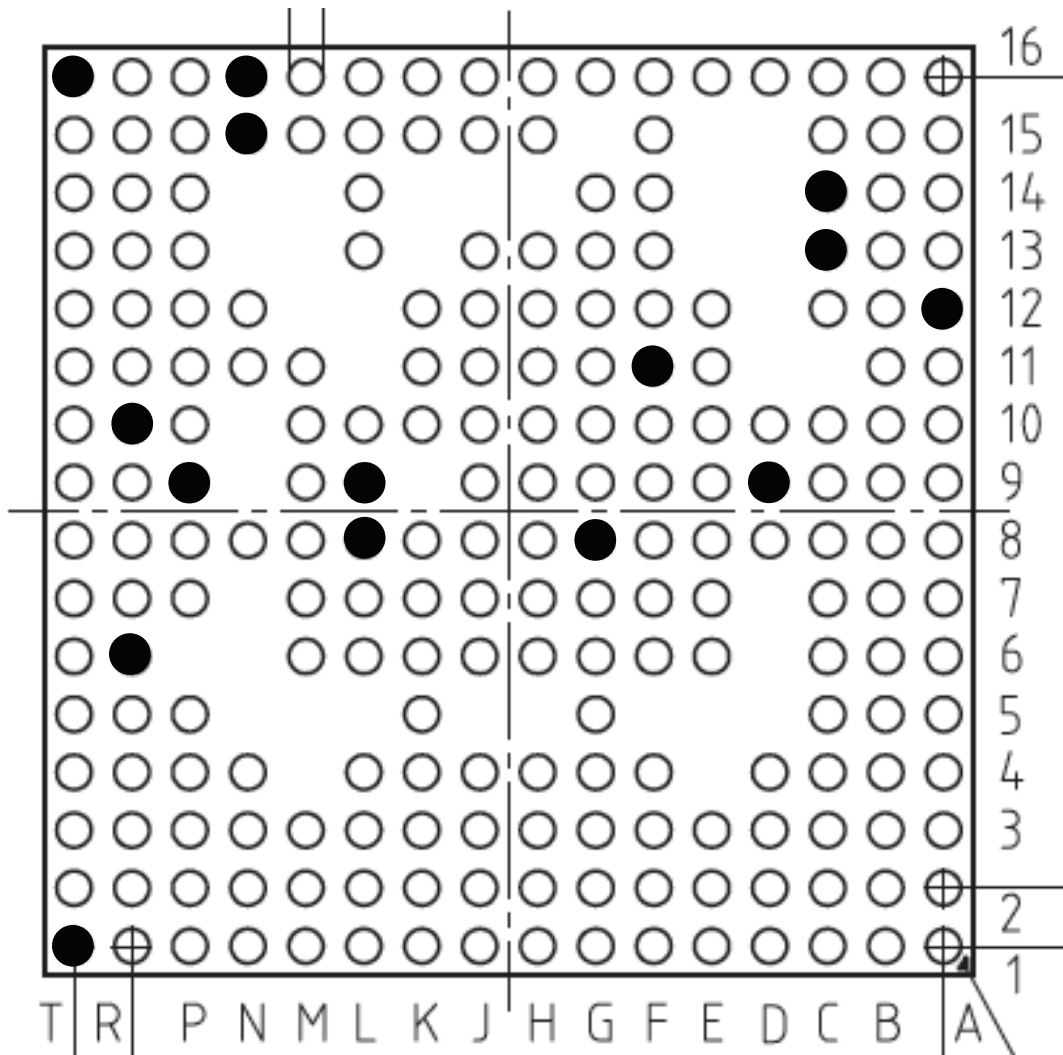


○: Use

●: Not Use

8. BGA PIN MAP

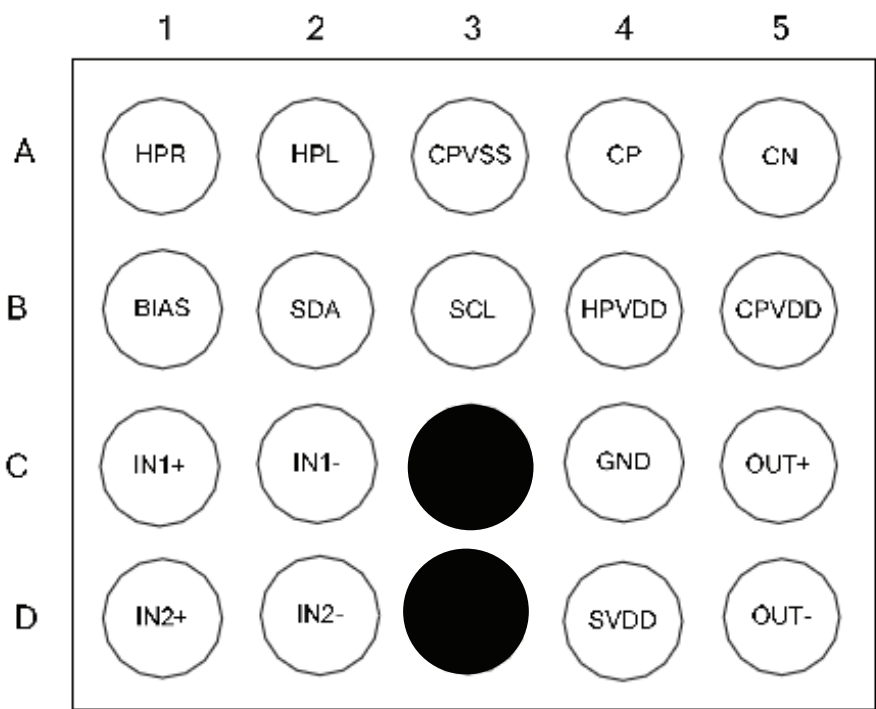
U101 (EUSY0421201, PMB8810)



○: Use

●: Not Use

U200 (EUSY0403901, WM9093ECS-R)

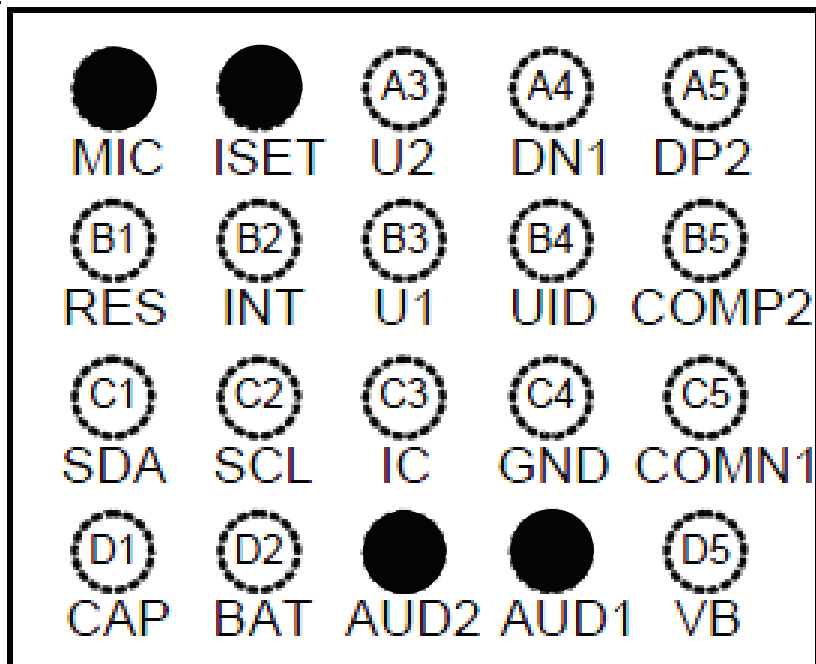


○: Use

●: Not Use

8. BGA PIN MAP

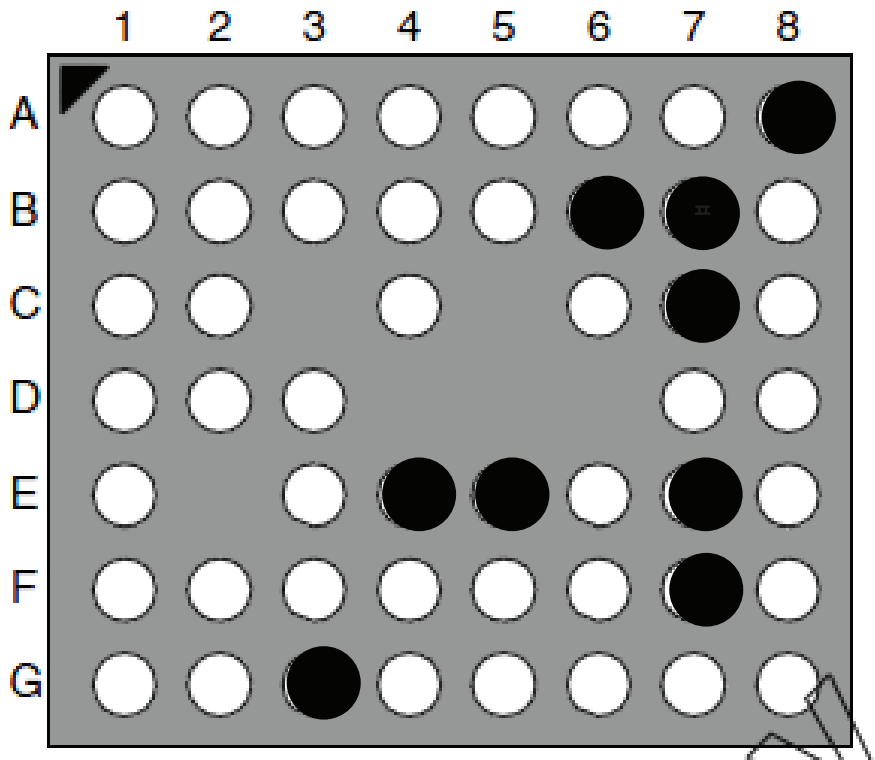
U202 (EUSY0406901, RT8962WS)



○: Use

●: Not Use

U401(EUSY0382201, BCM2070CB0KUFBXG)

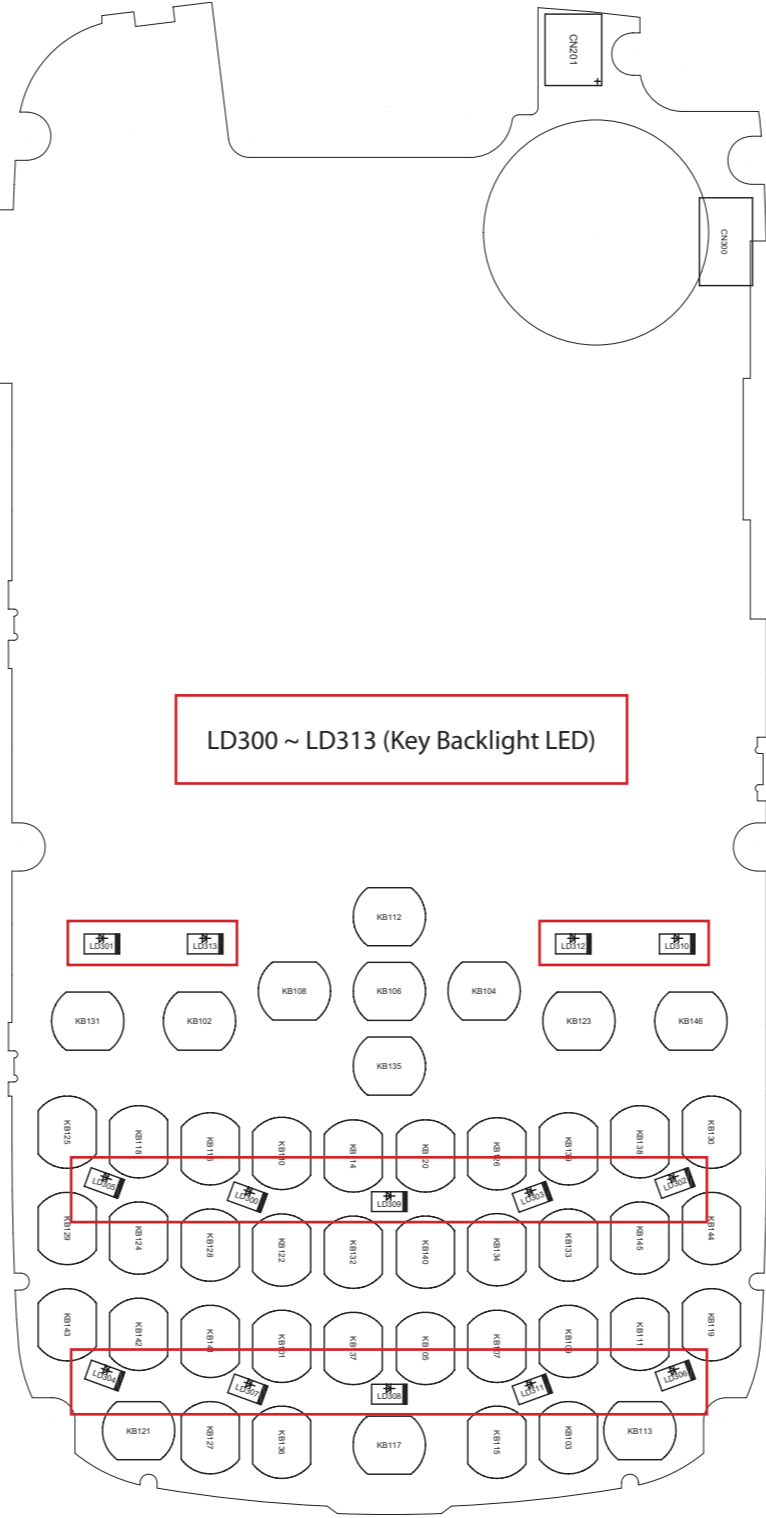


○: Use

●: Not Use



9. PCB LAYOUT



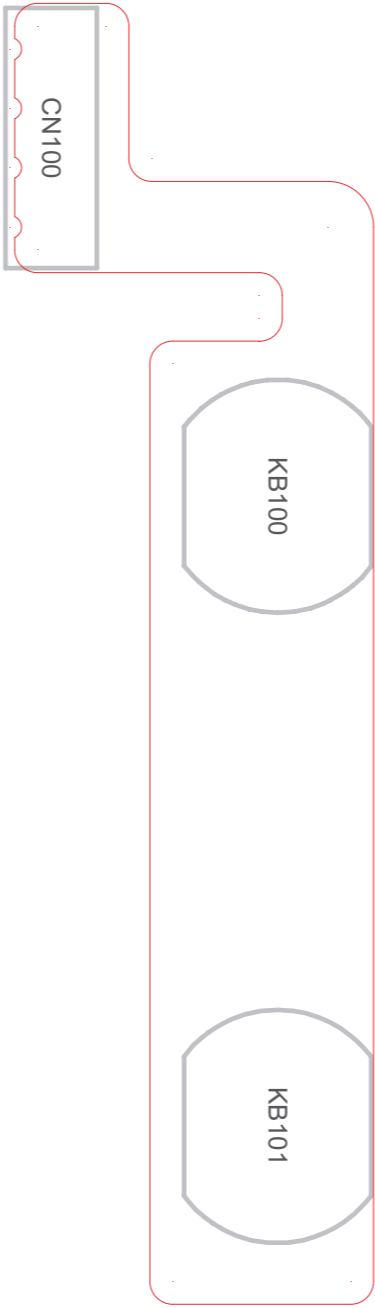
LG-C100_MAIN_SPFY0237601-1.0-TOP

9. PCB LAYOUT



LG-C100_MAIN_SPFY0237601-1.0-BOT

9. PCB LAYOUT



10.ENGINEERING MODE

Engineering mode is designed to allow a service man/engineer to view and test the basic functions provided by a handset. The key sequence for switching the engineering mode on is "1809#*350#" Select. Pressing END will switch back to non-engineering mode operation. Use Up and Down key to select a menu and press 'select' key to progress the test. Pressing 'back key will switch back to the original test menu.

[1] BB TEST

[1-1] Battery Info

[1-1-1] BattInfo

[1-2] Bluetooth Test

[1-2-1] Enter Test Mode

[1-2-2] OnOff Test

[1-2-3] Headset Test

[1-2-4] BT Test1

[1-2-5] BT Test2

[1-2-6] Xhtml Compose Print

[1-2-7] Xhtml Print Test

[2] Model Version

[2-1] Version

[3] Eng Mode

[3-1] Cell environ.

[3-2] PS Layer Info

[3-2-1] Mobility

[3-2-2] RadioRes

[3-2-1] Gprs

[3-3] Layer1 Info

[3-4] Reset Information

[3-5] Memory Configurarion

[3-6] MemGenConf

[3-7] MemAllUse

[3-8] MemDetUse

[3-9] MemDump

[3-10] Change Frequency Band

[4] Call Timer

[5] Factory Reset

[6] MF TEST

[6-1] All Auto Test

[6-2] Backlight

[6-2-1] BacklightOn

[6-2-2] BacklightOff

[6-3] Audio

[6-3-1] Audio Test

[6-4] Vibrator

[6-4-1] VibratorOn

[6-4-2] VibratorOff

[6-5] LCD

[6-5-1] Auto LCD

[6-6] Key pad

[6-7] Mic Speaker

[6-8] Camera

[6-8-1] Camera Main Preview

[6-8-2] FlashOn

[6-8-3] FlashOff

[6-8-4] CameraFlashBunning

[6-9] FM Radio

[6-9-1] FM Radio Test

[7] Network selection

[7-1] Automatic

[7-2] GSM850

[7-3] EGSM

[7-4] DCS

[7-5] PCS

11. STAND ALONE TEST

11. STAND ALONE TEST

11.1 Introduction

This manual explains how to examine the status of RX and TX of the model.

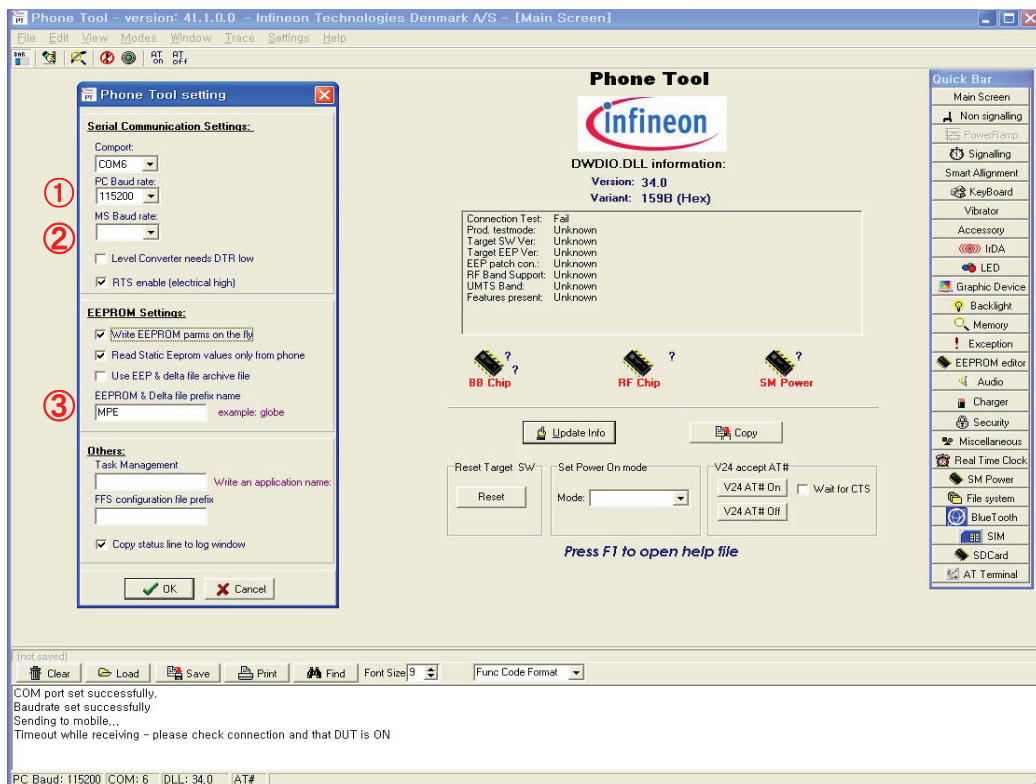
A. Tx Test

TX test - this is to see if the transmitter of the phones is activating normally.

B. Rx Test

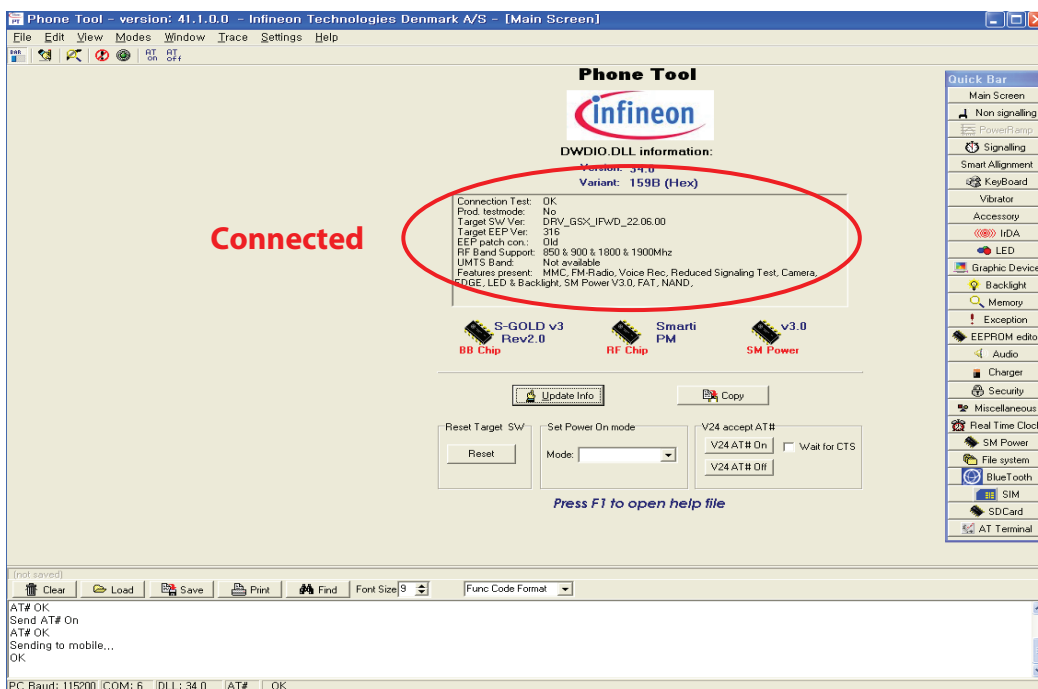
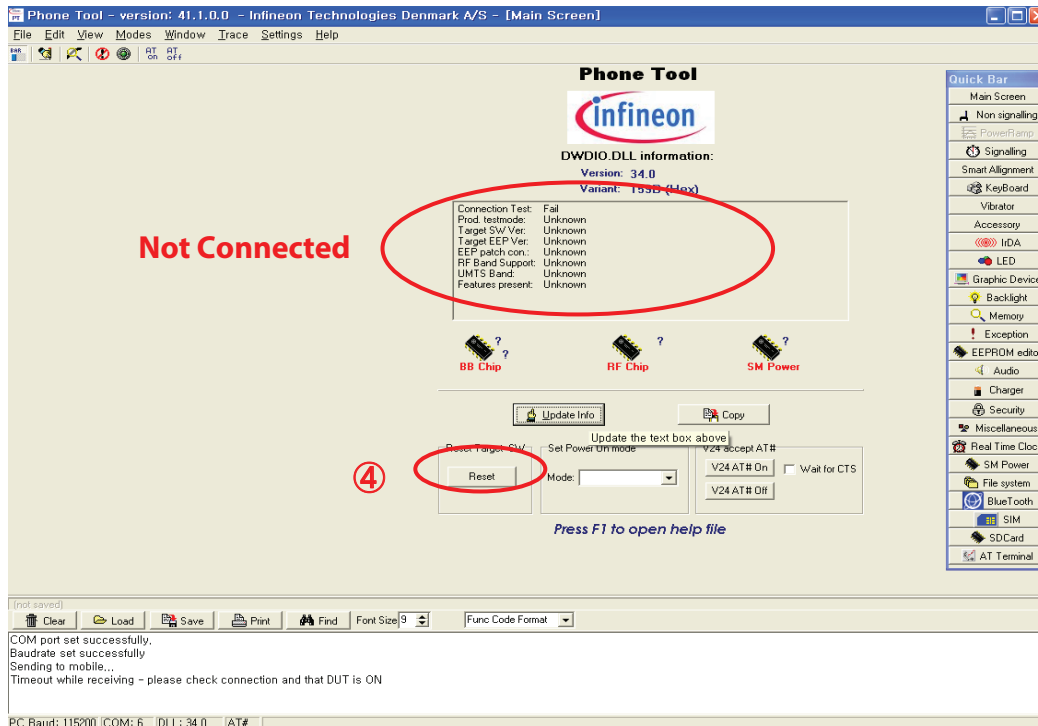
RX test - this is to see if the receiver of the phones is activating normally.

11.2 Setting Method

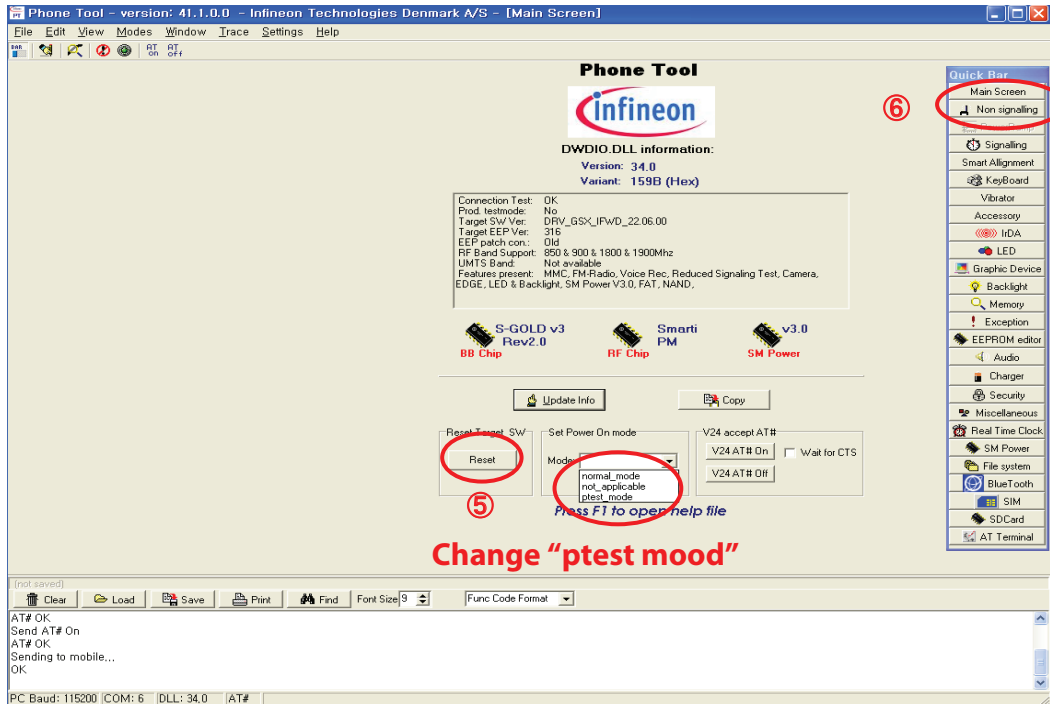


1. Set COM Port
2. Check PC Bau Rate
3. Confirm EEPROM & Delta file prefix name

4. Click "Update Info" for communicating Phone and Test-Program

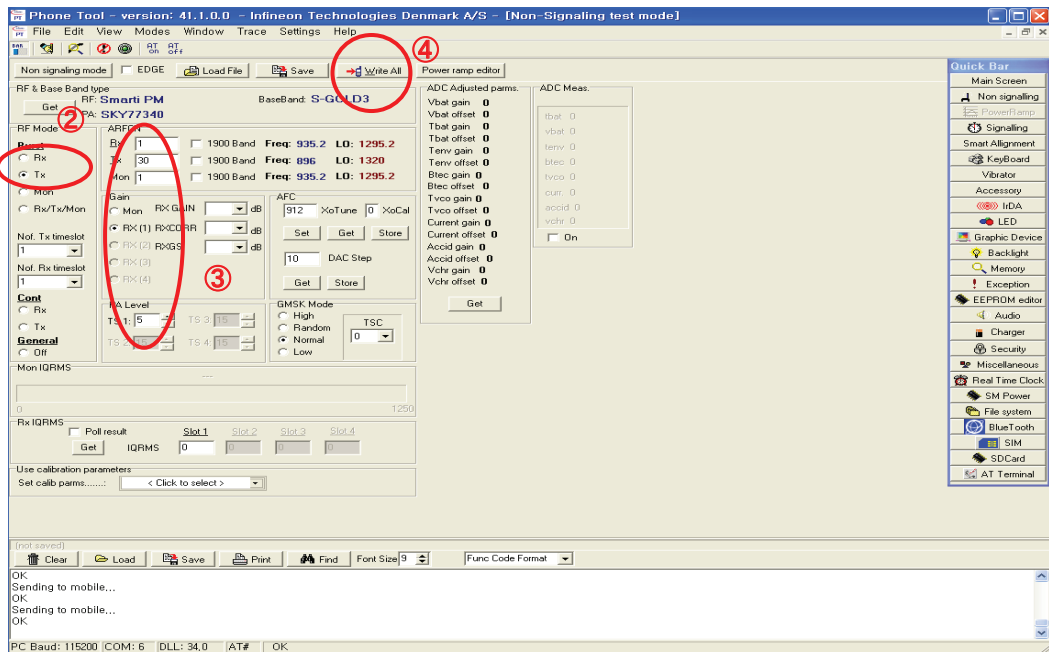
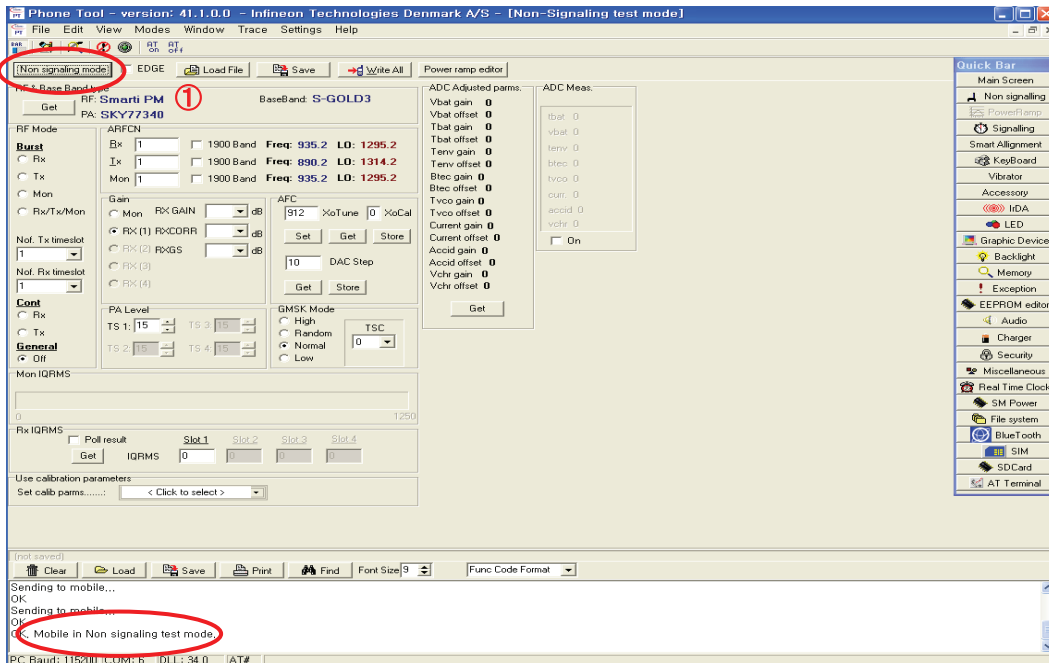


11. STAND ALONE TEST



5. For the purpose of the Standalone Test, Change the Phone to "ptest mode" and then Click the "Reset" bar.
6. Select "Non signaling" in the Quick Bar menu. Then Standalone Test setup is finished.

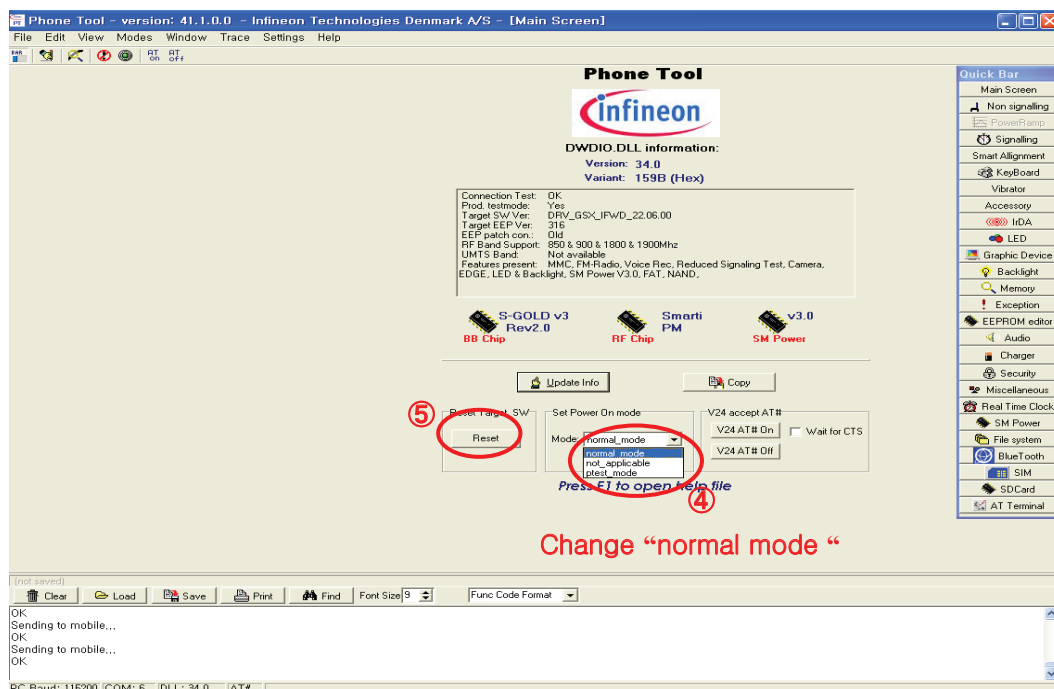
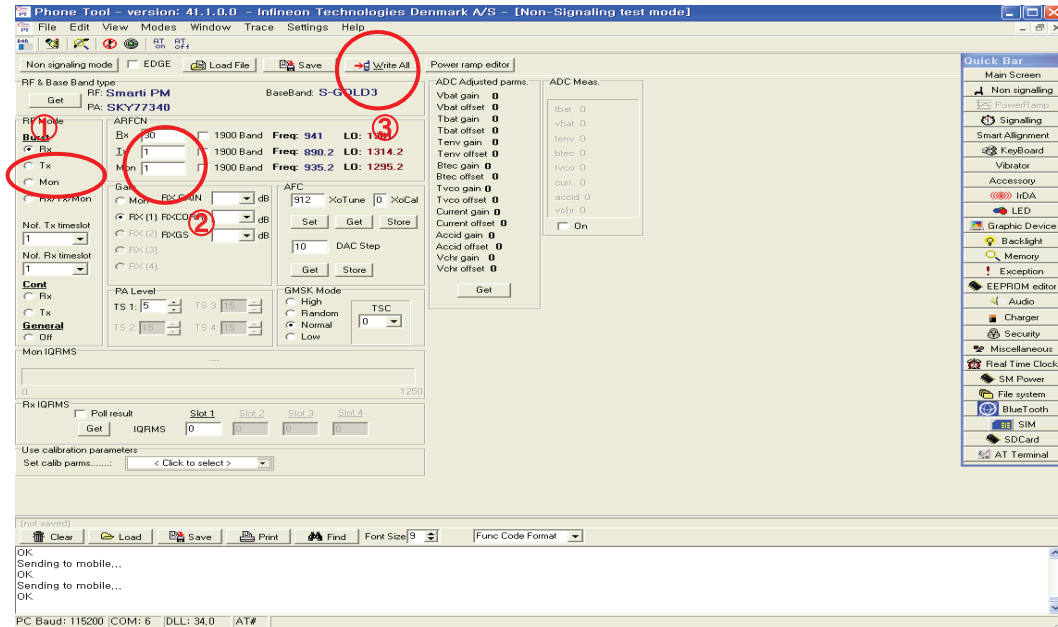
11.3 Tx Test



1. "Non signaling mode" bar and then confirm "OK" text in the command line.
2. Put the number of TX Channel in the ARFCN
3. Select "Tx" in the RF mode menu and "PCL" in the PA Level menu.
4. Finally, Click "Write All" bar and try the efficiency test of Phone.

11. STAND ALONE TEST

11.4 Rx Test



Change "normal mode"

1. Put the number of RX Channel in the ARFCN.
2. Select "Rx" in the RF mode menu.
3. Finally, Click "Write All" bar and try the efficiency test of Phone.
4. The Phone must be changed "normal mode" after finishing Test.
5. Change the Phone to "normal mode" and then Click the "Reset" bar.

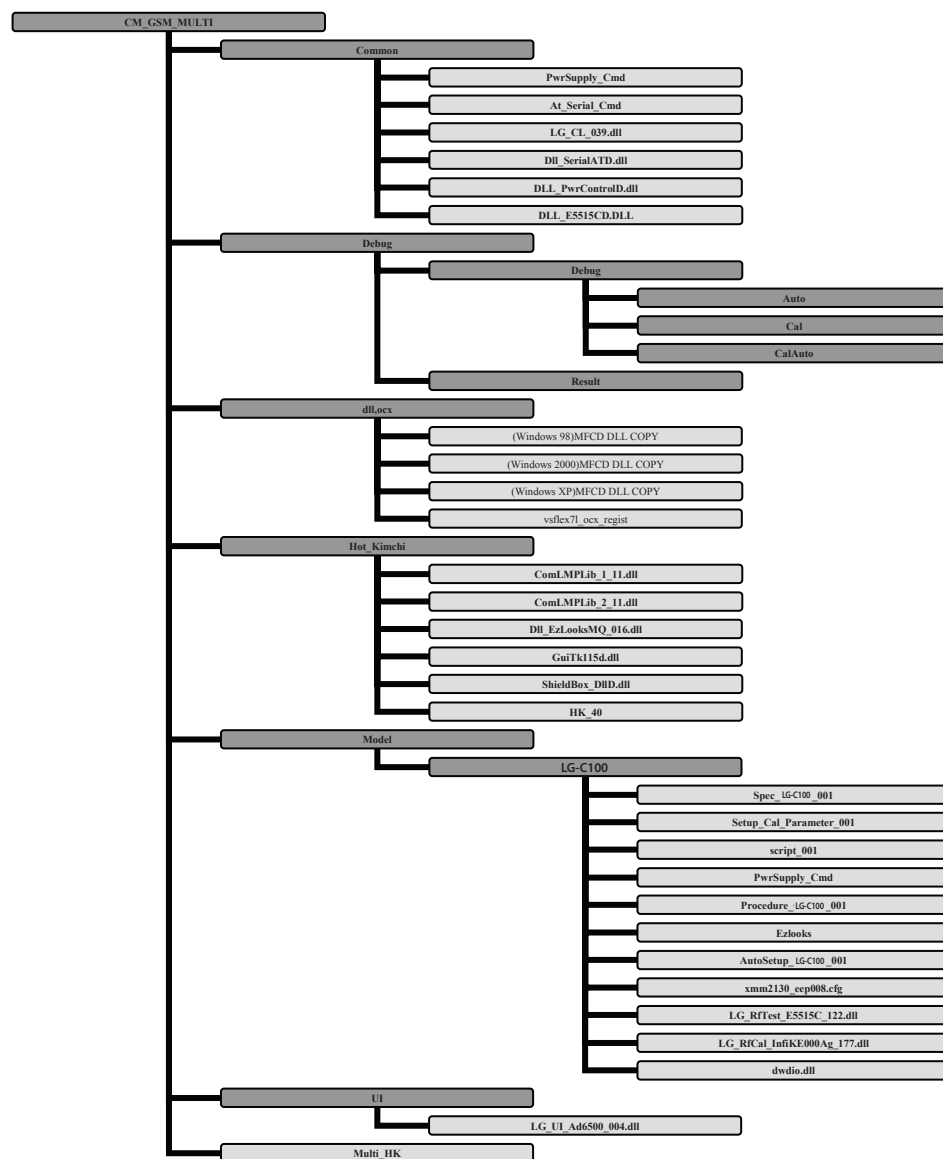
12.AUTO CALIBRATION

12.1 Overview

Auto-cal (Auto Calibration) is the PC side Calibration tool that perform Tx, Rx and Battery Calibration with Agilent 8960(GSM call setting instrument) and Tektronix PS2521G(Programmable Power supply).

Auto-cal generates calibration data by communicating with phone and measuring equipment then write it into calibration data block of flash memory in GSM phone.

12.2 Configuration of HotKimchi



12.AUTO CALIBRATION

12.3 Description of Basic File

12.3.1 Common

- **LG_CL_039.dll** : Common logic dll, Module In Charge of Reading PID & S/W Version, Booting.
- **Dll_SerialATD.dll** : Serial Communication Module From Phone by AT Command.
- **DLL_PwrControlD.dll** : Communication Module From Power supply.
- **DLL_E5515CD.DLL** : Communication Module From Agilent 8960(Test Set).
- **At_Serial_Cmd.xml** : Definition File of AT Command.
- **PwrSupply_Cmd.xml** : Definition File of Power supply command.

12.3.2 Debug

- **Debug** - Cal : Result File of Calibration.
Auto : Result File of Auto Test.
CalAuto : Result File of Cal & Auto Test.

12.3.3 dll, ocx

- **vsflex7l_ocx_regist** : Registration File for System use
- **Windows XXX)MFCD DLL** : Registration File for System use

12.3.4 HotKimchi

- **HK_40.exe** : Execute File, HK_XX → XX is File Version.
- **ComLMPLib_1_11.dll** : Communication Module With PLC or Shield Box In Automation Rack.
Support to J&S Shield Box and Tescom TC-5981A.
- **ComLMPLib_2_11.dll** : Communication Module With PLC or Shield Box In Automation Rack.
Support to J&S Shield Box and Tescom TC-5981A.
- **Dll_EzLooksMQ_005.dll** : Communication Module with ezTray Installed In Local PC.
- **GuiTk115d.dll** : control library
- **ShieldBox_DIID.dll** : Communication with Shield Box. Support to Tescom TC-5952B.

12.3.5 Model

- **LG_RfCal_InfiKE000Ag_177.dll** : Main Module of Calibration
- **LG_RfTest_E5515C_122.dll** : Main Module of Auto Test
- **Xmm2130_eep008.cfg** : Cal Data Save binary Module.
- **AutoSetup_LG-C100_100.xml** : RF TEST Setup Module.
- **Ezlooks.xml** : Calibration ezLooks Item & Cal Spec Definition Module.
- **Procedure_LG-C100_001.xml** : RF TEST Procedure Definition Module.
- **Script_001.xml** : RF TEST Setup & calibration Setup Module.
- **Spec_LG-C100_001.xml** : Definition Module of Auto Test Spec
- **Setup_Cal_Parameter_001.xml** : Calibration Definition Module.

12.3.6 UI

-. **LG_UI_Ad6500_002.dll** : ADI Model UI Dll.

12.3.7 Multi_HK

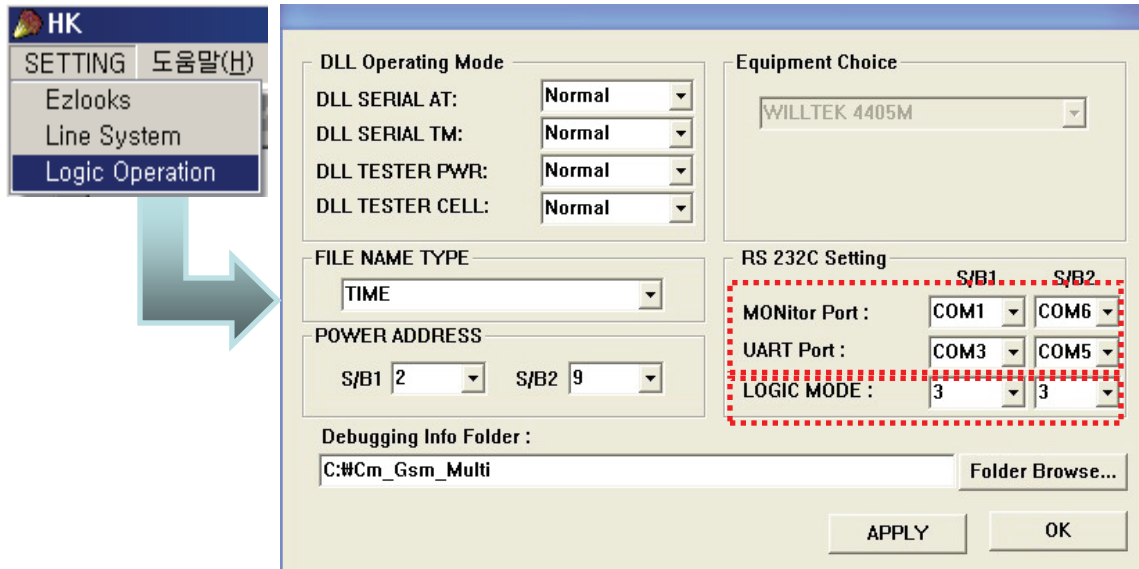
-. Registration File For System Setting.

1. Connect as Fig 6-2(RS232 serial cable is connected between COM port of PC and MON port of TEST JIG, in general)
2. Set the Power Supply 4.0V
3. Set the 3rd, 4th of DIP SW ON state always
4. Press the Phone power key, if the Remote ON is used, 1st ON state

12.4 Procedure

1. Copy the file to C:\Cm_Gsm_Multi
2. Copy the files of((Windows XXX)MFCD DLL, vsflex7l_ocx_regist to C:\Cm_Gsm_Multi\dll,ocx
3. Select MFCD DLL of your computer OS
4. Click on "vsflex7l_ocx_regist"
5. Click on "Multi_HK reg"
6. Connect as Fig 11-2 (RS232 serial cable is connected between COM port of PC, in general.)
7. . Run HK_40exe to start calibration.
8. Click " Logic Operation" of "SETTING" menu bar

12.AUTO CALIBRATION

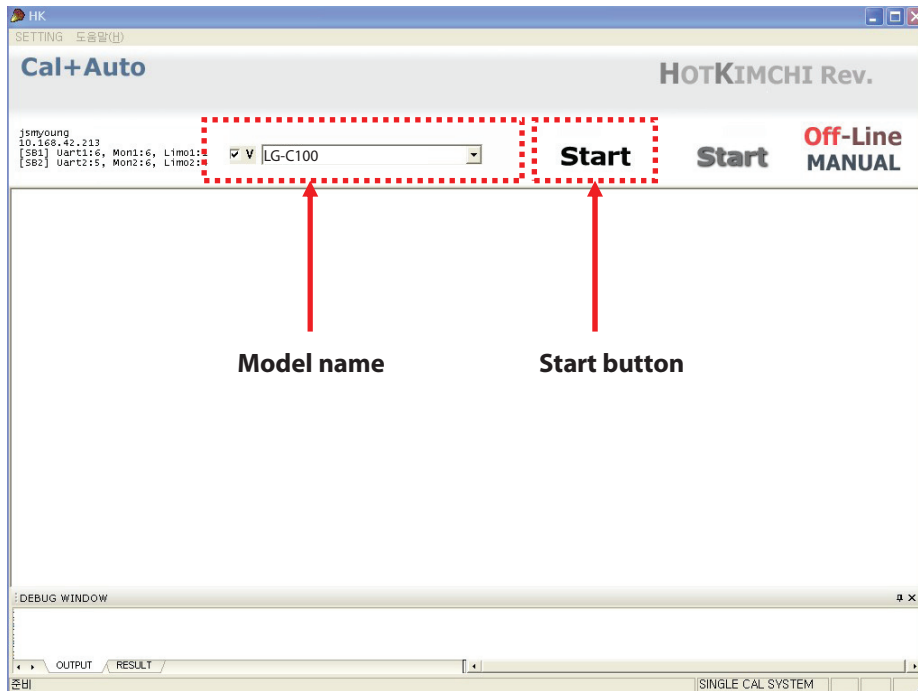


9. Set PORT (using RS232 cable) that PC can communicate with the phone

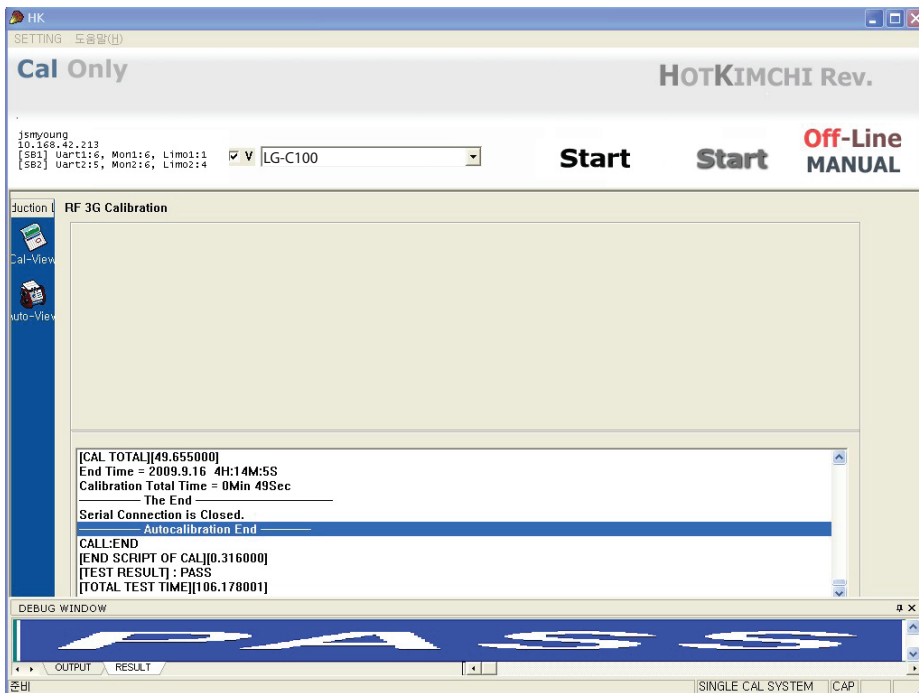
10. Select " LOGIC MODE" that you want

- Logic mode: 1-> Calibration only
- 2-> Auto test only
- 3-> Cal & Auto

11. Select the model name "LG-C100"



12. Click "start" button



12.AUTO CALIBRATION

12.5 AGC

This procedure is for Rx calibration.

In this procedure, We can get RSSI correction value. Set band EGSM and press Start button the result window will show correction values per every power level and gain code and the same measure is performed per every frequency.

12.6 APC

This procedure is for Tx calibration.

In this procedure you can get proper scale factor value and measured power level.

12.7 ADC

This procedure is for battery calibration.

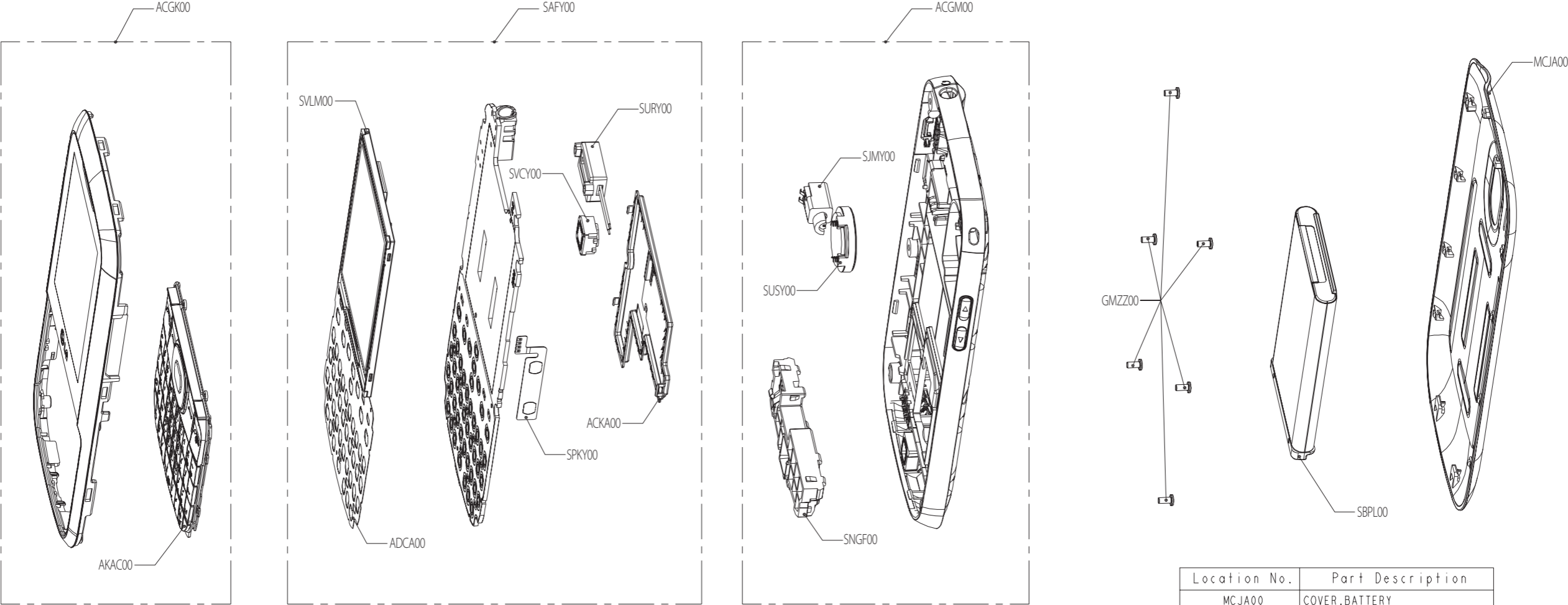
You can get main Battery Config Table and temperature Config Table will be reset.

12.8 Target Power

BAND	Description	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	Channel	128	191	251
	Frequency	824.2 MHz	836.8 MHz	848.8 MHz
	Max power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
EGSM 900	Channel	975	37	124
	Frequency	880.2 MHz	897.4 MHz	914.8 MHz
	Max power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
DCS1800	Channel	512	699	885
	Frequency	1710.2 MHz	1747.6 MHz	1784.8 MHz
	Max power	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
PCS 1900	Channel	512	661	810
	Frequency	1850.2 MHz	1880 MHz	1909.8 MHz
	Max power	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

13.1 EXPLODED VIEW



Location No.	Part Description
MCJA00	COVER,BATTERY
SBPL00	BATTERY PACK,LI-ION
ACGK00	COVER ASSY,FRONT
AKAC00	KEYPAD ASSY,MAIN
ACGM00	COVER ASSY,REAR
SJMY00	VIBRATOR,MOTOR
SNGF00	ANTENNA,GSM,FIXED
SUSY00	SPEAKER
GMZZ00	SCREW MACHINE
SAFY00	PCB ASSY,MAIN
ACKA00	CAN ASSY,SHIELD
ADCA00	DOME ASSY,METAL
SPKY00	PCB,SIDEKEY
SURY00	RECEIVER
SVCY00	CAMERA
SVLM00	LCD MODULE

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

13.2 Replacement Parts <Mechanic component>

Note: This Chapter is used for reference, Part order is ordered by SBOM standard on GCSC

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
1		GSM,BAR/FILP	TGSM0086905		RED	
2	AAAY00	ADDITION	AAAY0519602		RED	
3	AMBA00	MANUAL ASSY,OPERATION	AMBA0186905	LG-C100 manual assy for VNM	WITHOUT COLOR	
3	MCDF	CARD,WARRANTY	MCDF0001157	PRINTING, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
3	MCJA00	COVER,BATTERY	MCJA0120901	MOLD, PC LUPOY SC-1004A, , , ,	RED	
3	MLAZ	LABEL	MLAZ0051102	PRINTING, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
2	APEY00	PHONE	APEY0985701	UADS Ref. APEY0952701	RED	
3	ACGY00	COVER ASSY,EMS	ACGY0087501		RED	
4	ACGK00	COVER ASSY,FRONT	ACGK0171701		RED	
5	AKAC00	KEYPAD ASSY,MAIN	AKAC0019701		WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MCJK00	COVER,FRONT	MCJK0135801	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MBFZ00	BRACKET	MBFZ0055901	PRESS, STS, , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MICE00	INSERT,NUT	MICE0016903	PRESS, STS, , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MFBZ00	FILTER	MFBZ0026701	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MPBG00	PAD,LCD	MPBG0113901	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAB00	TAPE,PROTECTION	MTAB0445801	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAB01	TAPE,PROTECTION	MTAB0445901	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAB02	TAPE,PROTECTION	MTAB0450201	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAD00	TAPE,WINDOW	MTAD0134601	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MWAC00	WINDOW,LCD	MWAC0153001	CUTTING, PMMA MR 200, , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
4	ACGM00	COVER ASSY,REAR	ACGM0170201	C100 Rear Assy, Red	RED	
5	MBJZ00	BUTTON	MBJZ0043101	COMPLEX, (empty), , , ,	RED	

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
5	MCCZ00	CAP	MCCZ0045501	MOLD, Urethane Rubber S190A, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MCCZ01	CAP	MCCZ0045301	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	RED	
5	MCCZ02	CAP	MCCZ0045901	MOLD, Urethane Rubber S190A, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MCCZ03	CAP	MCCZ0046001	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	RED	
5	MCJN00	COVER,REAR	MCJN0128201	MOLD, PC LUPOY SC-1004A, , , , ,	RED	
5	MFBZ00	FILTER	MFBZ0029701	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MLAB	LABEL,A/S	MLAB0001102	C2000 USASV DIA 4.0	WHITE	
5	MPBN00	PAD,SPEAKER	MPBN0092201	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MPBZ00	PAD	MPBZ0326401	MOLD, Urethane Rubber S190A, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MPBZ01	PAD	MPBZ0329901	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MPBZ02	PAD	MPBZ0337501	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAB00	TAPE,PROTECTION	MTAB0427601	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MTAD00	TAPE,WINDOW	MTAD0134701	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
5	MWAE00	WINDOW,CAMERA	MWAE0065801	CUTTING, PMMA MR 200, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
4	GMZZ00	SCREW MACHINE	GMZZ0017701	1.4 mm,3.0 mm,MSWR3 ,N ,+ , - ,	Silver	
6	ACKA00	CAN ASSY,SHIELD	ACKA0033301		WITHOUT COLOR	
7	MCBA00	CAN,SHIELD	MCBA0097701	PRESS, STS, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
7	MTAB00	TAPE,PROTECTION	MTAB0439401	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	ADCA00	DOME ASSY,METAL	ADCA0119101		WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MCCZ00	CAP	MCCZ0045601	MOLD, Urethane Rubber S190A, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MTAZ00	TAPE	MTAZ0358301	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MTAZ01	TAPE	MTAZ0358401	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MTAZ02	TAPE	MTAZ0377101	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
6	MLAZ00	LABEL	MLAZ0038301	PID Label 4 Array	WITHOUT COLOR	

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	SC200	CAN,SHIELD	MCBA0059201	PRESS, STS, , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
3	MLAA00	LABEL,APPROVAL	MLAA0062303	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
3	MLAZ00	LABEL	MLAZ0051801	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	
3	MLAZ01	LABEL	MLAZ0051901	COMPLEX, (empty), , , , ,	WITHOUT COLOR	

<Main component>

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	C112	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002002	47000 pF,10V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C113	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002002	47000 pF,10V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C114	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C115	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C116	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C117	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C118	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000806	5 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C119	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001210	470 nF,10V ,Z ,Y5V ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C120	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000198	2.2 uF,6.3V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C121	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0025502	22000000 pF,6.3V ,M ,X5R ,HD ,2012 ,R/TP , , 0.85t [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty]		
7	C123	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0007803	10 uF,10V ,M ,X5R ,HD ,1608 ,R/TP , , [empty] , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , 0.8 mm		
7	C124	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C125	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002001	0.1 uF,6.3V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP , , [empty] , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , .5 mm		
7	C126	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C127	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002001	0.1 uF,6.3V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP , , [empty] , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , .5 mm		
7	C128	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000151	4.7 nF,25V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C130	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C131	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C132	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000198	2.2 uF,6.3V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C134	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C135	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C136	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C141	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001216	220 nF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C142	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C144	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C145	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C146	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C200	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C201	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000117	27 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C202	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0007802	4.7 uF,10V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	C203	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000182	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C204	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C205	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005604	10000000 pF,6.3V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP , , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , 0.8 mm		
7	C206	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C207	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C208	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C209	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C211	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C212	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C214	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C215	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C219	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C220	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C221	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002001	0.1 uF,6.3V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP , , [empty] , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , 5 mm		
7	C222	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0002001	0.1 uF,6.3V ,K ,B ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP , , [empty] , [empty] [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , [empty] , 5 mm		
7	C223	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C224	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C225	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C226	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C227	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C228	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C229	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000179	22 nF,16V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C230	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C231	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000179	22 nF,16V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C232	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C233	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000182	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C234	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C235	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000122	47 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C237	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C238	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003504	100 nF,25V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1608 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	C239	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C240	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C241	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000145	1.5 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C242	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C244	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C245	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C246	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000830	33 pF,50V ,J ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C247	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0007802	4.7 uF,10V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C248	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C249	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C250	CAP,TANTAL,CHIP	ECTH0002002	33 uF,10V ,M ,L _ESR ,2012 ,R/TP ; , , [empty] , [empty] , ,-55TO+125C , ,2.2X1.1X1.1MM , [empty] , [empty] ,[empty]		
7	C251	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C252	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003503	1 uF,25V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C253	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C254	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000182	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C255	CAP,TANTAL,CHIP	ECTH0002002	33 uF,10V ,M ,L _ESR ,2012 ,R/TP ; , , [empty] , [empty] , ,-55TO+125C , ,2.2X1.1X1.1MM , [empty] , [empty] ,[empty]		
7	C256	CAP,TANTAL,CHIP	ECTH0002002	33 uF,10V ,M ,L _ESR ,2012 ,R/TP ; , , [empty] , [empty] , ,-55TO+125C , ,2.2X1.1X1.1MM , [empty] , [empty] ,[empty]		
7	C258	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000112	15 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C300	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C301	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C302	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C303	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C305	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C306	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C307	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C308	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C309	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000117	27 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C310	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C311	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	C312	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C313	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C314	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C315	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C316	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C317	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0003103	0.1 uF,10V ,K ,X7R ,HD ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C318	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C319	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C320	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C321	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C322	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0001215	1 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C323	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C324	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C325	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C326	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C327	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C328	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C329	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C330	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C331	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C332	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C333	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C334	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C335	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C336	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C337	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0004904	1 uF,6.3V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C400	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C401	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C402	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C403	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000120	39 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C404	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C405	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	C406	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C407	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000830	33 pF,50V ,J ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C408	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0007802	4.7 uF,10V ,M ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C410	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C411	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C412	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C413	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0005603	2.2 uF,10V ,K ,X5R ,TC ,1608 ,R/TP		
7	C414	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000155	10 nF,16V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C416	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000110	10 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C420	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000802	1 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C424	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000813	100 pF,50V ,J ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C431	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000813	100 pF,50V ,J ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C435	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000802	1 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C436	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C437	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000143	1 nF,50V,K,X7R,HD,1005,R/TP		
7	C441	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C442	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000115	22 pF,50V,J,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C453	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0005001	2.2 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,		
7	C454	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000104	3 pF,50V,C,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C455	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000813	100 pF,50V ,J ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	C456	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000108	7 pF,50V,D,NP0,TC,1005,R/TP		
7	C457	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000185	5.6 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	CN202	CONNECTOR,I/O	ENRY0008801	5 , mm,ANGLE , , , , ,0.64MM ,ANGLE ,[empty] ,DIP ,[empty] ,		
7	CN302	CONN,SOCKET	ENSY0023701	24 ,ETC , ,0.7 mm,7x7x3.95t, (1.3M Socket)		
7	CN303	CONNECTOR,FFC/FPC	ENQY0013901	35 PIN,0.3 mm,STRAIGHT , , , , ,0.30MM ,FPC ,STRAIGHT ,BOTH ,SMD ,R/TP ,[empty] ,		
7	FB100	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0007103	75 ohm,1005 ,CHIP BEAD, 300mA		
7	FB101	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead , , ,1800ohm , , ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB102	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead , , ,1800ohm , , ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB103	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead , , ,1800ohm , , ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB104	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead , , ,1800ohm , , ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB105	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead , , ,1800ohm , , ,[empty] ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	FB106	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB109	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0007103	75 ohm,1005 ,CHIP BEAD, 300mA		
7	FB200	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB201	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB202	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB203	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB204	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB205	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0000912	1000 ohm,1005 ,		
7	FB209	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ; ,1800ohm ; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	FB400	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0000903	600 ohm,1005 ,		
7	FL200	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0007101	SMD ,1CH,1608Feedthru ESD/EMI filter for power Pb-free		
7	FL300	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0015501	SMD ,Pb-free_4ch_5p-100ohm-5p ; ,Filter,LCR		
7	FL301	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0015501	SMD ,Pb-free_4ch_5p-100ohm-5p ; ,Filter,LCR		
7	FL302	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0013201	SMD ,1608 ,EMI-ESD Filter, 4ch, 14V, 15pF, 100ohm		
7	FL303	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0015501	SMD ,Pb-free_4ch_5p-100ohm-5p ; ,Filter,LCR		
7	FL304	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0013201	SMD ,1608 ,EMI-ESD Filter, 4ch, 14V, 15pF, 100ohm		
7	FL305	FILTER,EMI/POWER	SFEY0013201	SMD ,1608 ,EMI-ESD Filter, 4ch, 14V, 15pF, 100ohm		
7	FL400	FILTER,DIELECTRIC	SFDY0003001	2450 MHz,2.0*1.25*1.05 ,SMD ,2400M~2500M, IL 1.6, 4pin, U-U, 50-50, BT BPF ; ,BPF ,2450 ,100 ,SMD ,R/TP		
7	FL401	FILTER,SAW,DUAL	SFSB0001903	1842.5 MHz,75 MHz,3.1 dB,12 dB,1960 MHz,60 MHz,3.2 dB,8 dB,1.8*1.4*0.5 ,SMD ,1805M~1880M,1930M~1990M,10p,B,170,DCS+PCS Rx,LH,DIP_OUT ; ,1842.5+1960 ,1.8*1.4*0.5 ,SMD ,R/TP		
7	FL402	FILTER,SAW,DUAL	SFSB0001803	881.5 MHz,25 MHz,2.5 dB,23 dB,942.5 MHz,35 MHz,2.9 dB,18 dB,1.8*1.4*0.5 ,SMD ,869M~894M,925M~960M,10p,B,150,LH,GSM850+EGS M Rx,DIP_OUT ; ,881.5+942.5 ,1.8*1.4*0.5 ,SMD ,R/TP		
7	J200	CONN,JACK/PLUG,EARPHONE	ENJE0008001	,6 ; , [empty] ,4P , [empty] ,R/TP , ,BLACK ,12.55x6.3x4.0t		
7	J300	CONN,SOCKET	ENSY0022102	6 ,ANGLE , ,2.54 mm,Changed Metal shell		
7	L100	INDUCTOR,SMD,POWER	ELCP0009410	3.3 uH,N ,2x2.5x1.0 ,R/TP ,chip power ; ,3.3uH ,30% ; ,400mA ; ; ; ,SHIELD ,2.5X2MM , [empty] ,R/TP ,Inductor,Wire Wound,Chip		
7	L200	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003842	100 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,MLCI		
7	L201	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0001430	100 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,PBFREE		
7	L204	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003842	100 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,MLCI		
7	L205	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003842	100 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,MLCI		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	L400	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003826	3.3 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,chip		
7	L401	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003826	3.3 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,chip		
7	L404	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0001404	1.5 nH,S,1005,R/TP		
7	L407	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0004720	1.2 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,		
7	L408	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0005001	2.2 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,		
7	L409	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0001032	18 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,PBFREE		
7	L410	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0004720	1.2 nH,S ,1005 ,R/TP ,		
7	L412	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0003818	9.1 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,		
7	L417	CAP,CHIP,MAKER	ECZH0000802	1 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	L419	INDUCTOR,CHIP	ELCH0001426	8.2 nH,J ,1005 ,R/TP ,PBFREE		
7	L420	CAP,CERAMIC,CHIP	ECCH0000196	0.75 pF,50V ,C ,NP0 ,TC ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	MIC200	MICROPHONE	SUMY0010609	UNIT , -42 dB,3.76*2.95*1.1 ,mems smd mic ,; , , OMNI ,[empty] , ,[empty]		
7	PT100	THERMISTOR	SETY0006301	NTC ,10000 ohm,SMD ,1005, 3350~3399k, J, R/T, PBFREE		
7	Q100	TR,BJT,NPN	EQBN0020501	ESM ,0.15 W,R/TP , ; ,NPN ,5V ,60V ,50V ,150mA ,0.1uA MAX ,10 MIN 700 MAX ,100mW ,ESM ,R/TP ,3P		
7	Q200	TR,FET,P-CHANNEL	EQFP0007601	ESM (EMT3) ,0.1 W,-30 V,-0.05 A,R/TP ,High Speed P-ch MOSFET, Pb-free		
7	Q300	TR,BJT,NPN	EQBN0020501	ESM ,0.15 W,R/TP , ; ,NPN ,5V ,60V ,50V ,150mA ,0.1uA MAX ,10 MIN 700 MAX ,100mW ,ESM ,R/TP ,3P		
7	R100	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R101	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000439	200 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R102	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000434	1 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R103	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000434	1 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R106	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000206	10 ohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R108	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R109	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000475	3900 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R110	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R111	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000499	5600 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R112	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R115	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R117	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R118	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R120	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000407	1000 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	R121	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000407	1000 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R122	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000405	10 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R123	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000254	4.7K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R125	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R126	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R127	RES,CHIP	ERHY0003301	100 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R128	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R129	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000443	2200 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R130	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000443	2200 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R131	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R132	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R133	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R134	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R206	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000240	20 ohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R207	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000240	20 ohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R208	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000529	1.5 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R209	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000443	2200 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R210	FILTER,BEAD,CHIP	SFBH0008105	1800 ohm,1005 ,Chip bead ,; ,1800ohm ,; ,[empty] ,R/TP		
7	R213	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000140	36K ohm,1/16W,F,1005,R/TP		
7	R214	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000407	1000 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R215	RES,CHIP	ERHY0003301	100 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R216	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000445	220 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R217	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000443	2200 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R219	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000451	27 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R220	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R221	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000451	27 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R222	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000434	1 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R223	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000434	1 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R224	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000443	2200 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R225	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	R226	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000486	47 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R227	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000486	47 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R228	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000486	47 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R229	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000486	47 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R230	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000486	47 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R231	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R232	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000295	51 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R233	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000488	4.7 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R234	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000206	10 ohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R235	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R236	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R237	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000278	3900 ohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R238	RES,CHIP	ERHY0003601	2700 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R239	RES,CHIP	ERHY0003601	2700 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R240	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R241	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R244	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000407	1000 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R245	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000402	10 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R246	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R247	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R248	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R300	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000213	120 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R301	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R302	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R303	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R304	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R305	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R306	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R307	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R308	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R309	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	R310	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R311	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R312	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R317	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R318	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R319	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000465	3300 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R320	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000465	3300 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R321	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R322	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R323	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R324	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R325	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R326	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R327	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R328	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R329	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R330	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R331	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R332	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R333	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R334	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000484	470 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R335	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000485	4700 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R336	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R337	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R338	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R339	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R340	RES,CHIP	ERHY00003301	100 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R341	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R342	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R343	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R344	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000423	150 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R345	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000204	100 Kohm,1/16W ,F ,1005 ,R/TP		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	R348	RES,CHIP	ERHY0003301	100 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R349	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R350	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000531	270 ohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R401	RES,CHIP	ERHY0000241	1K ohm,1/16W,J,1005,R/TP		
7	R410	PCB ASSY,MAIN,PAD SHORT	SAFP0000501			
7	R411	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000422	15 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	R418	RES,CHIP,MAKER	ERHZ0000406	100 Kohm,1/16W ,J ,1005 ,R/TP		
7	S200	CONN,SOCKET	ENSY0023802	9 ,ETC , ,0.95 mm,14.05x13.3x1.65t, Changed Metal shell		
7	SW400	CONN,RF SWITCH	ENWY0007601	,SMD , dB, , ,0.40MM ,STRAIGHT ,SOCKET ,SMD ,R/TP ,AU , ,		
7	U100	IC	EUSY0368502	BGA ,56 ,R/TP ,512M NOR + 128M pSRAM 1.8V AD_AAD MUX, 8 by 8 ,56 ,R/TP , , ,IC,MCP		
7	U101	IC	EUSY0421201	BGA ,210 ,R/TP ,EDGE Rx,ARM11 208MHz,FMR,2.0Mp,QVGA Display , , ,IC,Digital Baseband Processor		
7	U102	IC	EUSY0407701	SC-70 ,5 ,R/TP ,Comparator , , ,IC,TTL		
7	U200	IC	EUSY0403901	WLCSP ,20 ,R/TP ,Mono Audio Subsystem , , ,IC,Audio Sub System		
7	U201	IC	EUSY0407701	SC-70 ,5 ,R/TP ,Comparator , , ,IC,TTL		
7	U202	IC	EUSY0406901	WLCSP ,20 ,R/TP ,MUIC-Basic, 2X2.5 , , ,IC,Analog Switch		
7	U204	IC	EUSY0410801	DFN ,10 ,R/TP ,DFN Cal Test Mode Single Charger IC for Micro USB , , ,IC,Charger		
7	U300	IC	EUSY0300008	QFN ,28 ,R/TP ,64key , , ,IC,Bus Controller		
7	U301	IC	EUSY0344402	QFN ,20 ,R/TP ,4CH,2LDO,3X3 , , ,IC,Sub PMIC		
7	U302	IC	EUSY0369401	PLP1010 ,4 ,R/TP ,150mA LDO , , ,IC,LDO Voltage Regulator		
7	U400	RF MODULE,HANDSET	SMRH0005601	MHz, MHz,GSM Quad Tx Module 6x8 ,		
7	U401	IC	EUSY0382201	FPBGA ,50 ,R/TP ,4.5x4.0x0.6, BT2.1, 0.5pitch , , ,IC,Bluetooth		
7	VA100	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA200	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA201	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA202	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA203	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA204	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V , ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	VA205	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA206	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA207	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA208	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA209	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA210	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA314	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA315	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA316	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA317	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	VA318	VARISTOR	SEVY0004301	18 V ,SMD ,10pF, 1005		
7	X100	X-TAL	EXXY0027001	26 MHz,7 PPM,8 pF,40 ohm,SMD ,3.2*2.5*0.75 ,26MHz IFX ULC2 Ref. Clock, Pb-Free , ,26MHz ,[empty] ,3.6fF-Motion ,1.0pF-Shunt , ,SMD ,R/TP		
7	X101	X-TAL	EXXY0004602	.032768 MHz,20 PPM,12.5 pF,65000 ohm,SMD ,6.9*1.4*1.3 ,		
7	ZD100	DIODE,TVS	EDTY0010101	SOD-923 ,5 V,300 mW,R/TP ,15pF , , ,5.8V(MIN) ,12.5V(1A) ,40A ,300mW ,[empty] ,[empty] ,2P ,2		
7	ZD200	DIODE,TVS	EDTY0010101	SOD-923 ,5 V,300 mW,R/TP ,15pF , , ,5.8V(MIN) ,12.5V(1A) ,40A ,300mW ,[empty] ,[empty] ,2P ,2		
7	ZD300	DIODE,TVS	EDTY0010101	SOD-923 ,5 V,300 mW,R/TP ,15pF , , ,5.8V(MIN) ,12.5V(1A) ,40A ,300mW ,[empty] ,[empty] ,2P ,2		
7	ZD301	DIODE,TVS	EDTY0010101	SOD-923 ,5 V,300 mW,R/TP ,15pF , , ,5.8V(MIN) ,12.5V(1A) ,40A ,300mW ,[empty] ,[empty] ,2P ,2		
7	ZD302	DIODE,TVS	EDTY0010101	SOD-923 ,5 V,300 mW,R/TP ,15pF , , ,5.8V(MIN) ,12.5V(1A) ,40A ,300mW ,[empty] ,[empty] ,2P ,2		
6	SAFD00	PCB ASSY,MAIN,SMT TOP	SAFD0153601			
7	LD300	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD301	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD302	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD303	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD304	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD305	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD306	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD307	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD308	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
7	LD309	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD310	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD311	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD312	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	LD313	DIODE,LED,CHIP	EDLH0011901	WHITE ,1608 ,R/TP ,PB-FREE(ZENER)		
7	SPFY00	PCB,MAIN	SPFY0237601	FR-4 ,1 mm,BUILD-UP 6 ,C100 MAIN ,; , , , , , , , , , ,		
3	SMZY00	MODULE,ETC	SMZY0017801	1GB / MICROSD / MLC 1 DIE ,; ,Module Assembly		
3		MODULE,ETC	SMZY0017701	1GB / MICROSD / SSE MLC 1 DIE ,; ,Module Assembly		
3		MODULE,ETC	SMZY0018301	1GB / MICROSD / HYN MLC 1 DIE / EAN30221132 ,; ,Module Assembly		
3		MODULE,ETC	SMZY0027201	MicroSD Card / 1GB (MLC NAND 8Gbx1) ,; ,Module Assembly		

13. EXPLODED VIEW & REPLACEMENT PART LIST

13.3 Accessory

Note: This Chapter is used for reference, Part order is ordered by SBOM standard on GCSC

Level	Location No.	Description	Part Number	Spec	Color	Remark
3	SBPL00	BATTERY PACK,LI-ION	SBPL0091401	3.7 V,950 mAh,1 CELL,PRISMATIC ,KU250 BATT, Europe, Pb-Free ,; ,3.7V ,950mAh ,0.2C ,PRISMATIC ,50x34x55 , ,BLACK ,Innerpack ,Europe Label	BLACK	
3	SGDY00	DATA CABLE	SGDY0018001	; ,[empty] ,[empty] ,0.8M ,5 ,BLACK , ,[empty]		
3	SGEY00	EAR PHONE/EAR MIKE SET	SGEY0003219	; , , , , , , , ,[empty] ,BLACK ,4 POLE PLUG ,3.5 4 ,Earphone,Stereo		
3	SSAD00	ADAPTOR,AC-DC	SSAD0034901	100-240V ,5060 Hz,4.8 V,0.4 A,GOST ,AC-DC ADAPTOR ,; ,90Vac~264Vac ,4.8Vdc ,400mA ,5060 ,CB ,WALL 2P ,USB ,		
3		ADAPTOR,AC-DC	SSAD0034902	100-240V ,5060 Hz,4.8 V, ,4 A,GOST ,AC-DC ADAPTOR ,; ,150Vac~350Vac ,4.8Vdc ,400mA ,5060 ,CB ,WALL 2P ,USB ,		